



Structure determination of genomes and genomic domains.

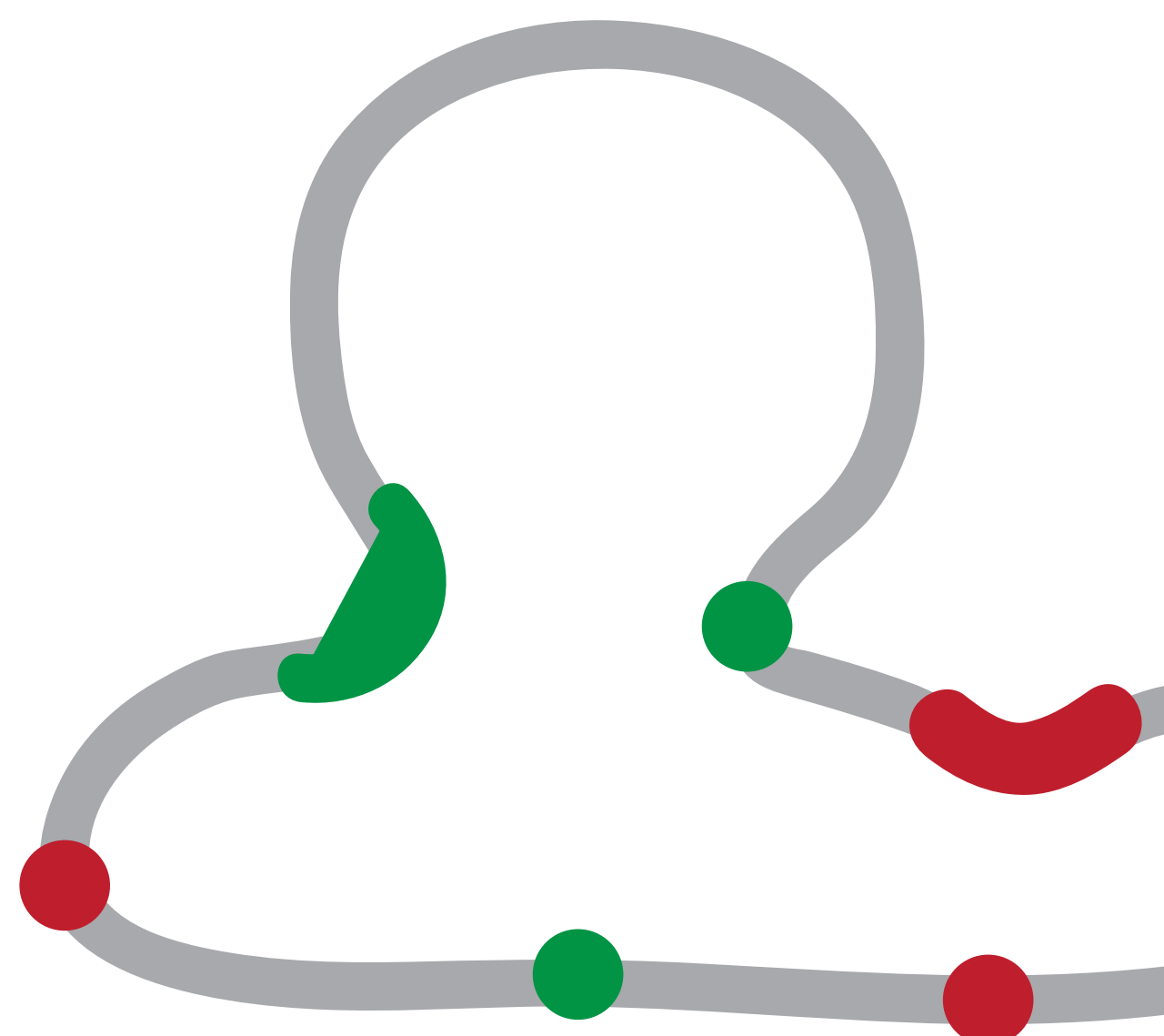
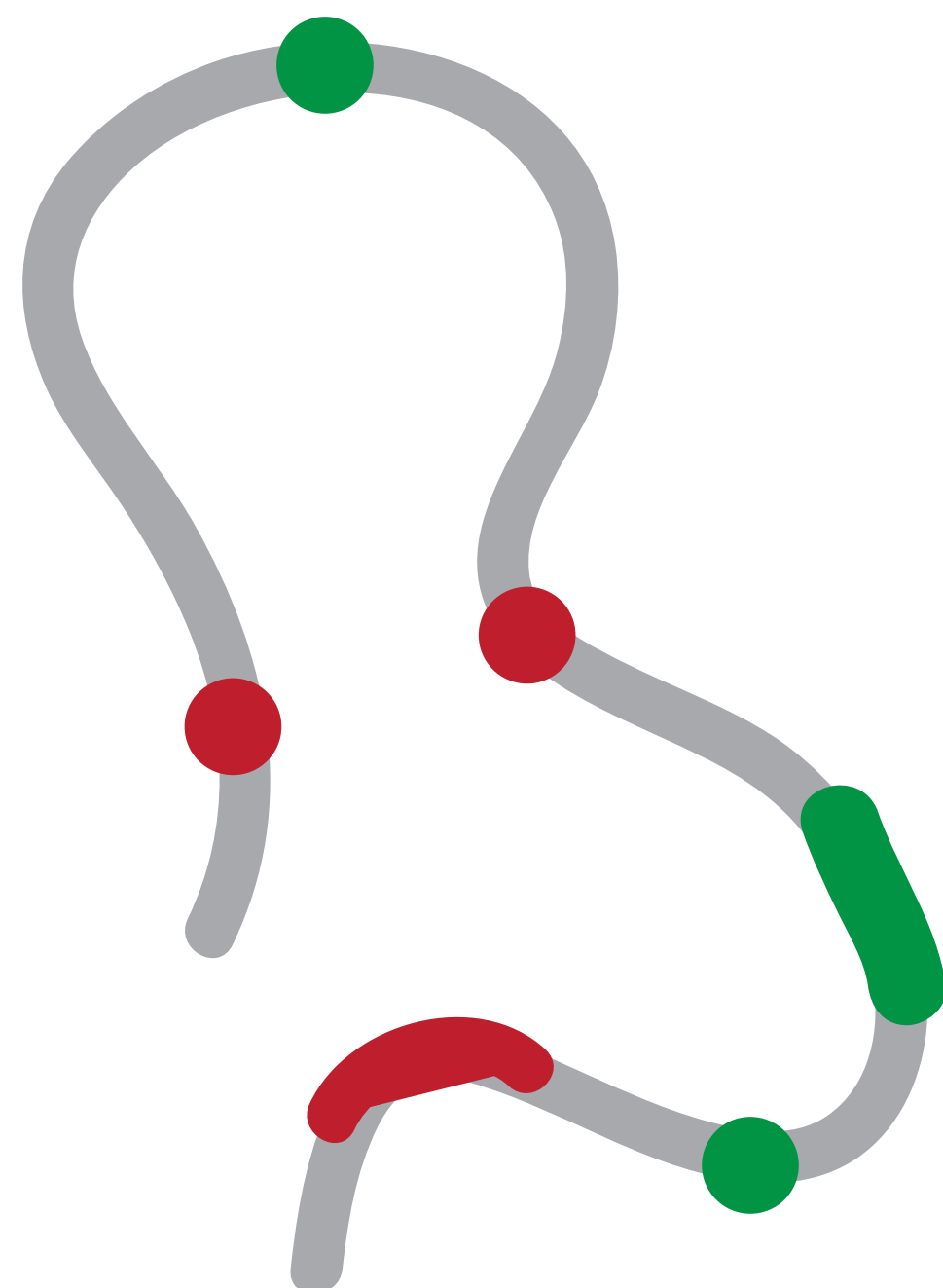
Marc A. Marti-Renom

CNAG-CRG · ICREA

<http://marciuslab.org>
<http://3DGenomes.org>
<http://cnag.crg.eu>

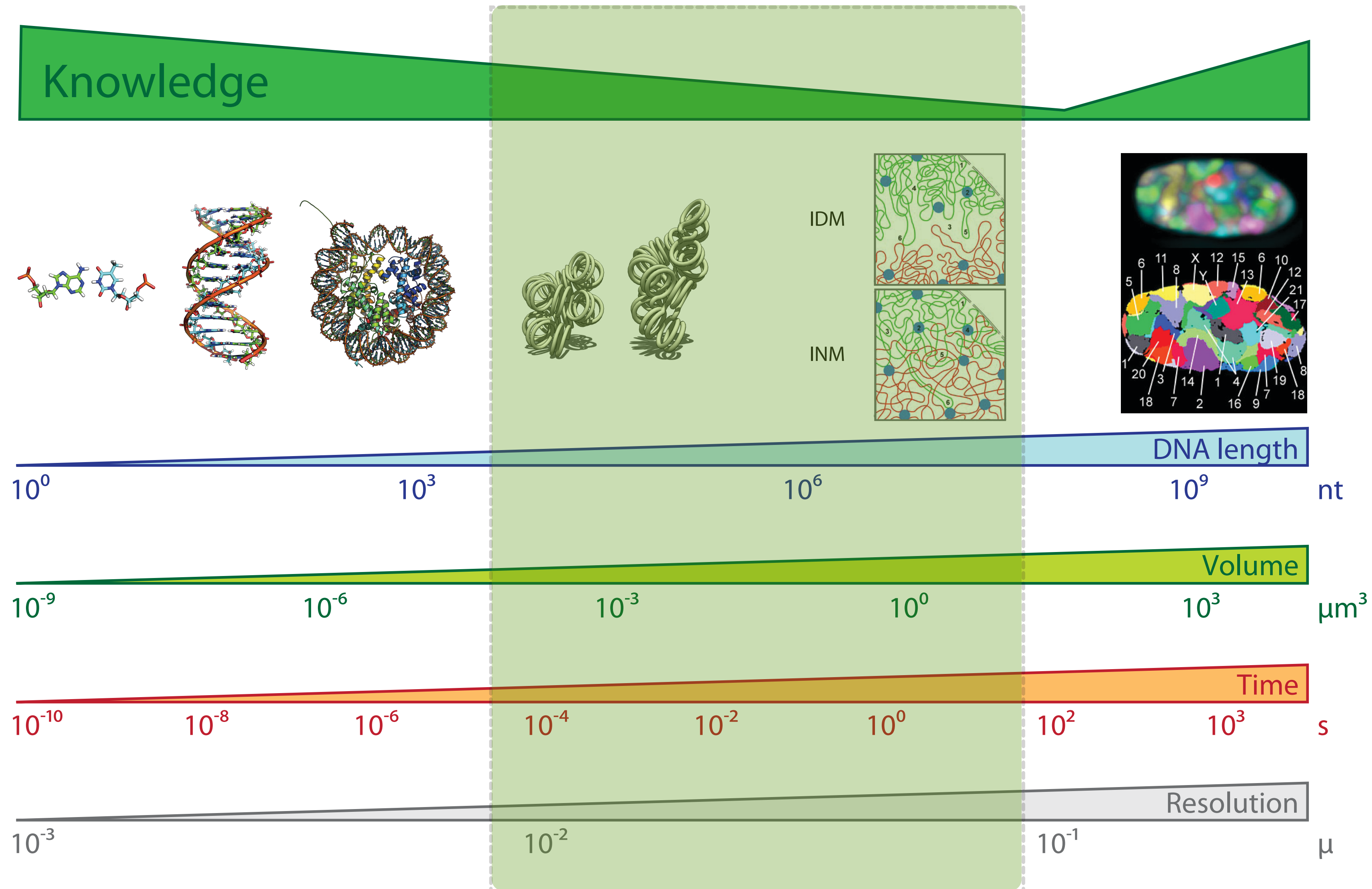
cnag CRG[®] ICREA

HUMAN “The Movie” by Yann Arthus-Bertrand



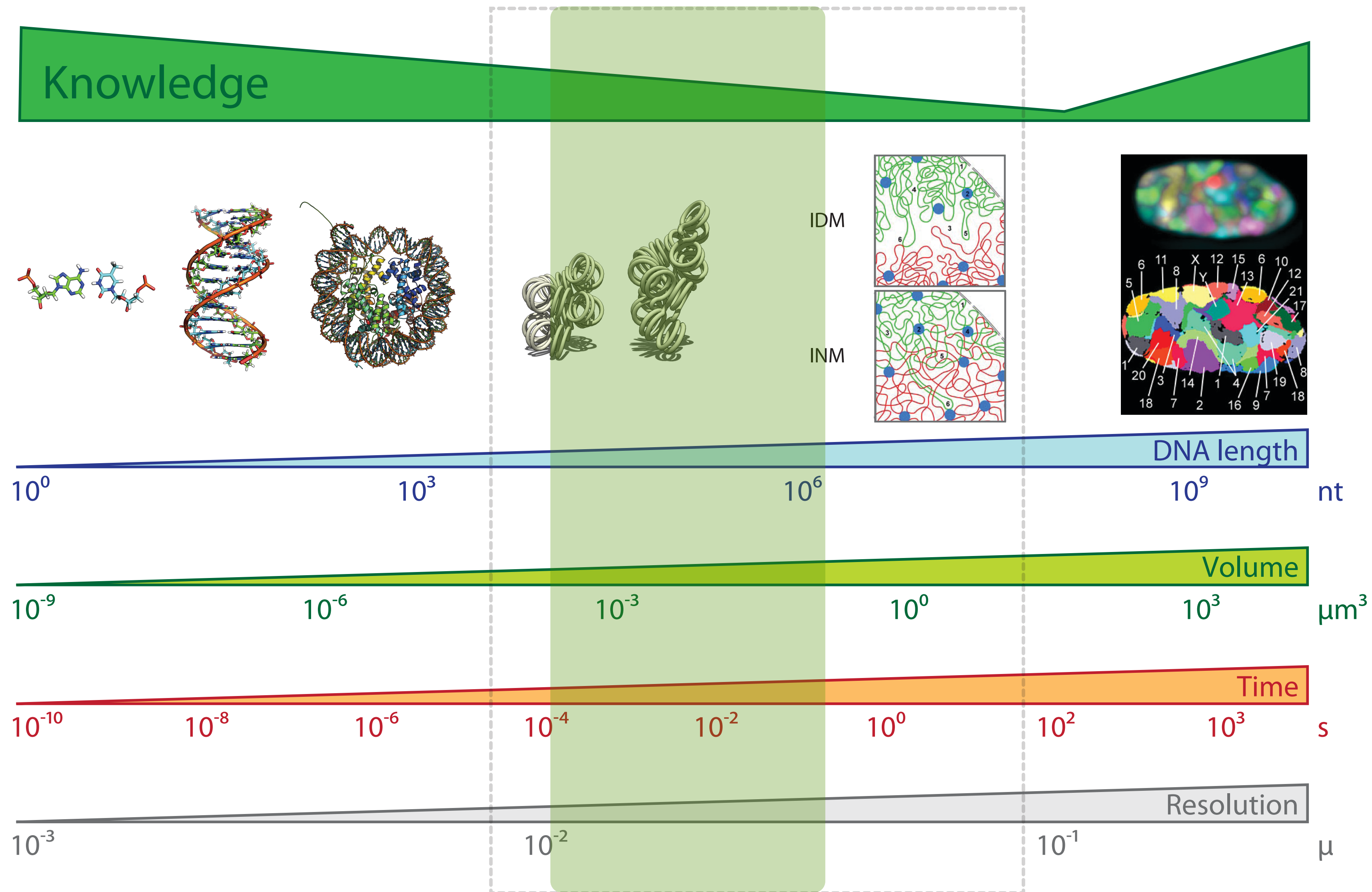
Resolution Gap

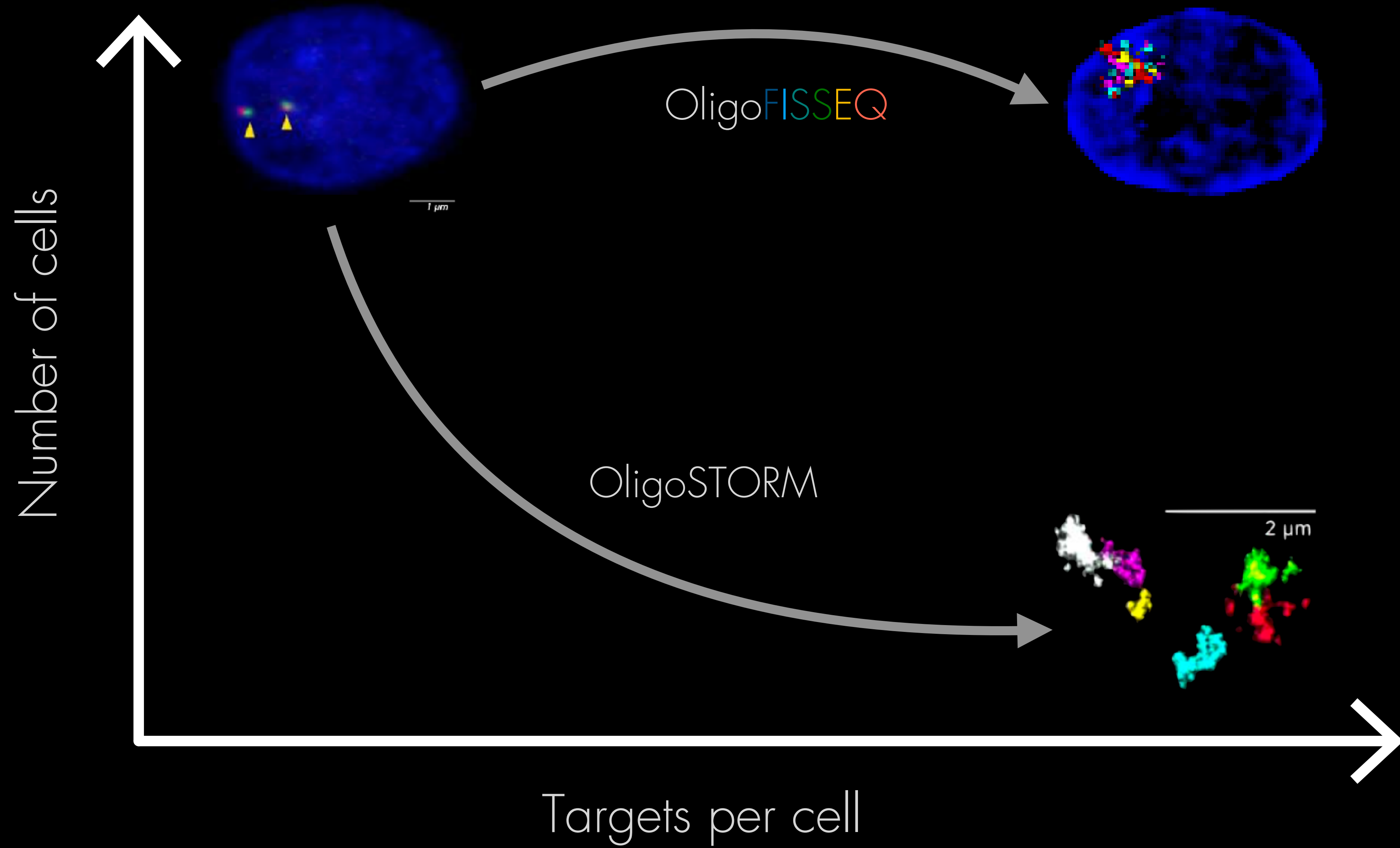
Marti-Renom, M. A. & Mirny, L. A. PLoS Comput Biol 7, e1002125 (2011)



Resolution Gap

Marti-Renom, M. A. & Mirny, L. A. PLoS Comput Biol 7, e1002125 (2011)







Chromosome walking with super-resolution imaging and modeling



Guy Nir

Irene Farabella

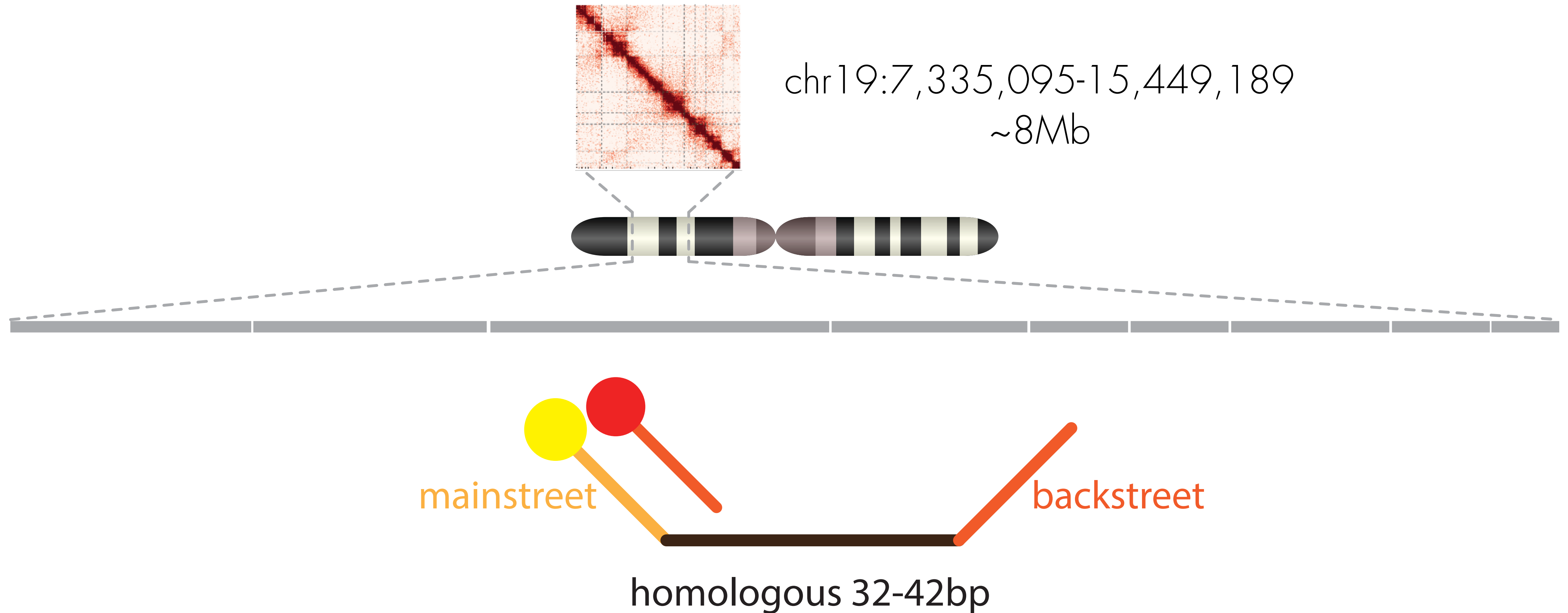
Cynthia Perez-Estrada

with Wu Lab (HMS, Boston) & Aiden Lab (UT, Texas)

PLOS Genetics (2018) 14(12) e1007872

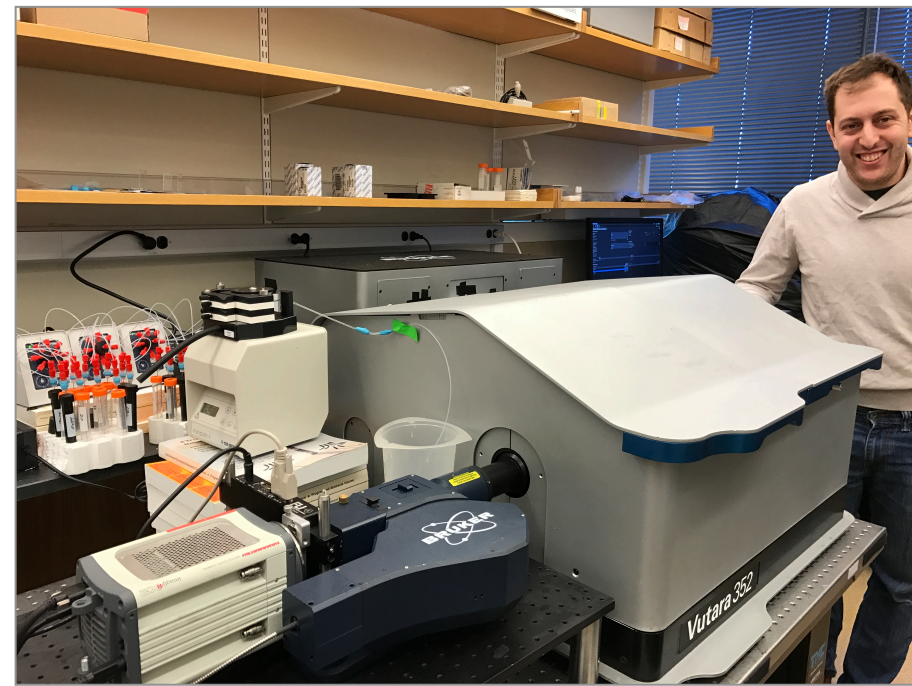
High-resolution imaging

Tracing chromosomes with OligoSTORM & fluidics cycles in PGP1 cells



High-resolution imaging

Tracing chromosomes with OligoSTORM & fluidics cycles in PGP1 cells



Guy Nir Harvard Med School

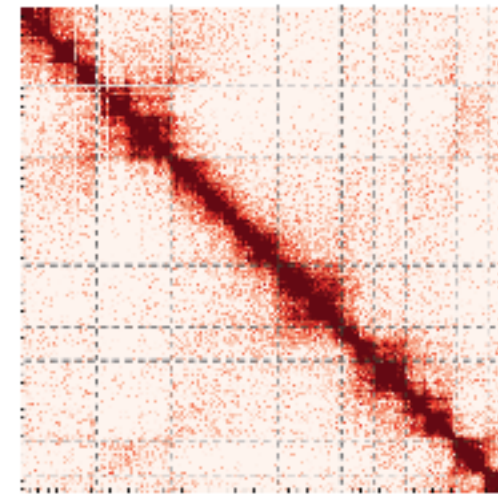
Bodgan Bintu Harvard

Carl Ebeling Bruker

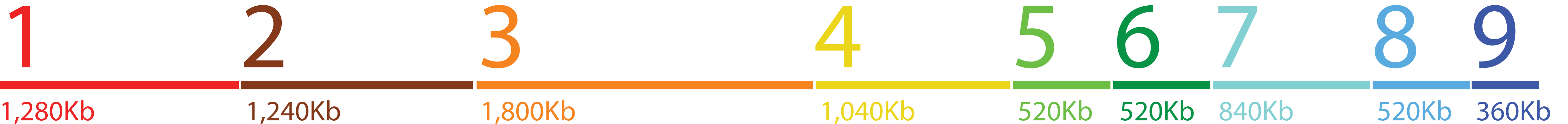
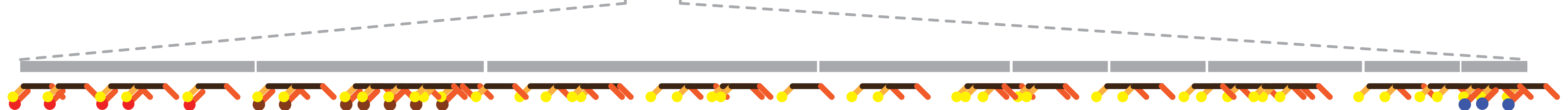
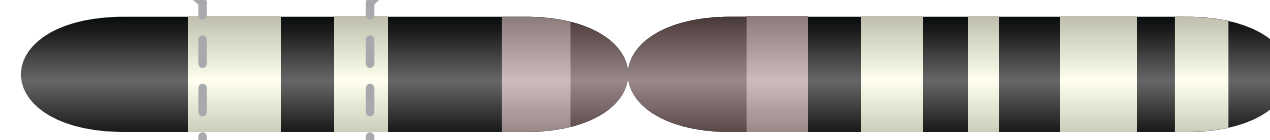
Jeff Stuckey Bruker

John Schreiner Zero Epsilon

Steve Callahan Zero Epsilon

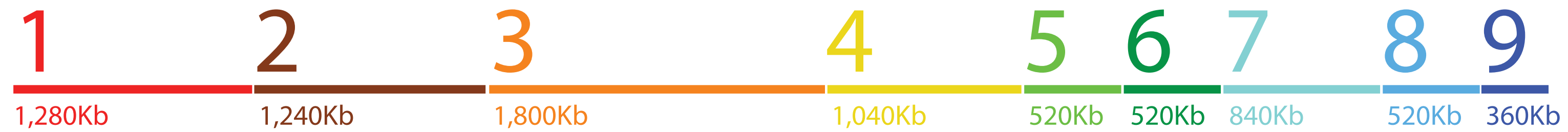


chr19:7,335,095-15,449,189
~8Mb



High-resolution imaging

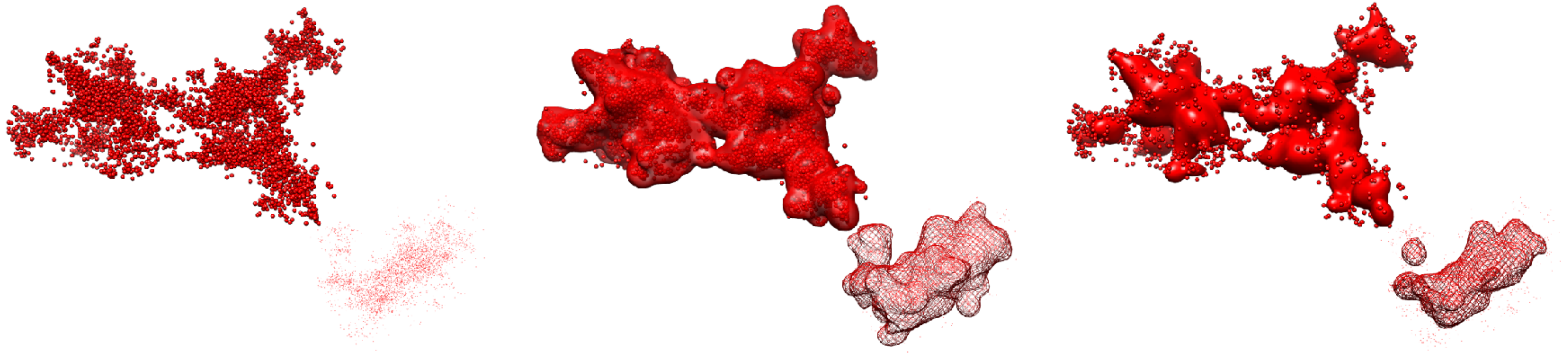
Tracing chr19:7,335,095-15,449,189 ~8Mb



High-resolution imaging

XYZ points convolution into a density map

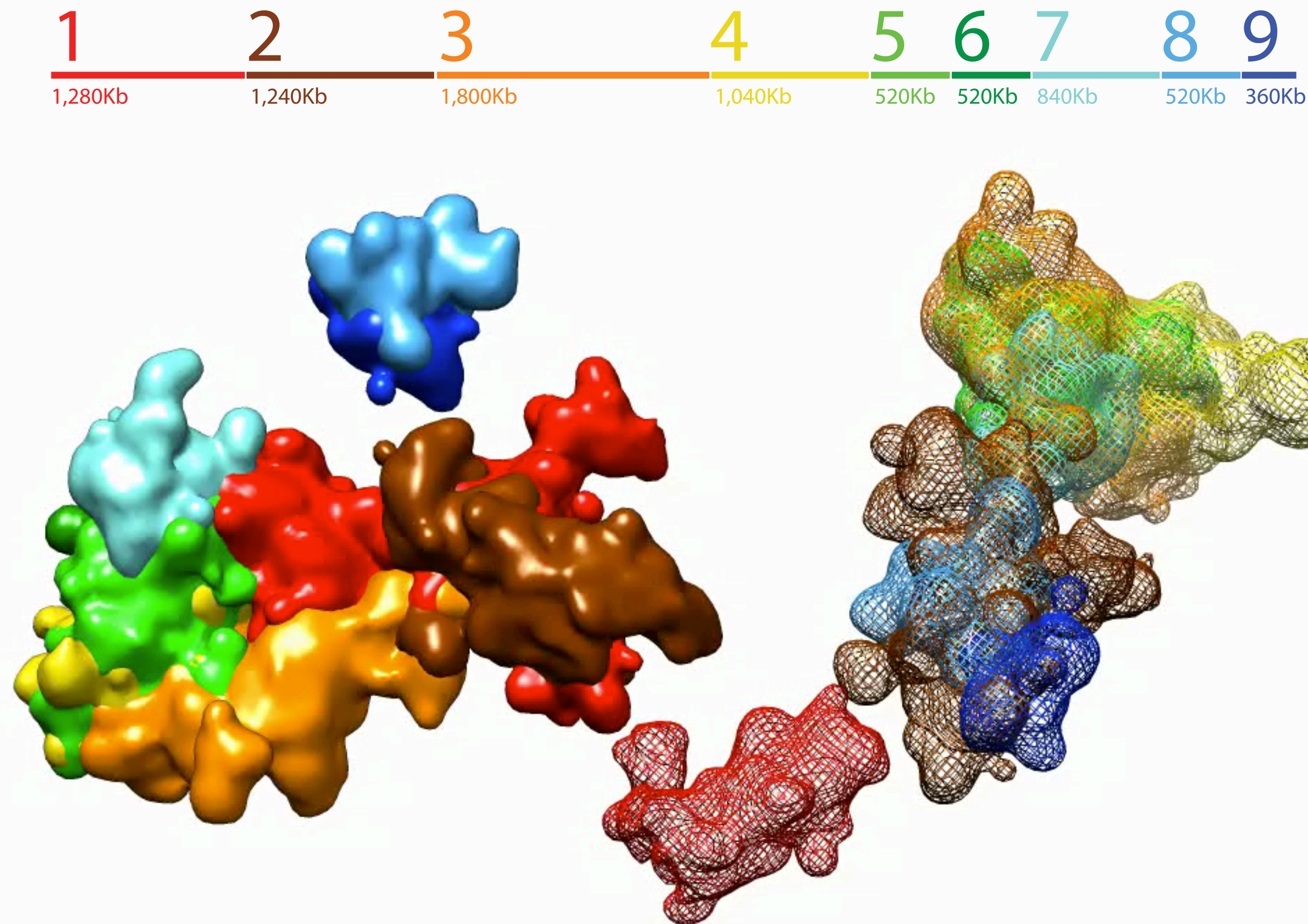
$$\rho(x, y, z) = \sum_N \frac{Z_N}{(\sigma\sqrt{2\pi})^3} e^{-\frac{(x-x_n)^2 + (y-y_n)^2 + (z-z_n)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$



Cell-02 · Segment 1

Density maps

Cell-02 · Density map @ 50nm



Area (nm²)

Volume (nm³)

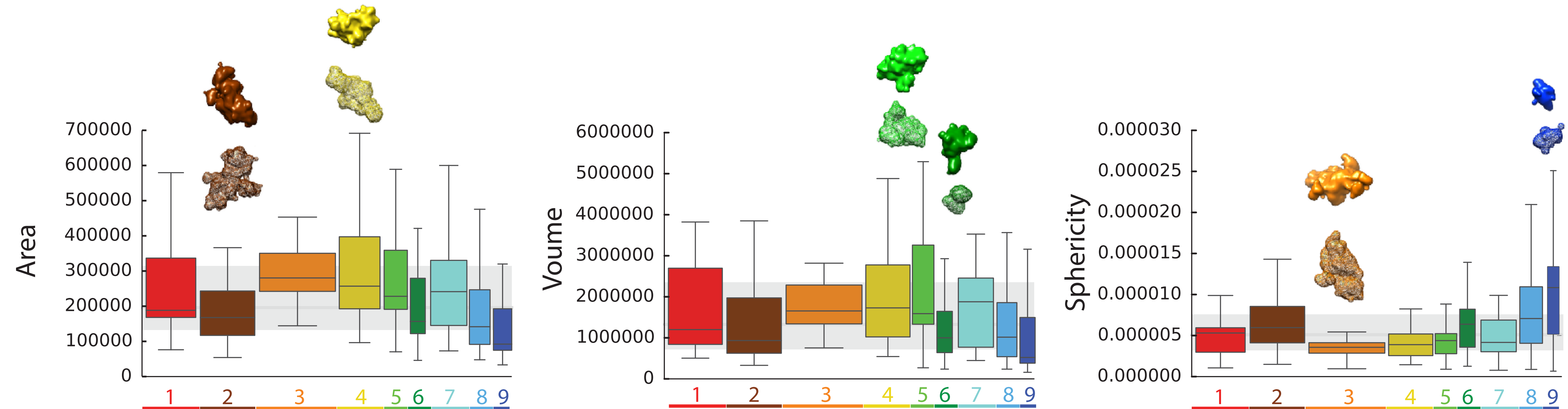
Sphericity

Overlap (%)

Distance (nm)

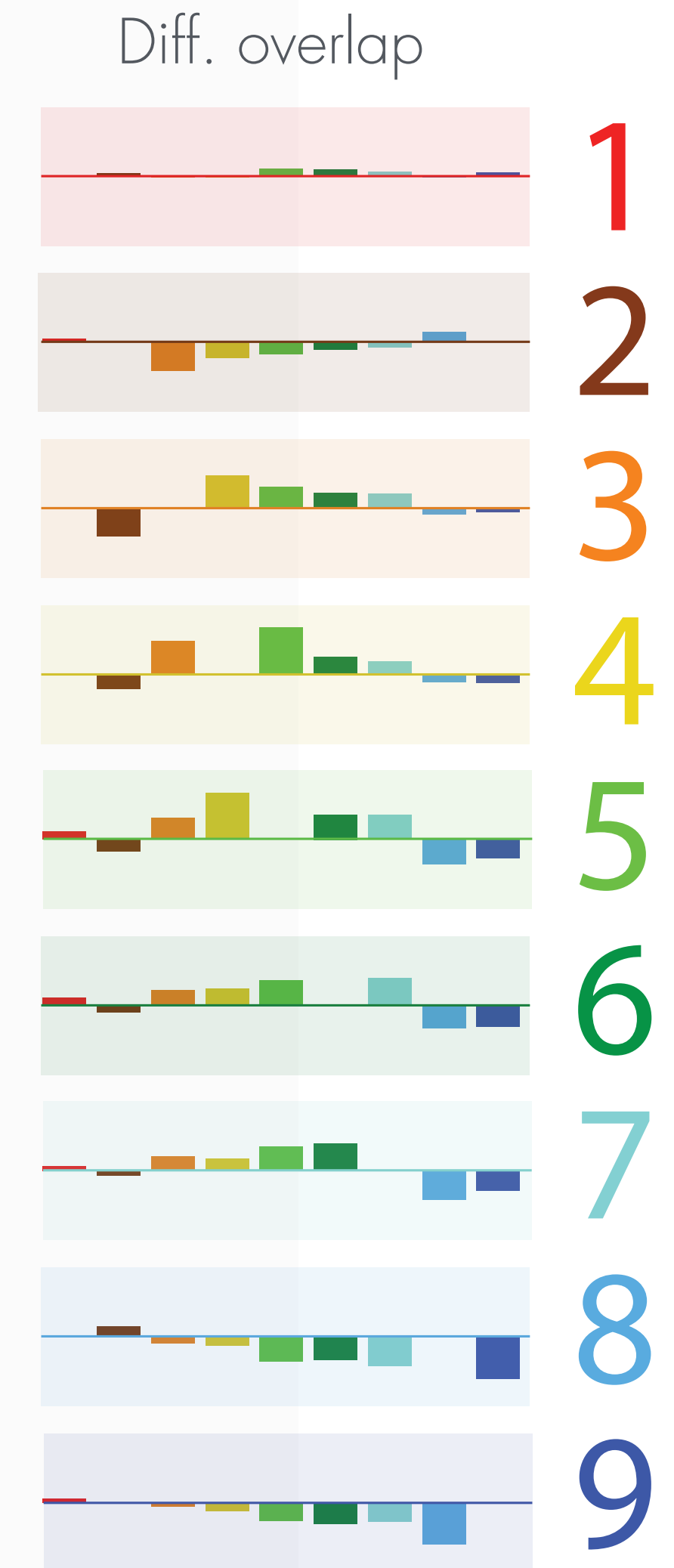
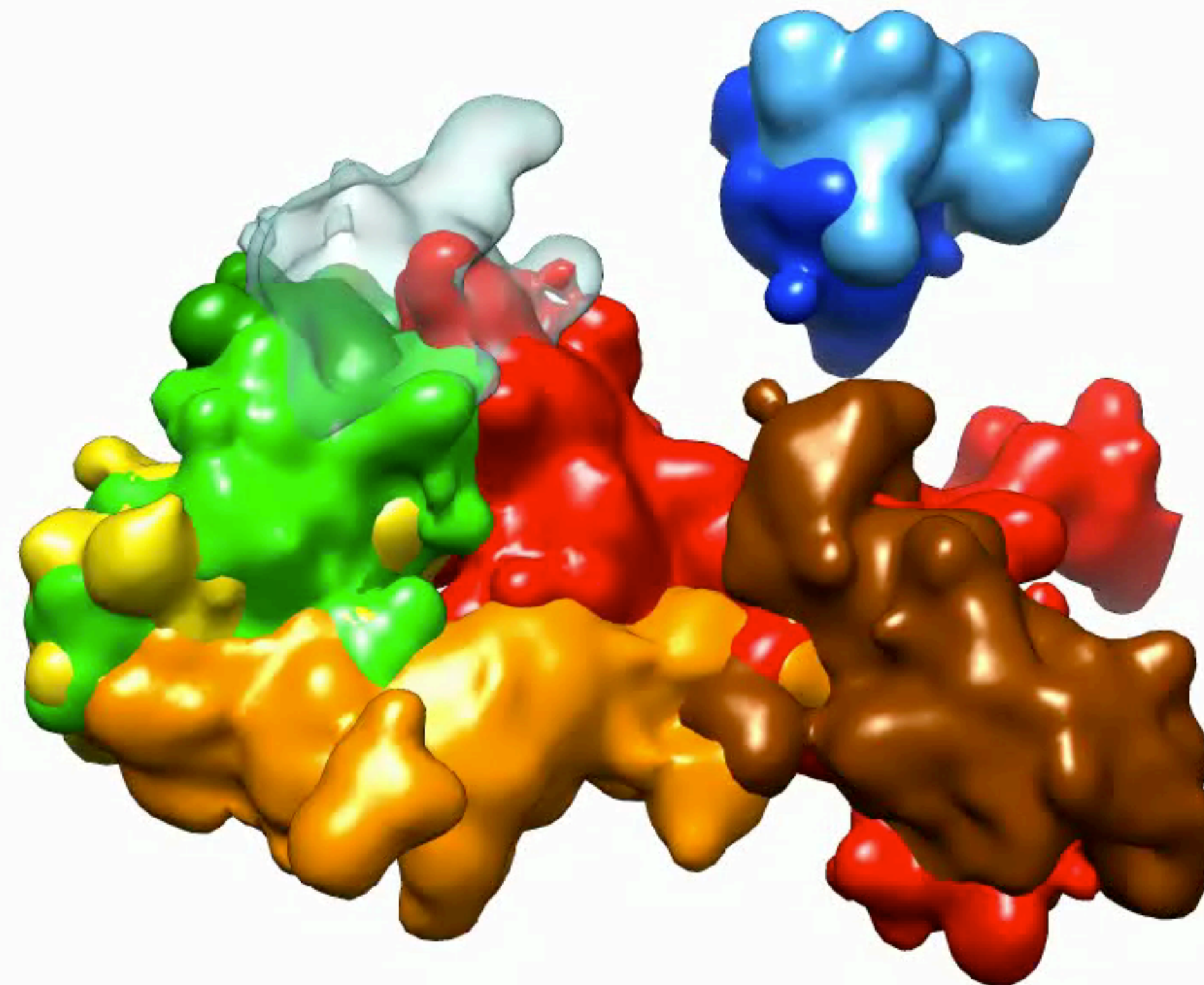
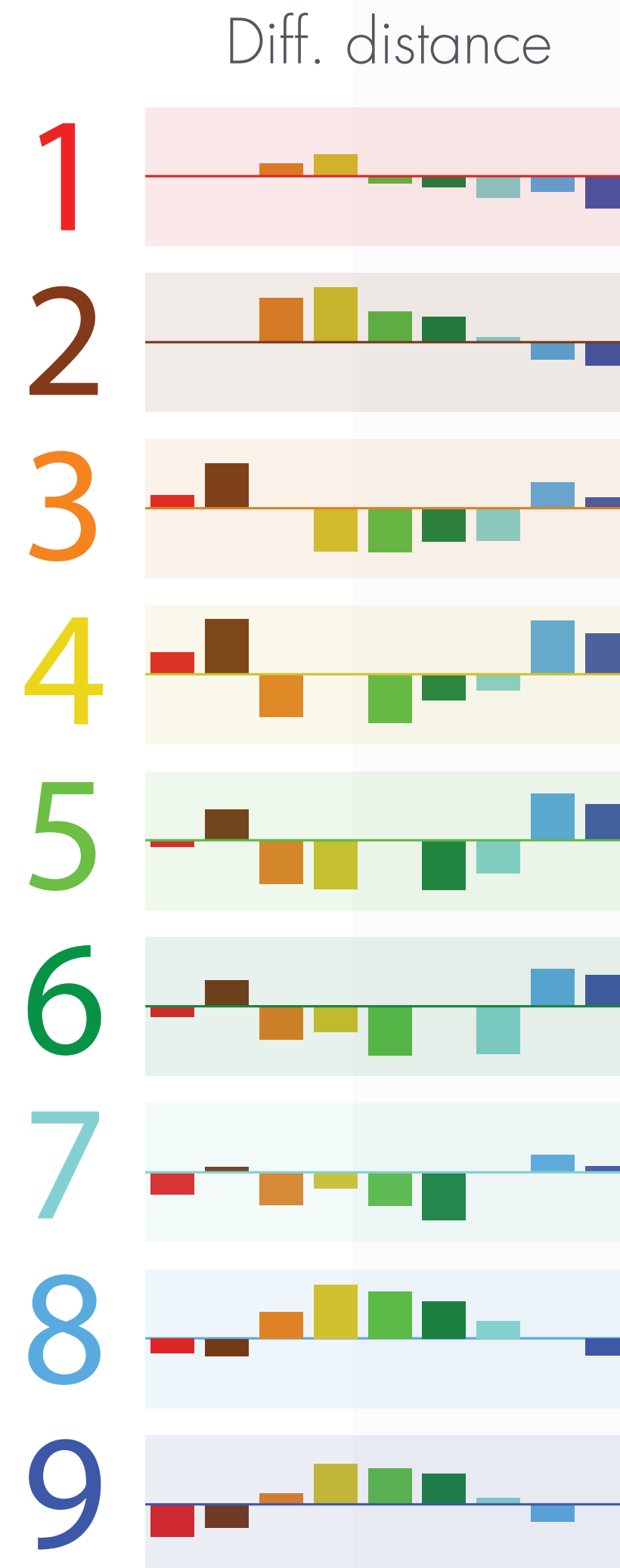
Structural features

Area, Volume and Sphericity of 19 cells each with 2 homologous resolved



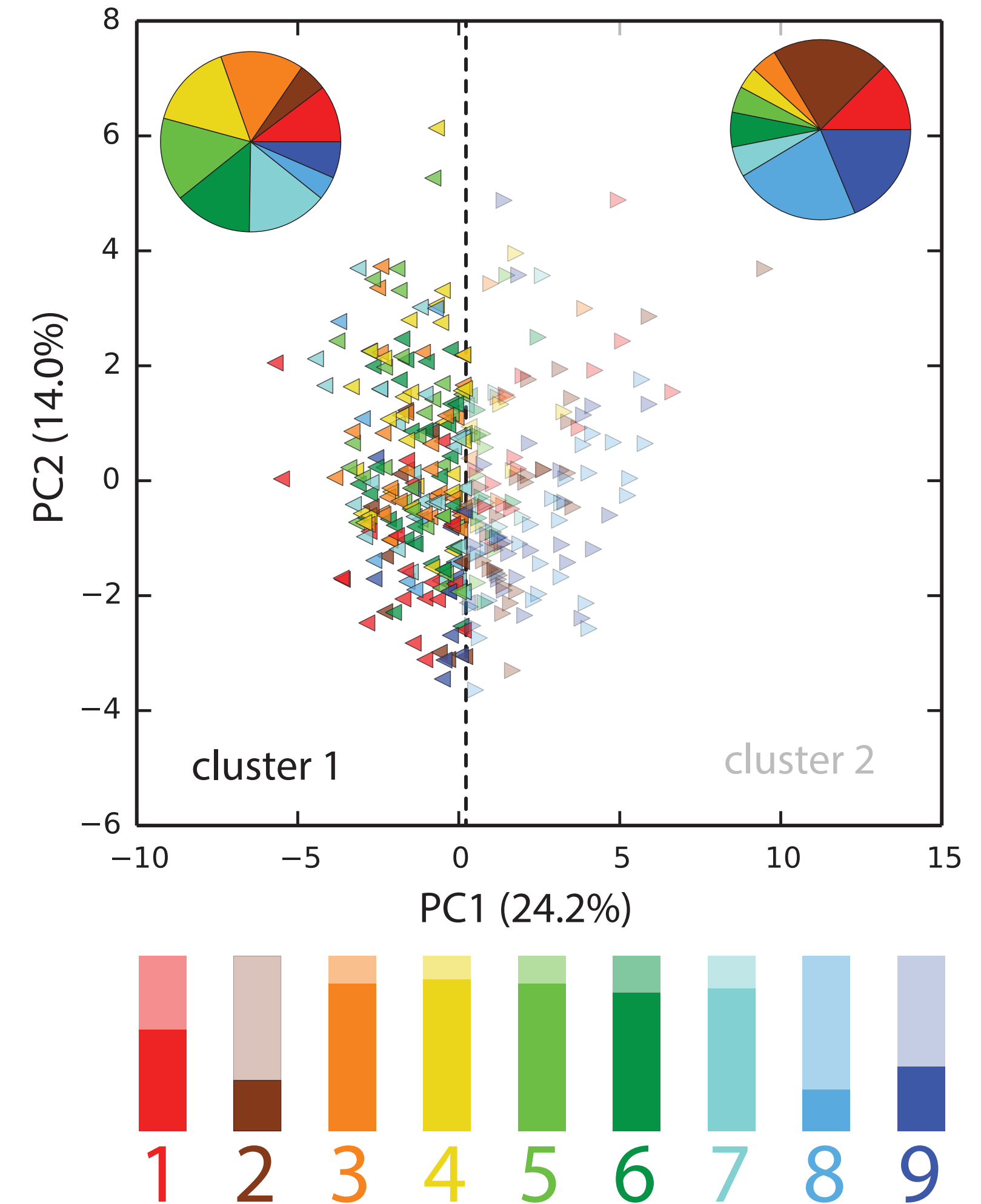
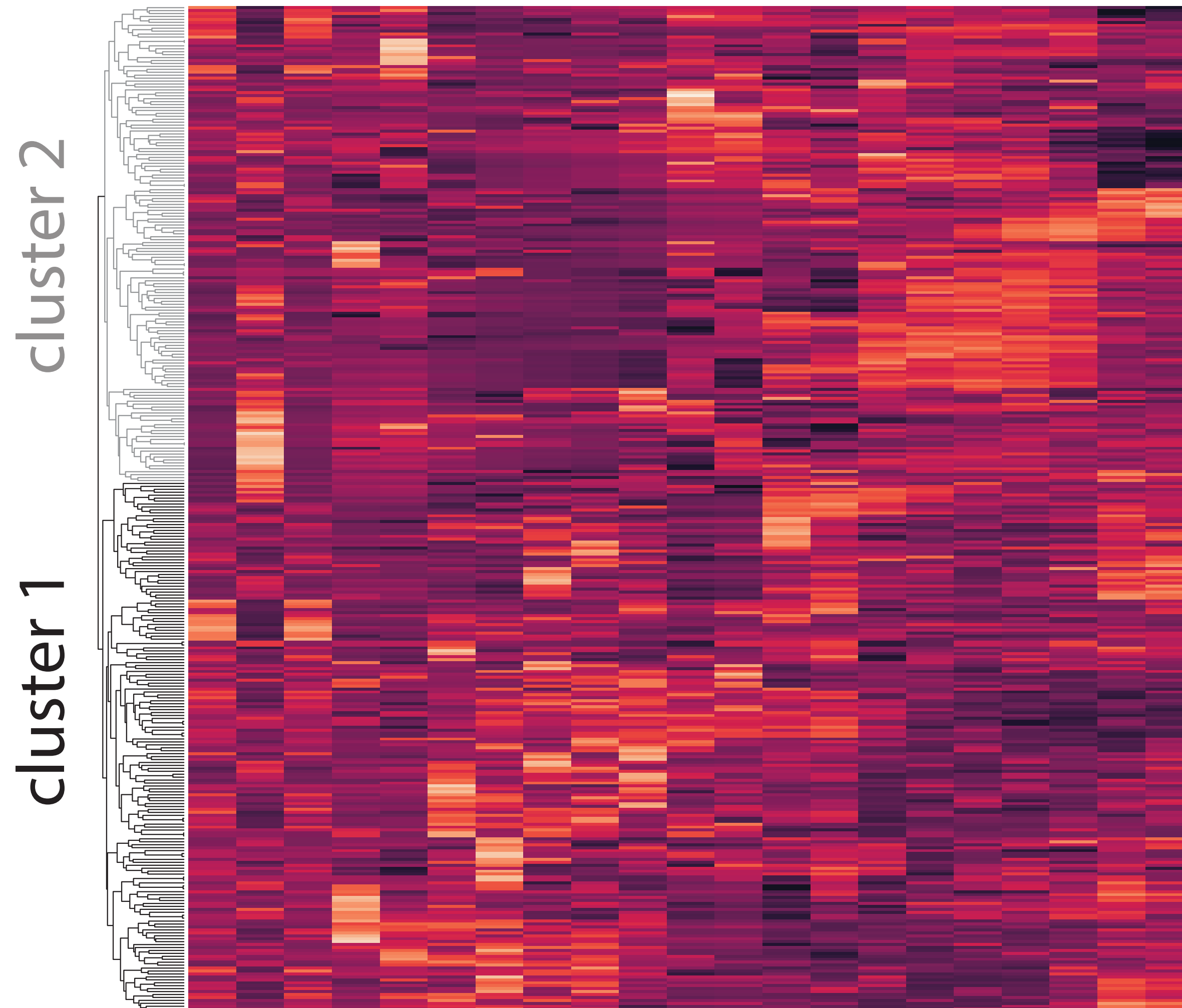
Spatial arrangement

Distance and overlap of 19 cells each with 2 homologous resolved



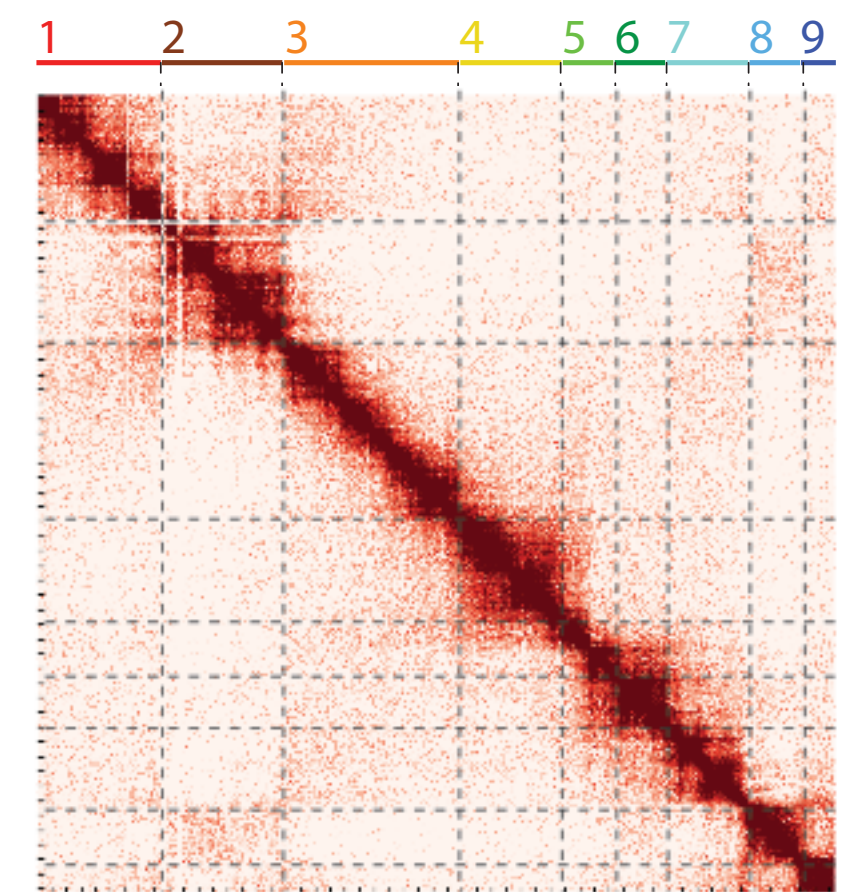
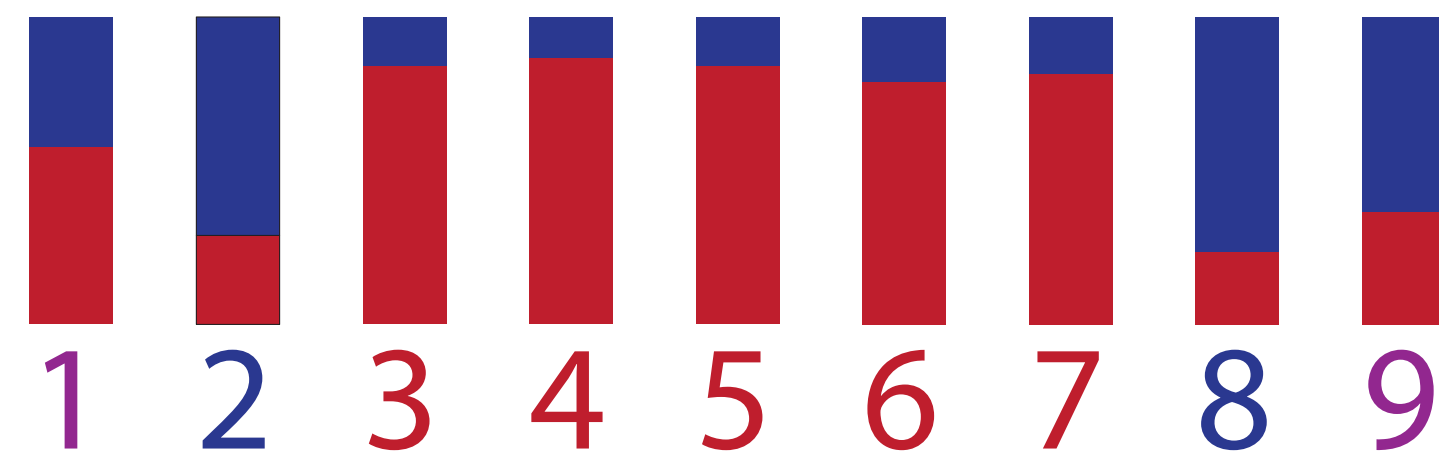
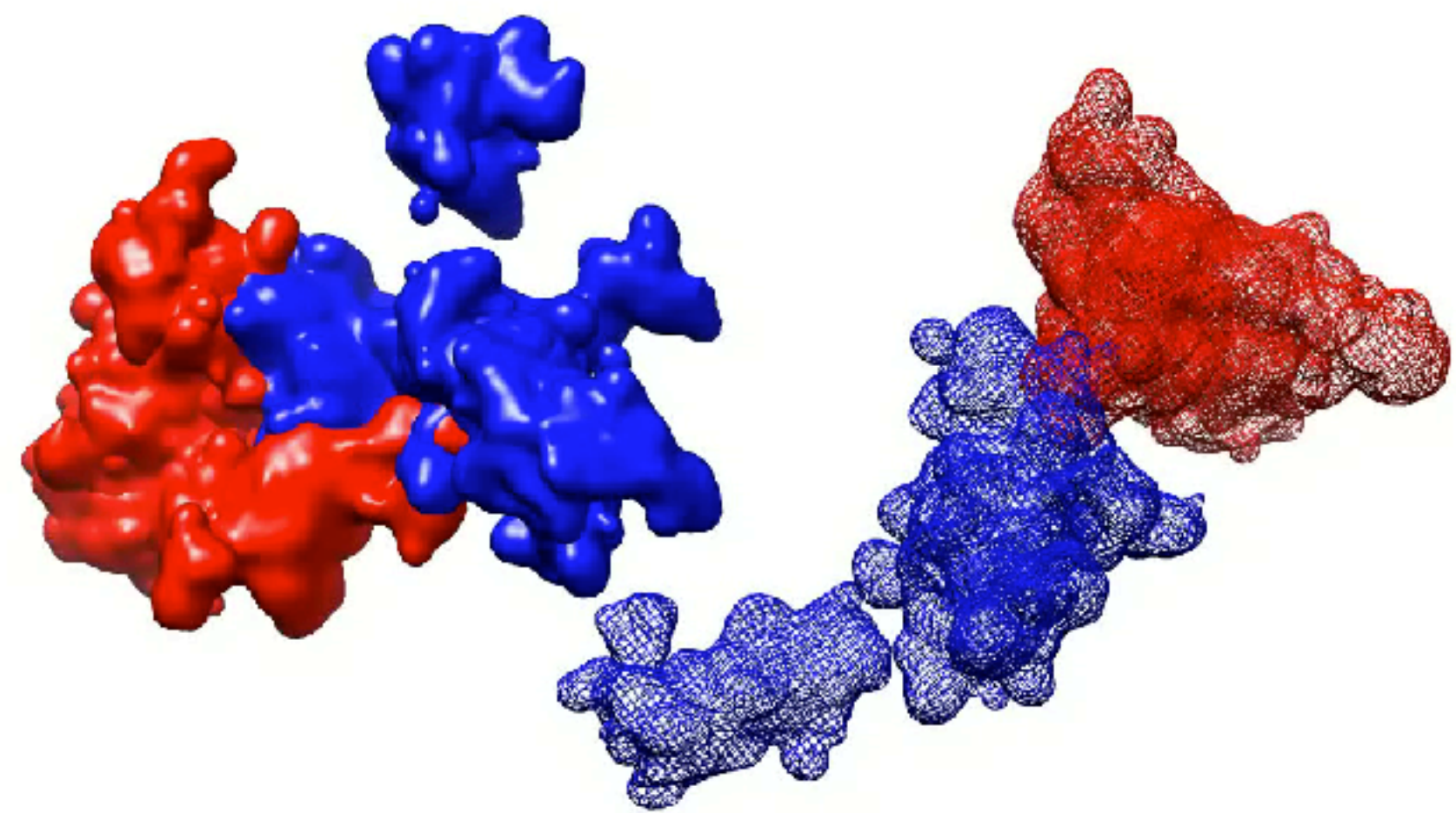
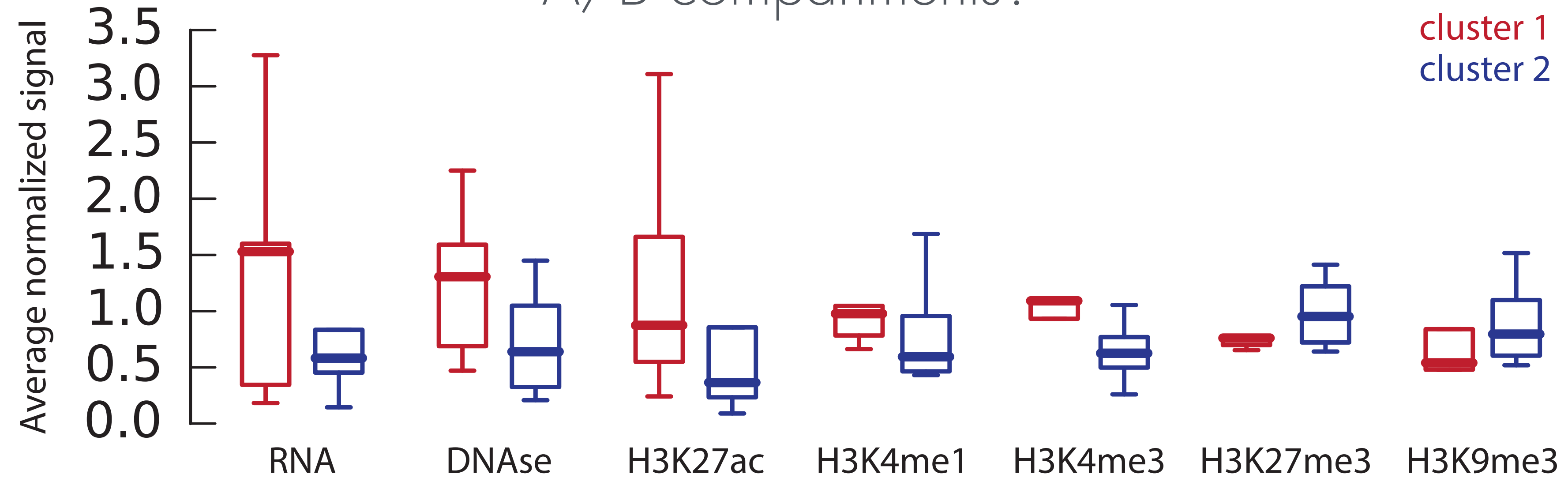
Structural clustering

19 cells each with 2 homologous and 9 segments each (342)



Cluster properties

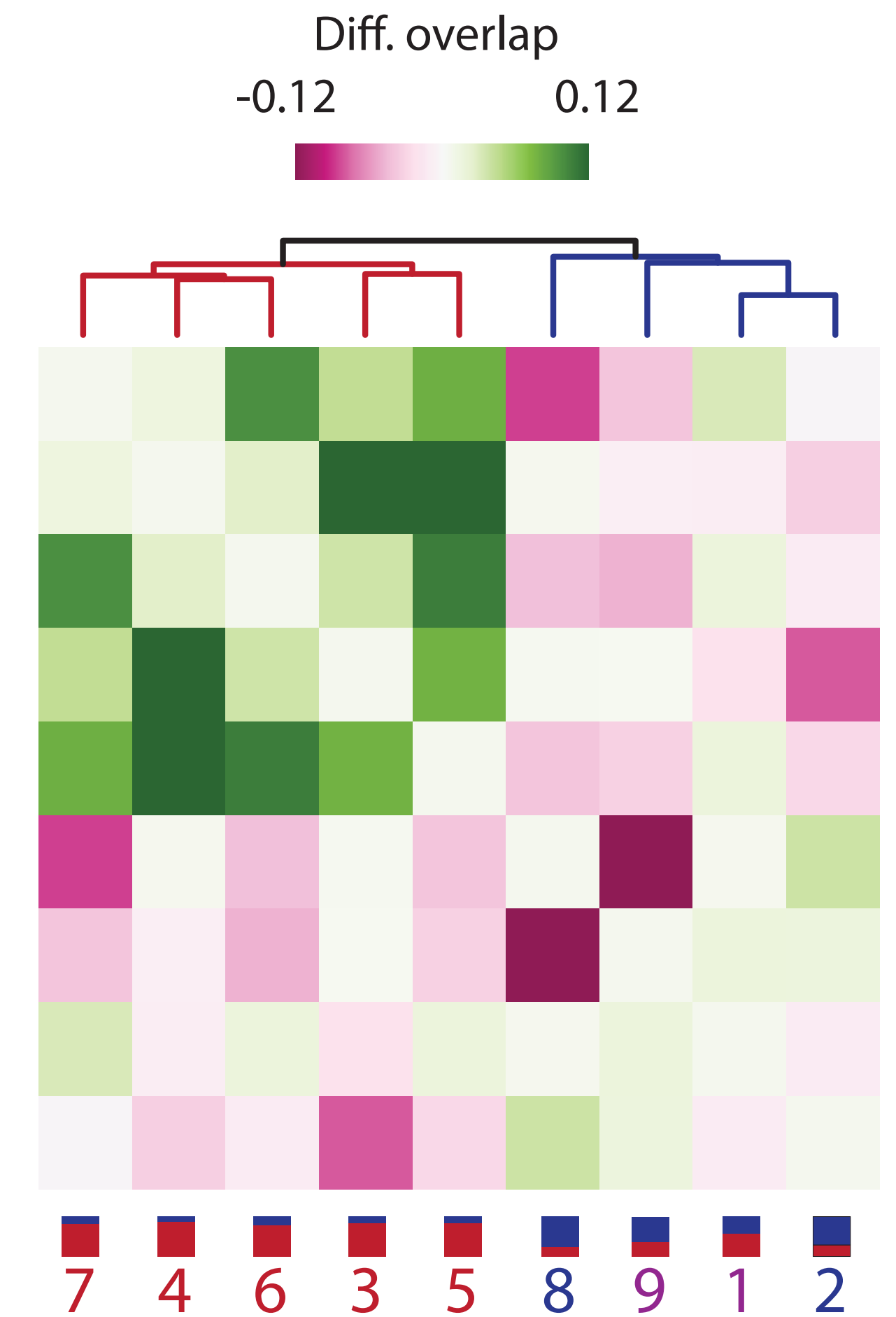
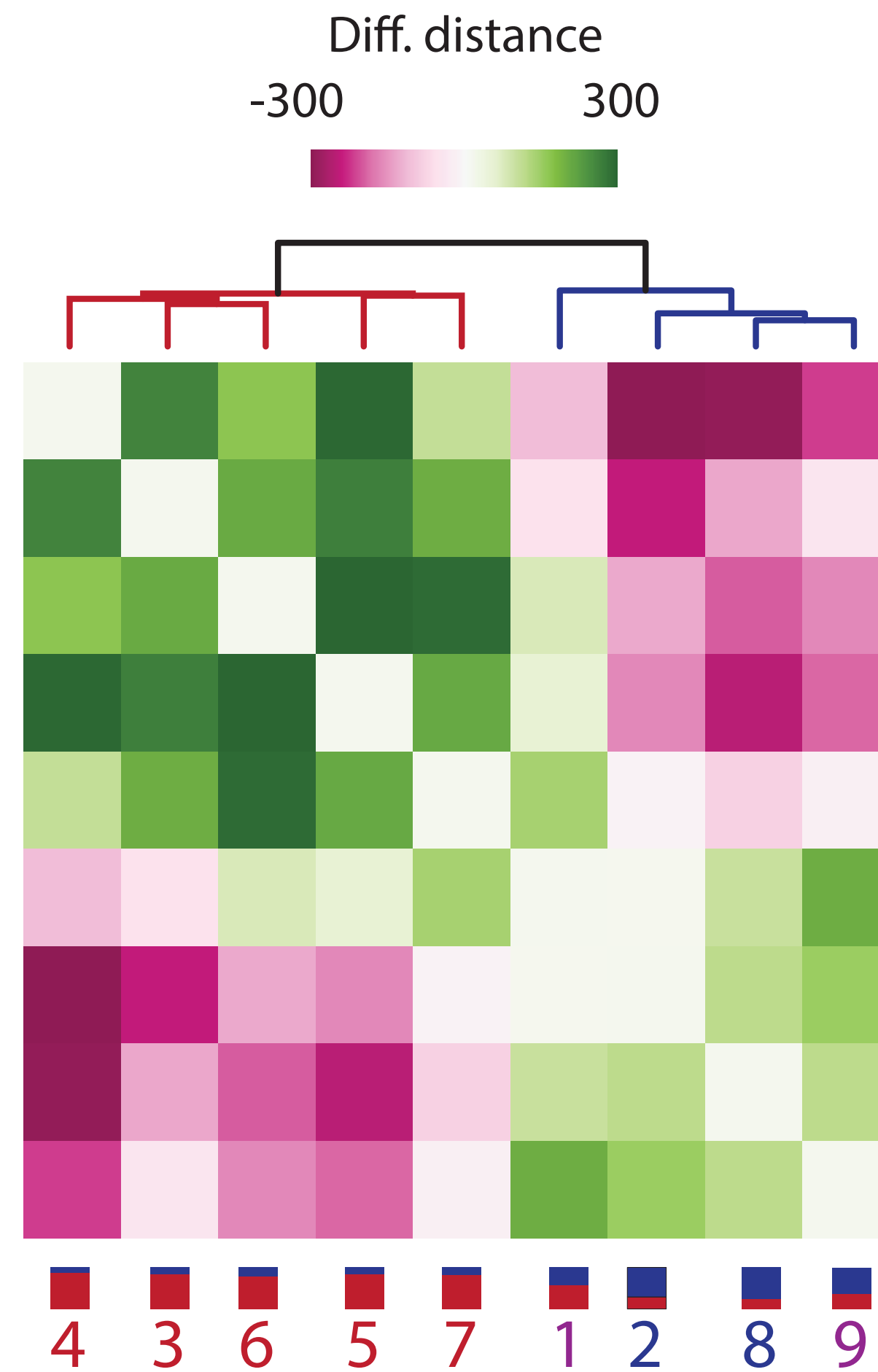
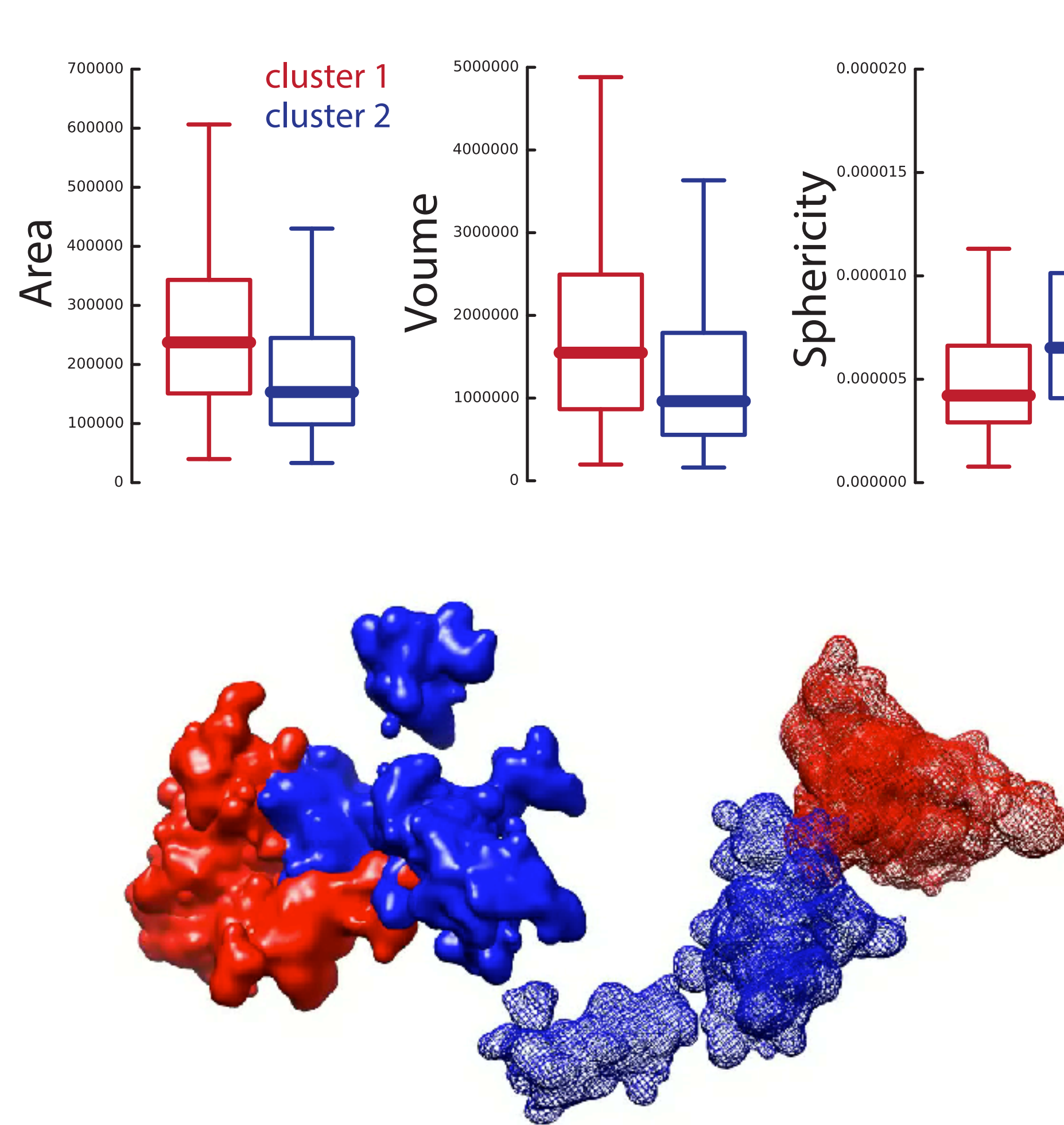
A/B compartments?



PGP1 ChIP-seq and Hi-C data from ENCODE and Lieberman-Aiden Lab, respectively

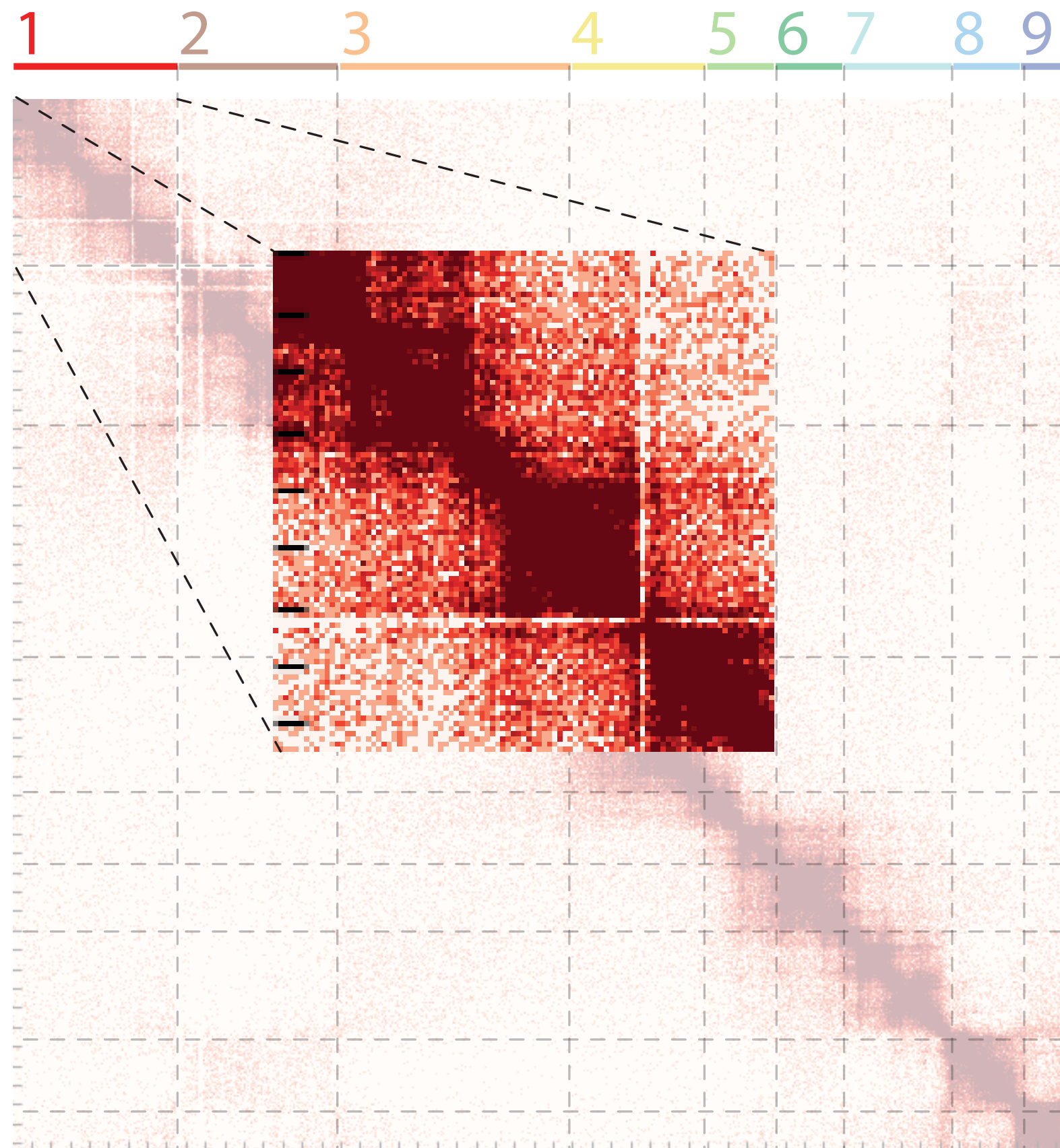
Cluster properties

A/B compartment properties

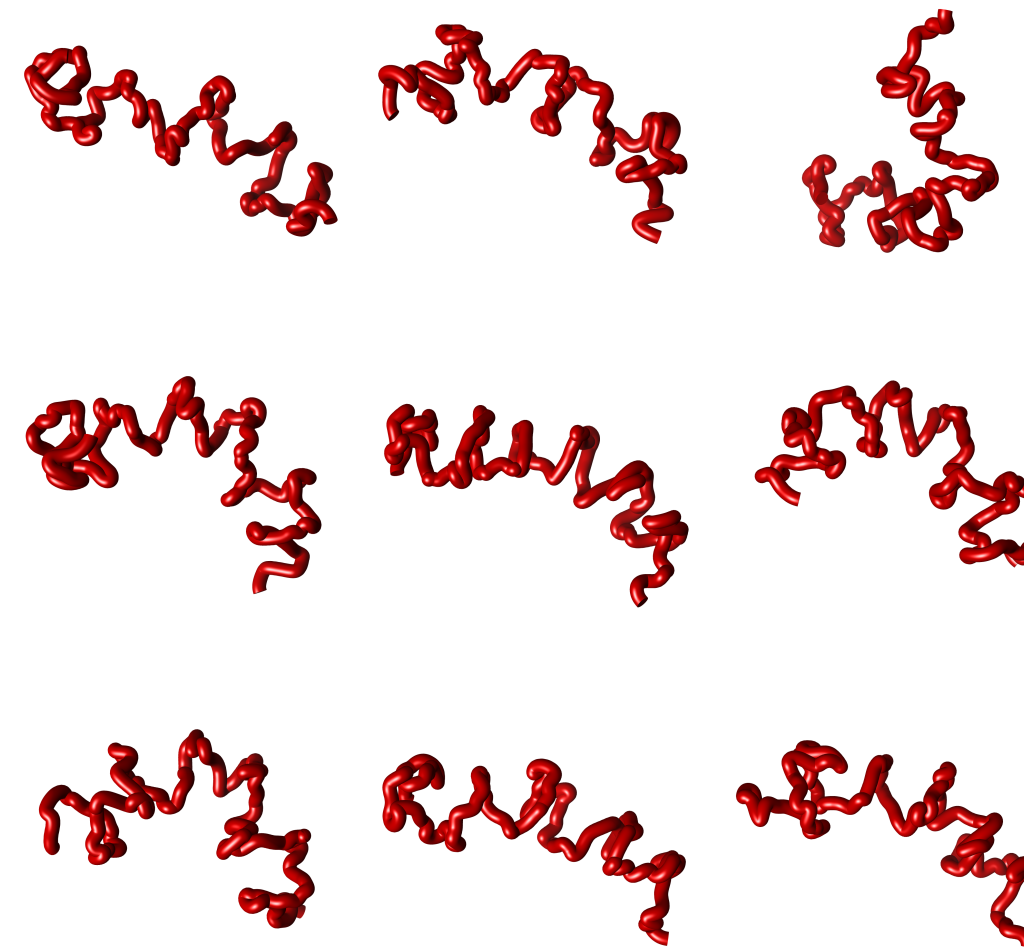


Increasing resolution

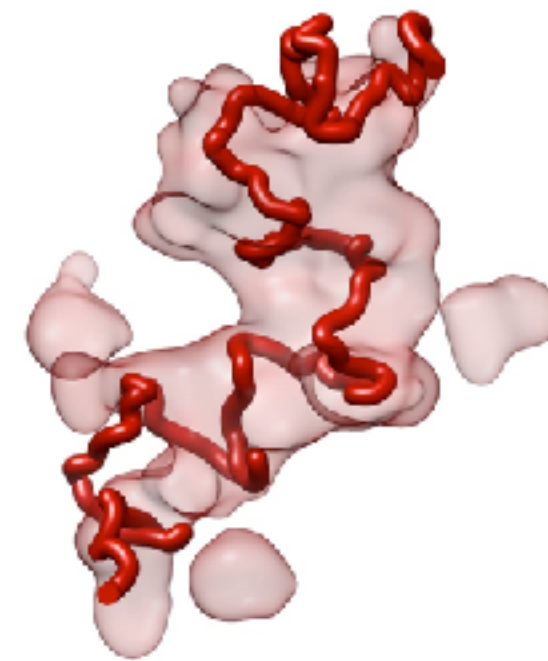
Rigid body fitting 3D structures based on Hi-C data



Segment 3 3D models

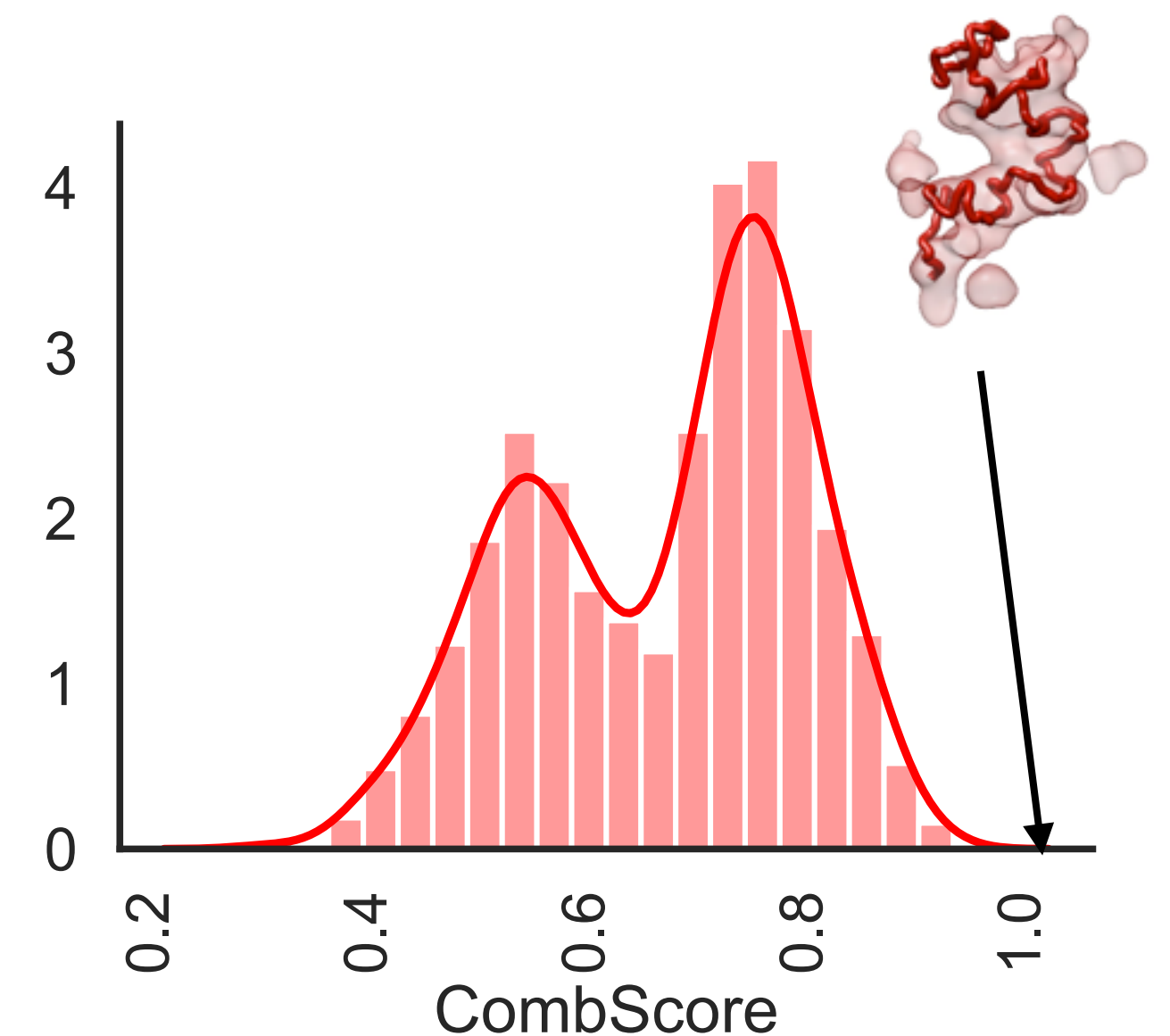


Segment 3 density map



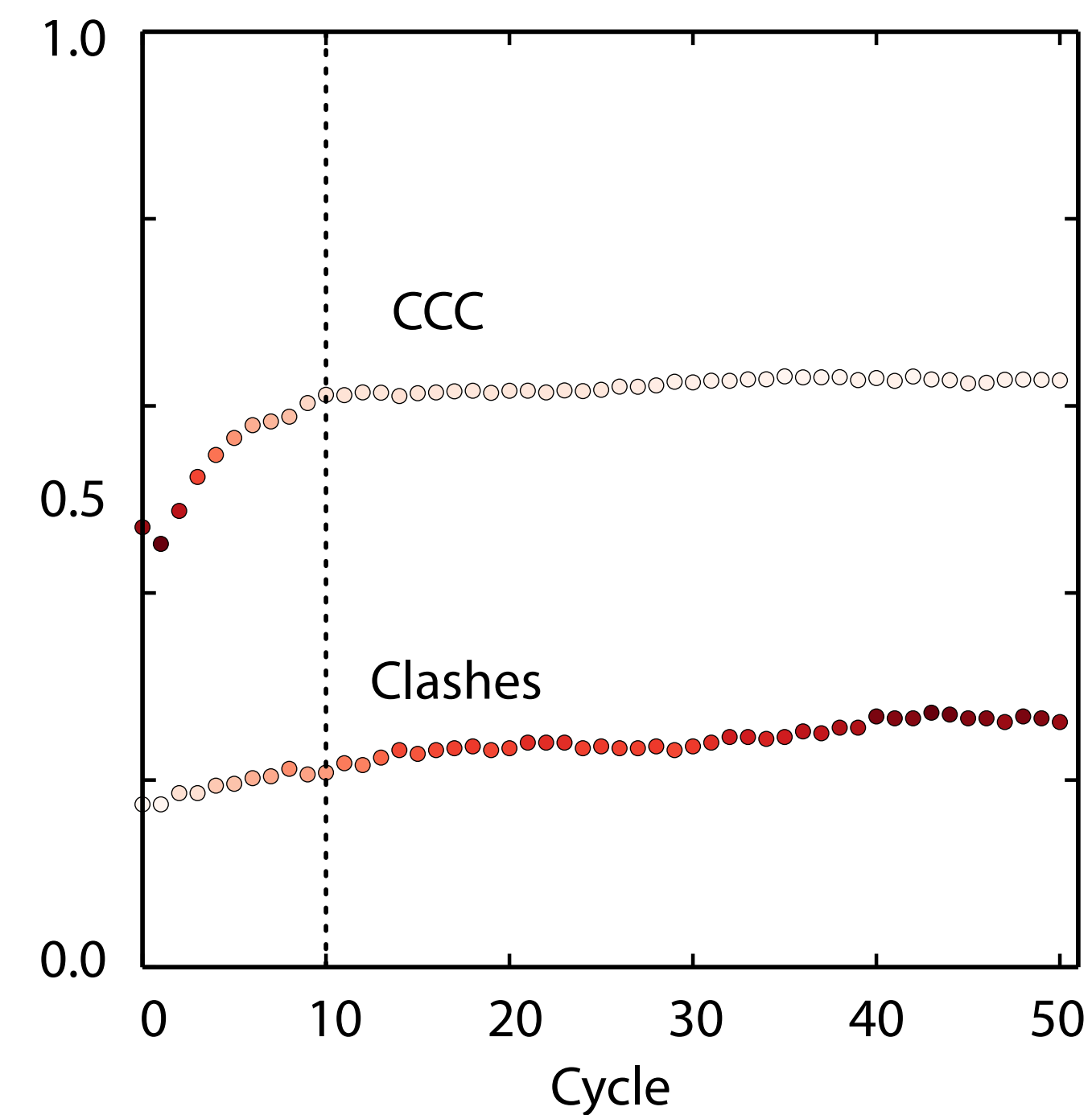
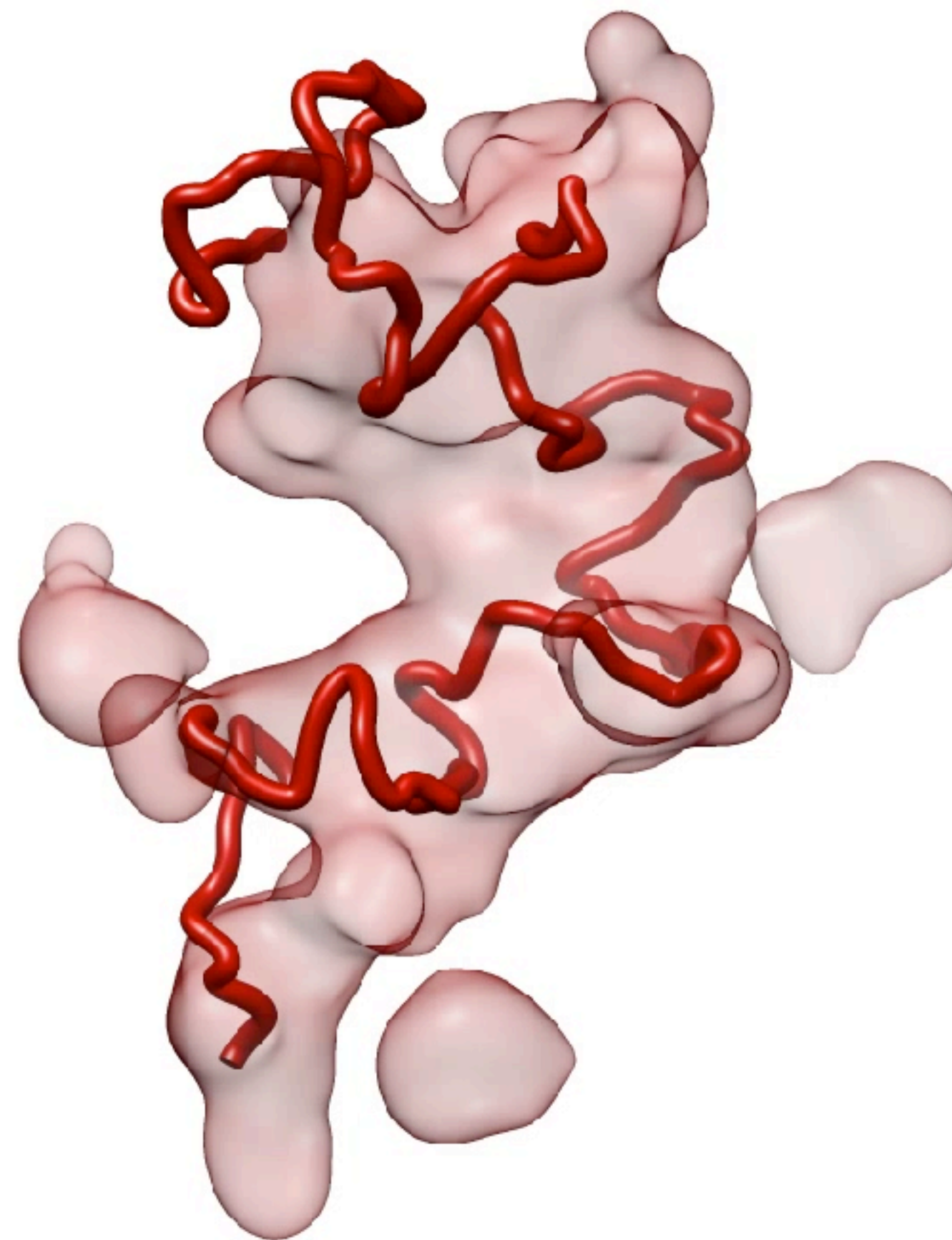
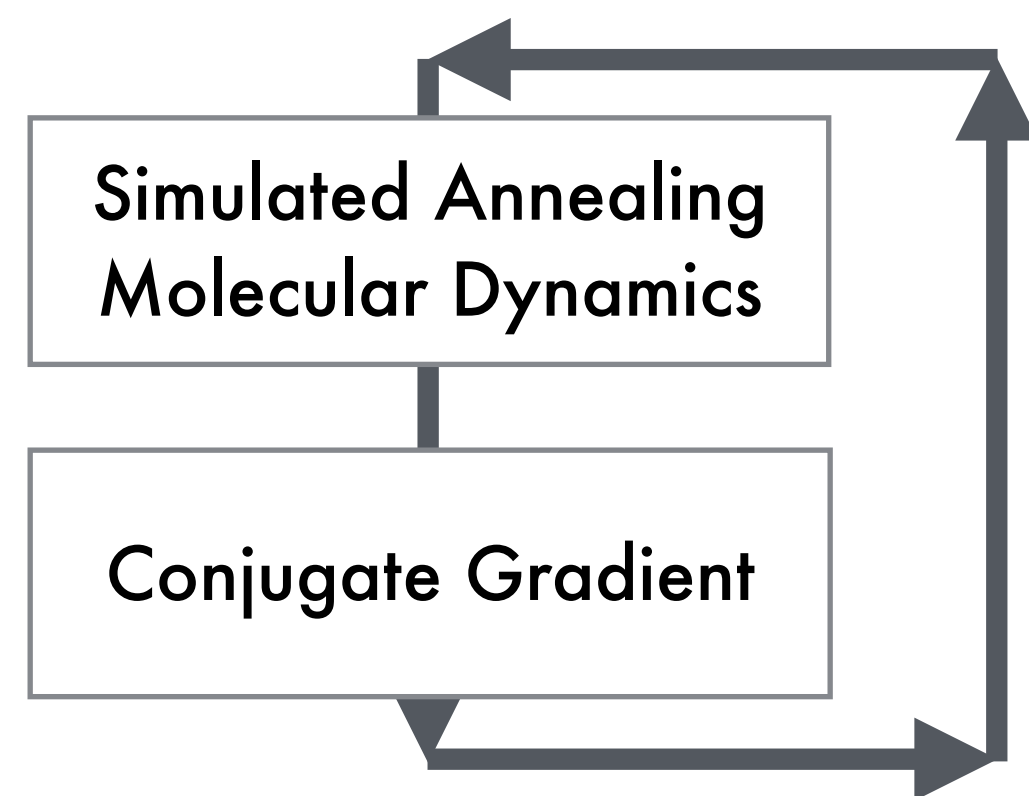
$$\text{ConS} = 1 - \frac{d_{P, \text{COM}}}{\max(d_{P, \text{COM}})}$$

$$\text{CCC} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^M [\rho_i^{EM} - \bar{\rho}^{EM}] [\rho_i^P - \bar{\rho}^P]}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^M [\rho_i^{EM} - \bar{\rho}^{EM}]^2 \sum_{i=1}^M [\rho_i^P - \bar{\rho}^P]^2}}$$

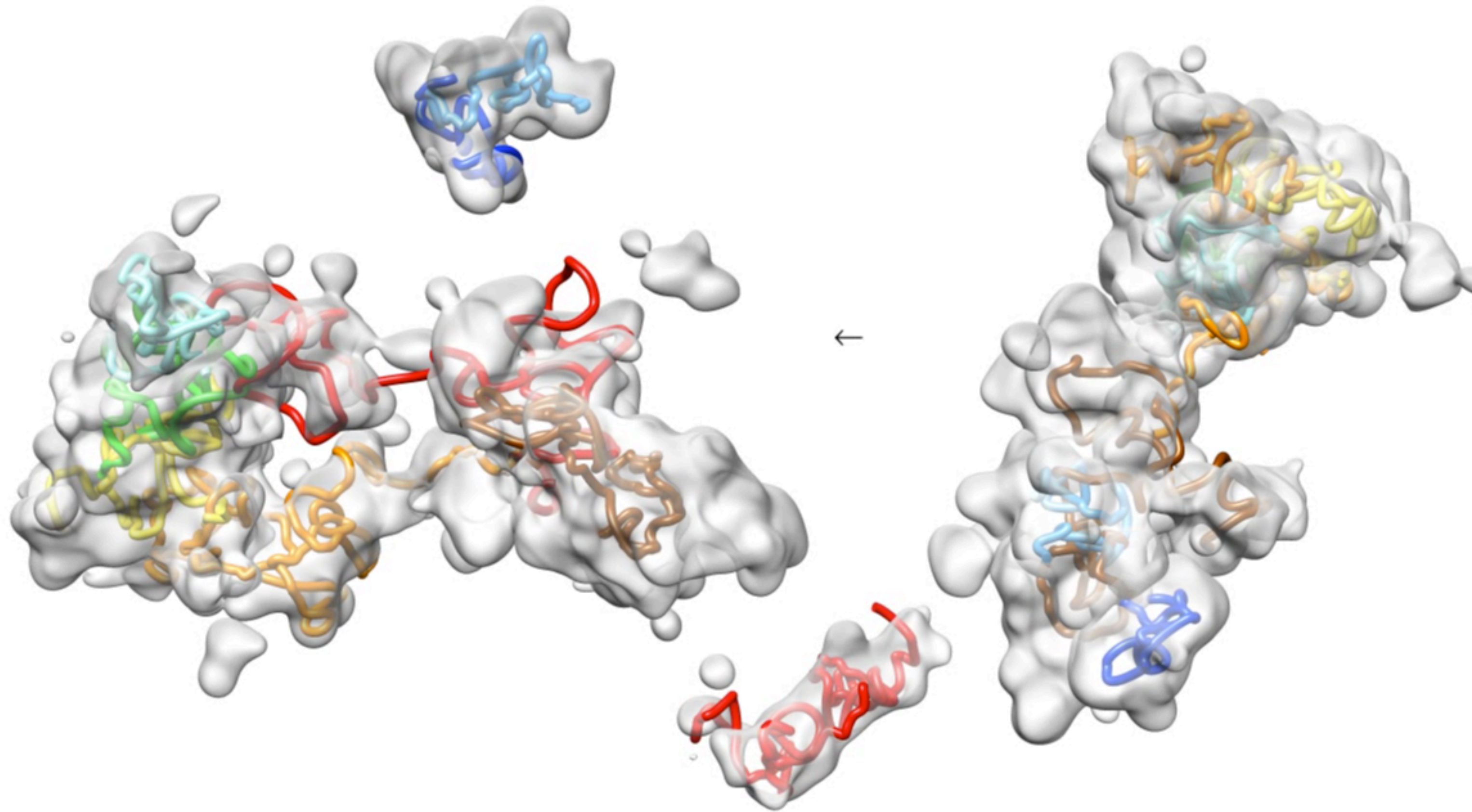


Increasing resolution

Flexible fitting 3D structures based on Hi-C data

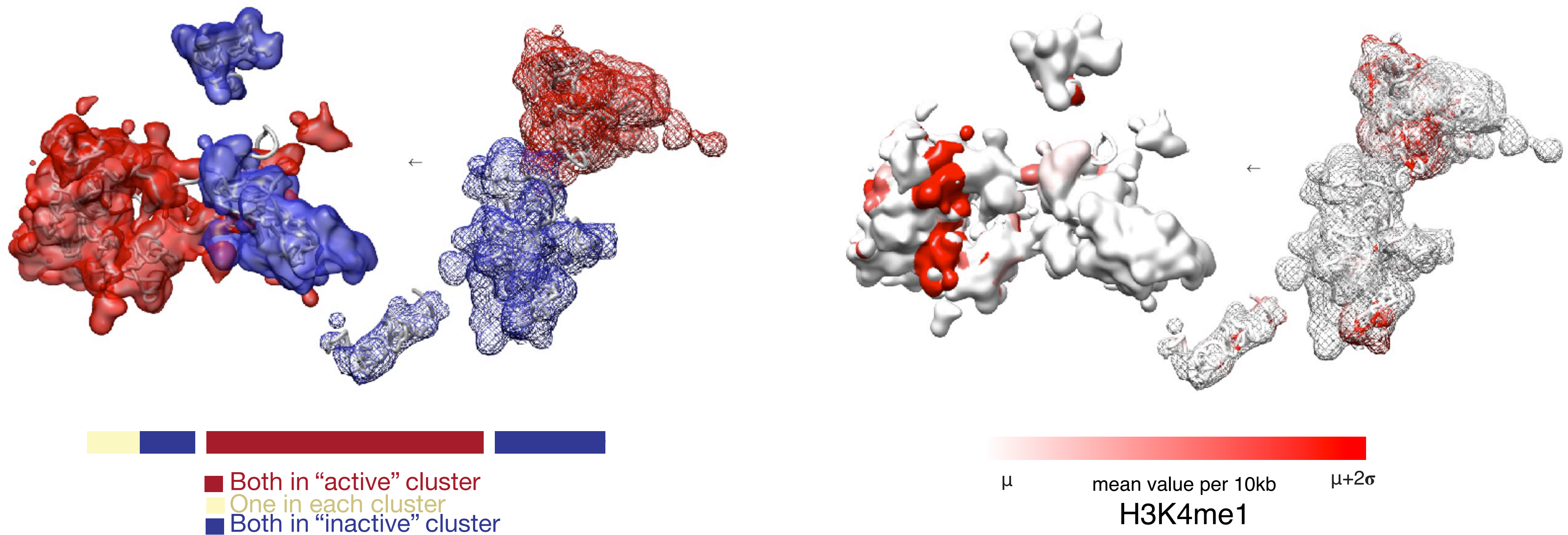


Chromosome walking path @10Kb resolution



Mapping “omics”

3D organization of local structures

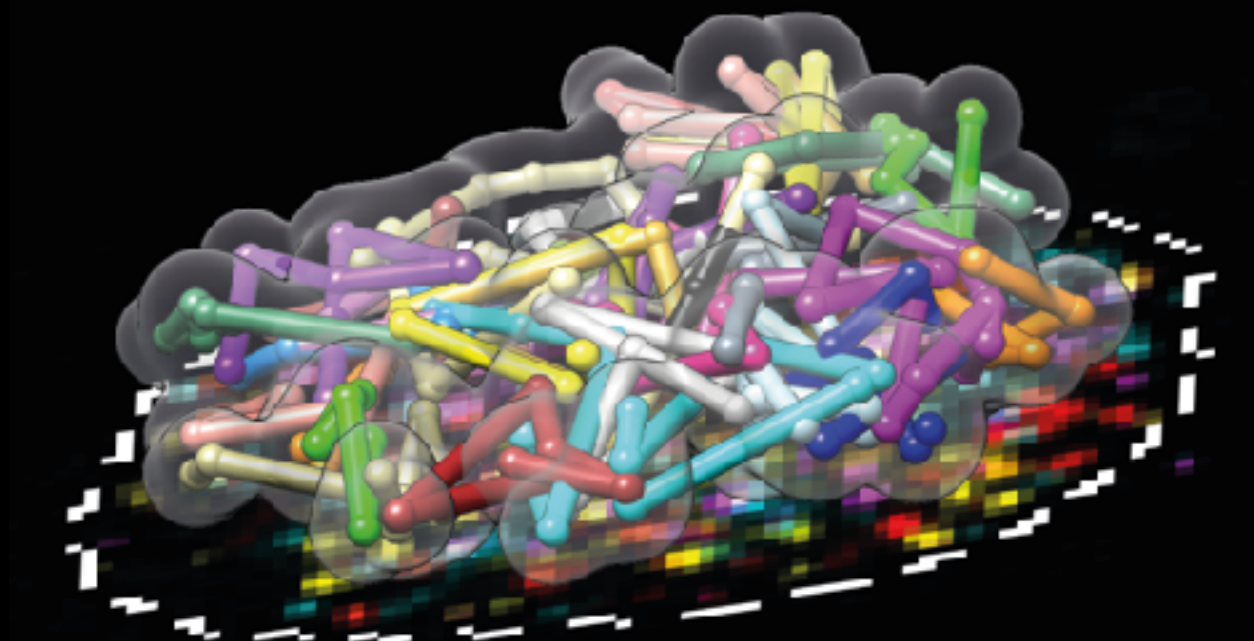


OligoSTORM

- Is a set of technologies for in-situ chromosome walking at super-resolution
- Is highly designable: can target any region of the genome (except repeats?)
- Combined with micro-fluidics can do up to tens of rounds (steps)
- Combined with modeling + Hi-C produces traces of chromosomes at 10Kb resolution
- Can be pipelined with other approaches such OligoFISSEQ for increased speed (next)



Chromosome tracing with OligoFISSEQ



Marc A. Marti-Renom

CNAG-CRG · ICREA

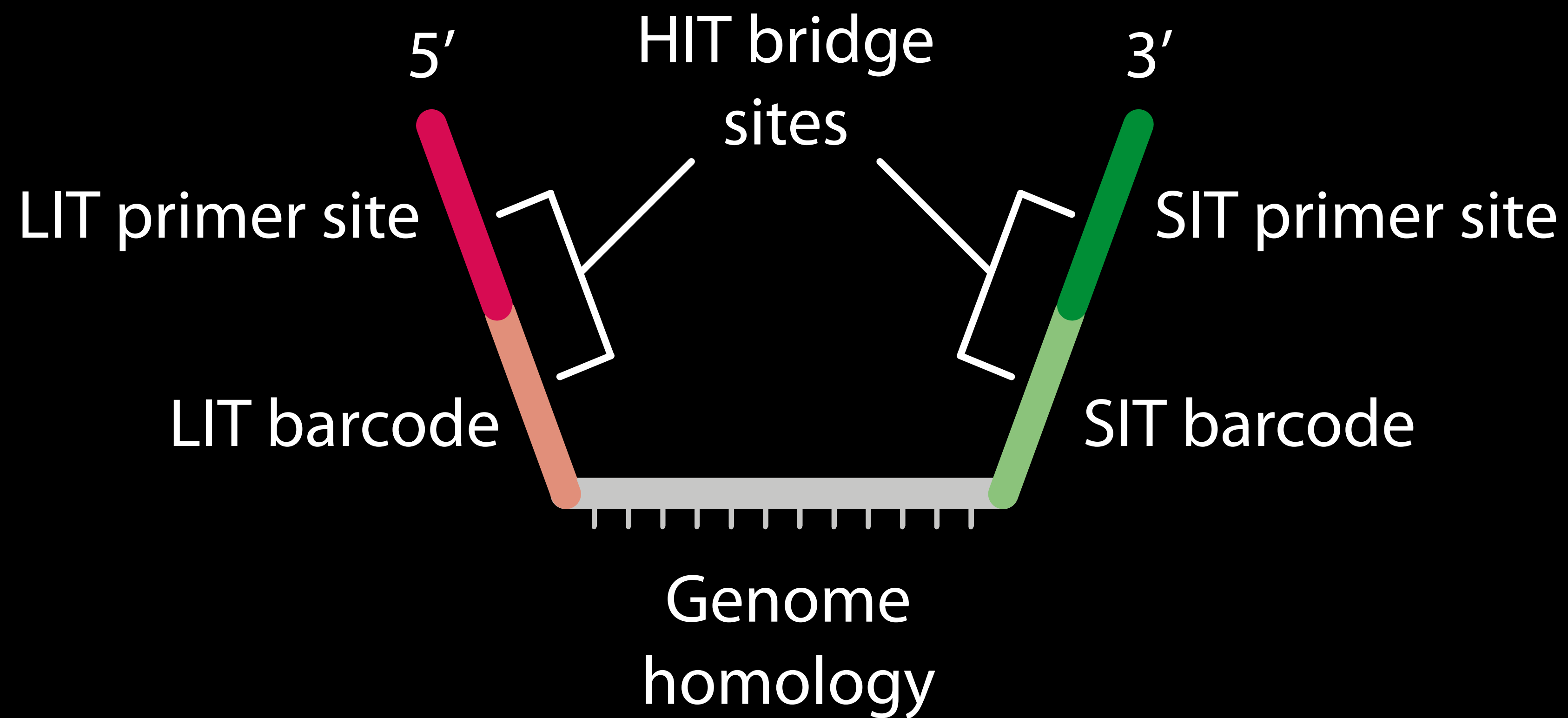
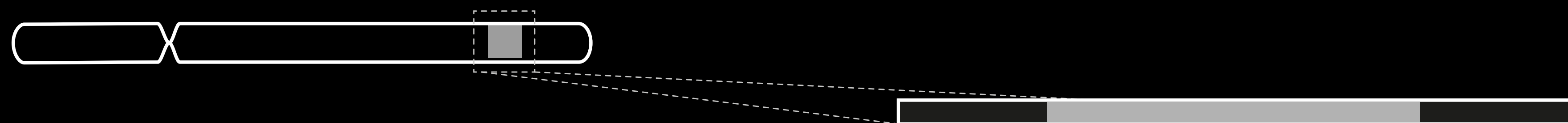


Huy Nguyen
Shyantanu Chatteraj
David Castillo

in collaboration with the Wu Lab (HMS)

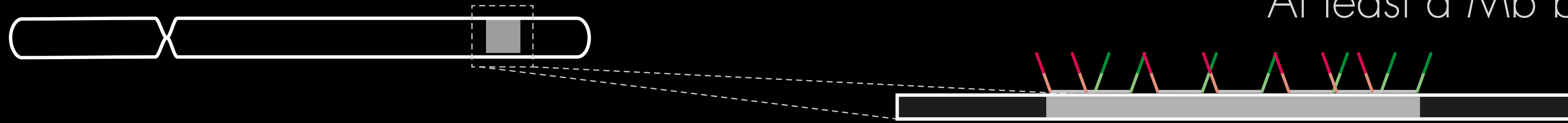
Nature Methods (2020) 17 p822

OligoFISSEQ

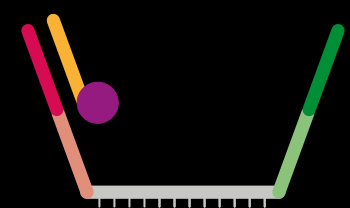
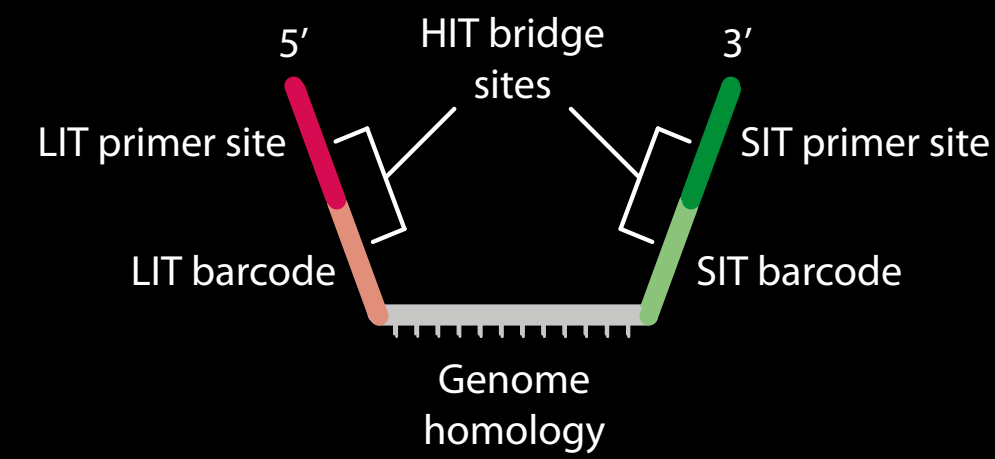


OligoFISSEQ

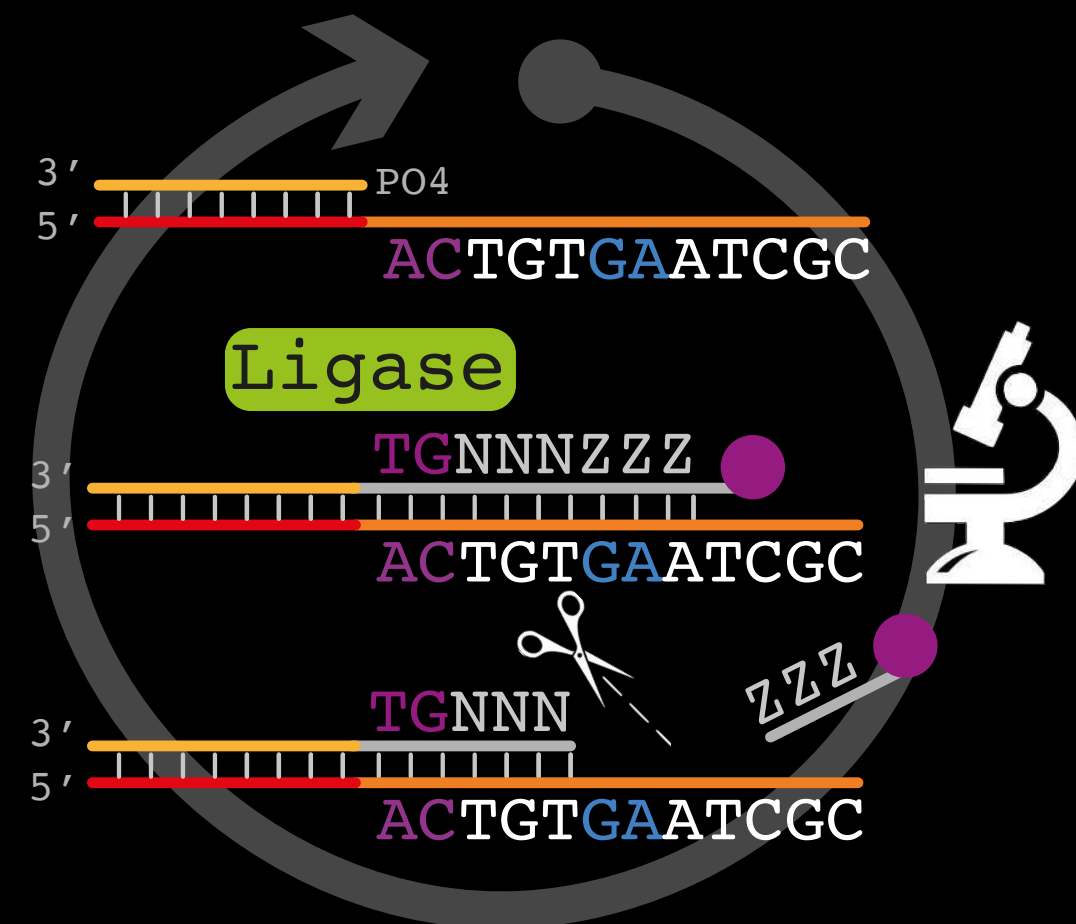
From tens of kb to Mb
Min. of few 100s oligos/target
At least a Mb between targets



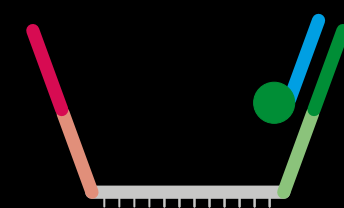
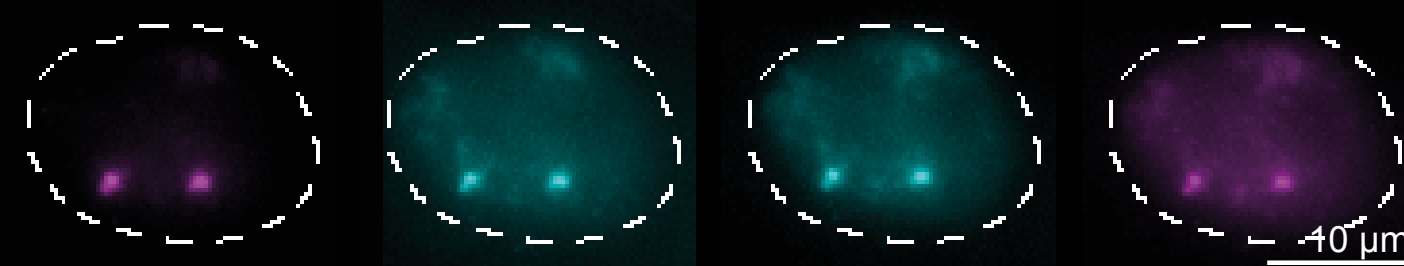
OligoFISSEQ



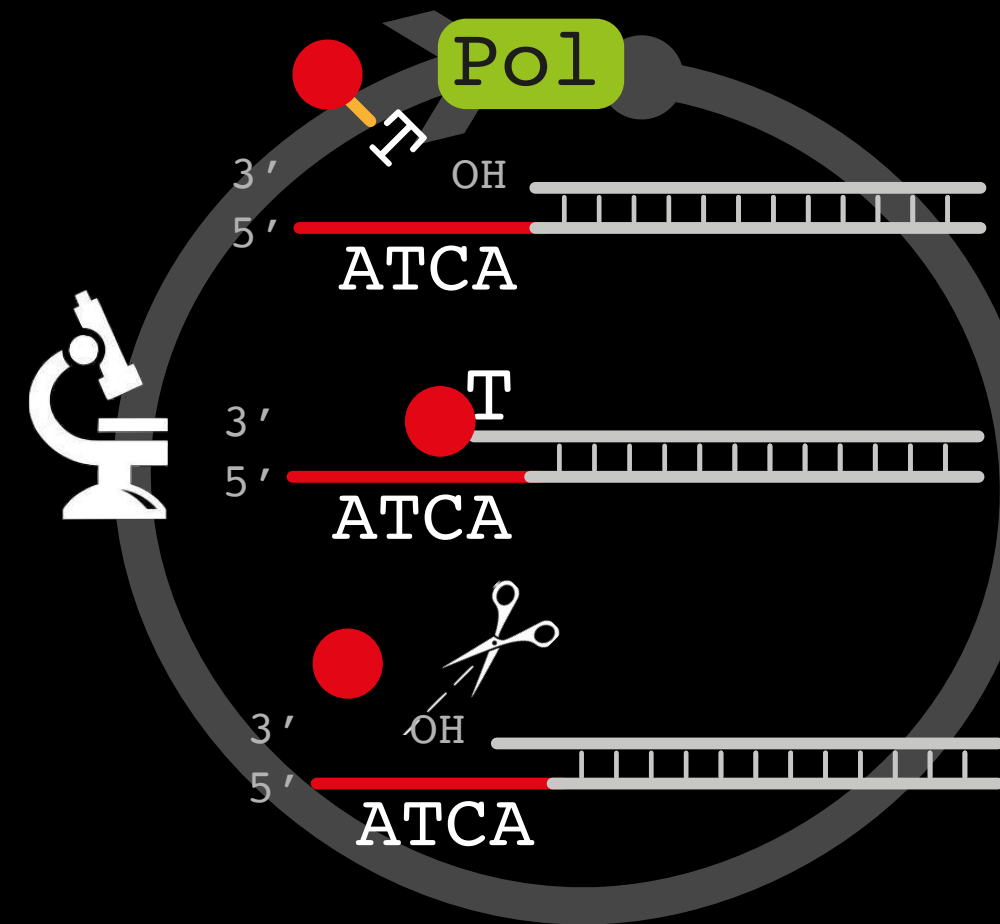
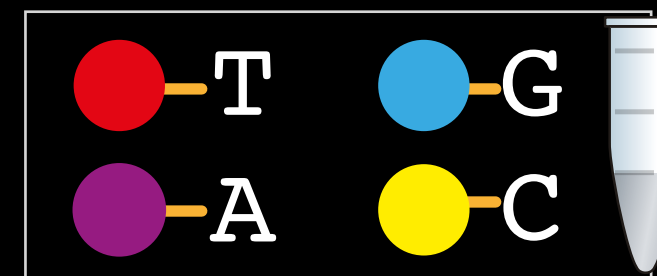
Ligation based Identification of Targets



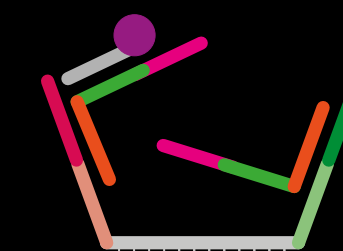
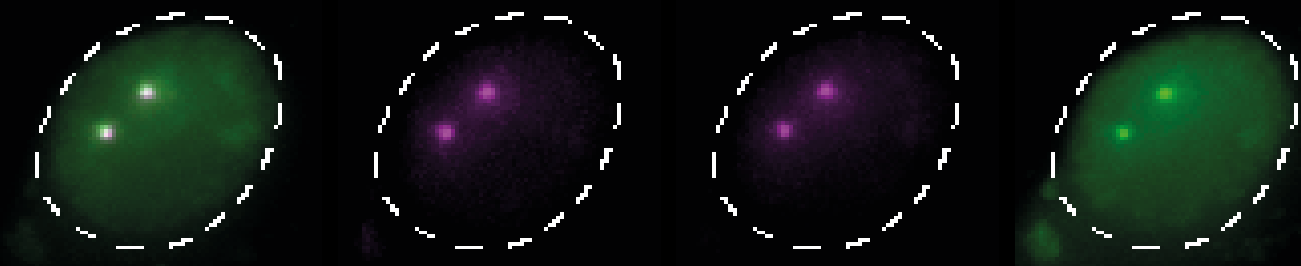
$92.1 \pm 5.7\%$



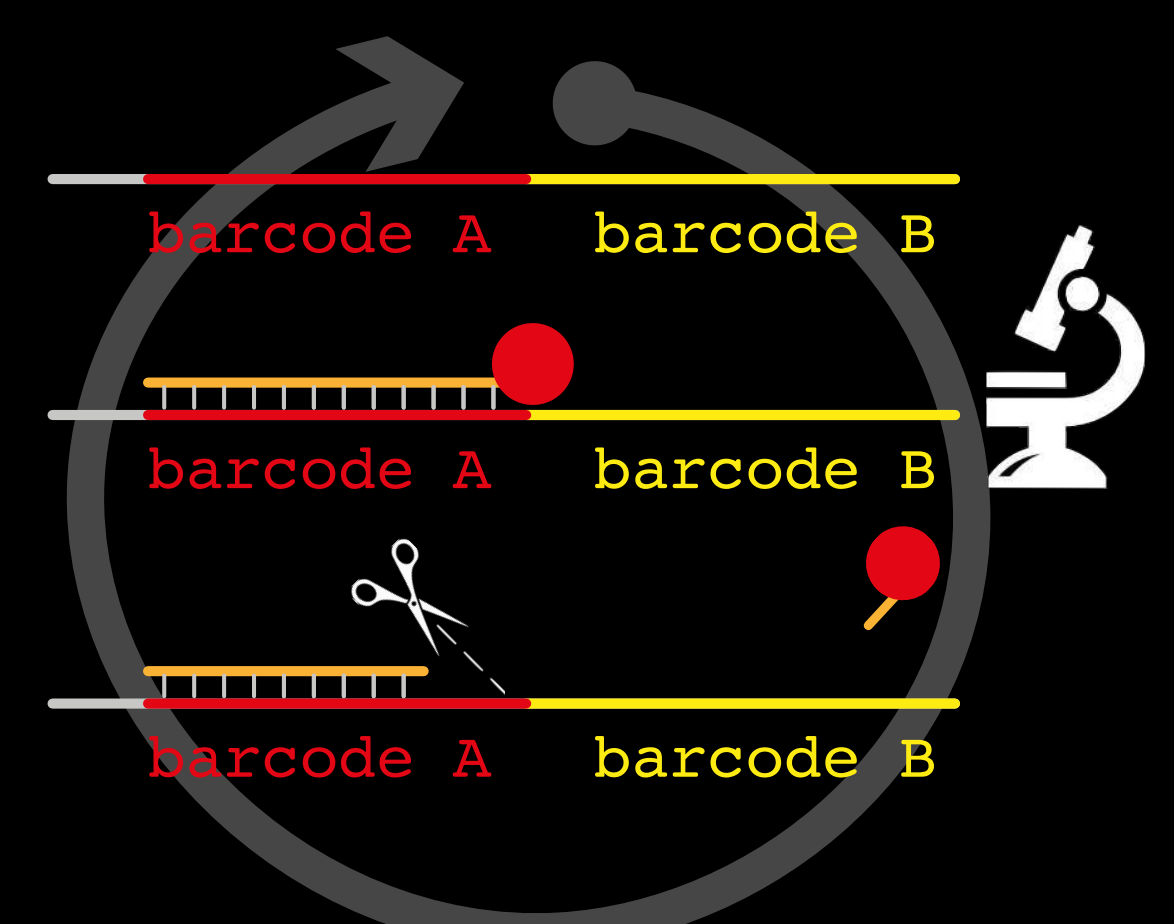
Synthesis based Identification of Targets



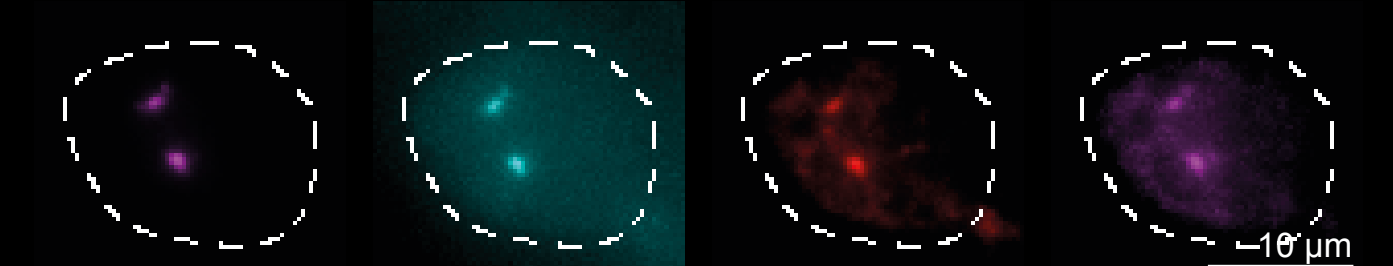
$90.8 \pm 5.6\%$



Hybridization based Identification of Targets

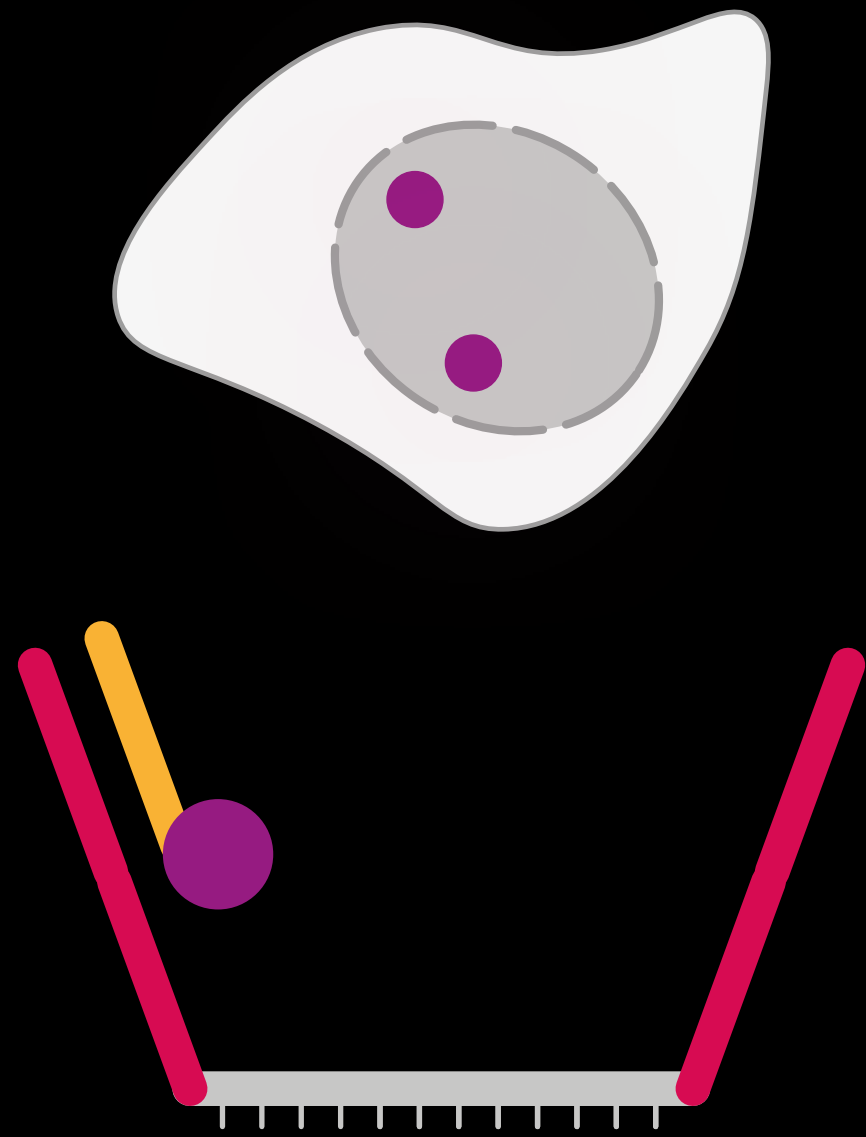


$91.6 \pm 3.8\%$



OligoFISSEQ scales exponentially!

Sequential hybridization

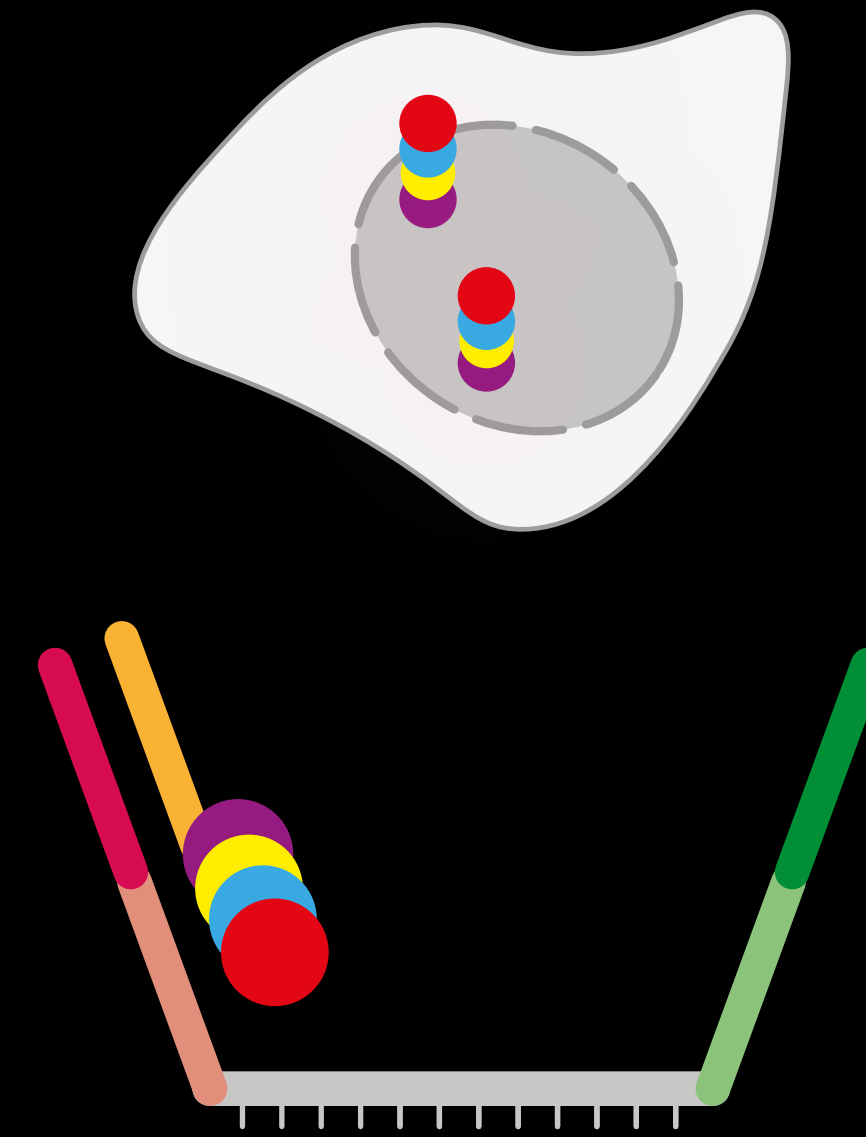


of targets = $F * N$

F = # of fluorophores

N = # of seq. rounds

Barcode sequencing

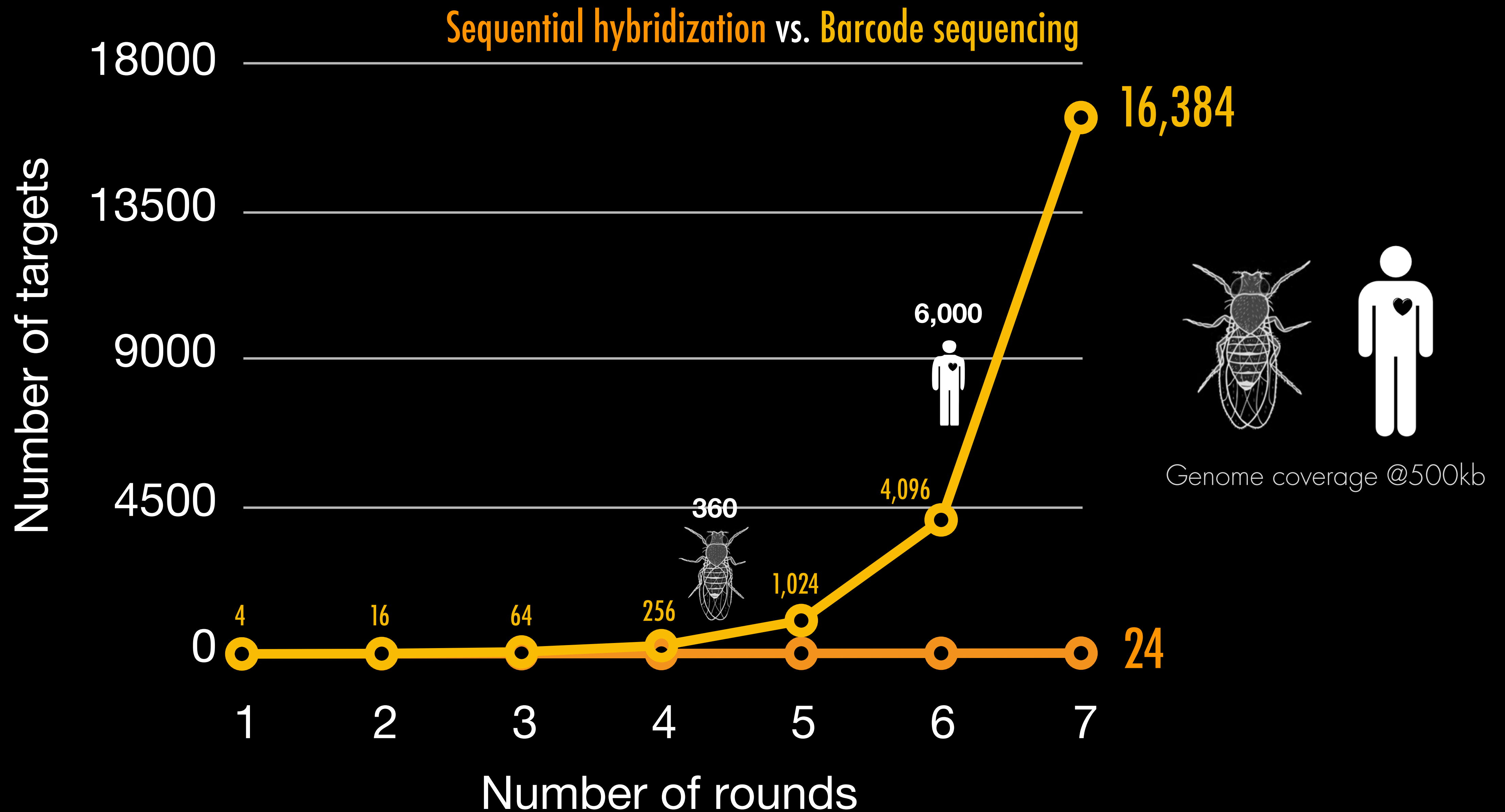


of targets = F^N

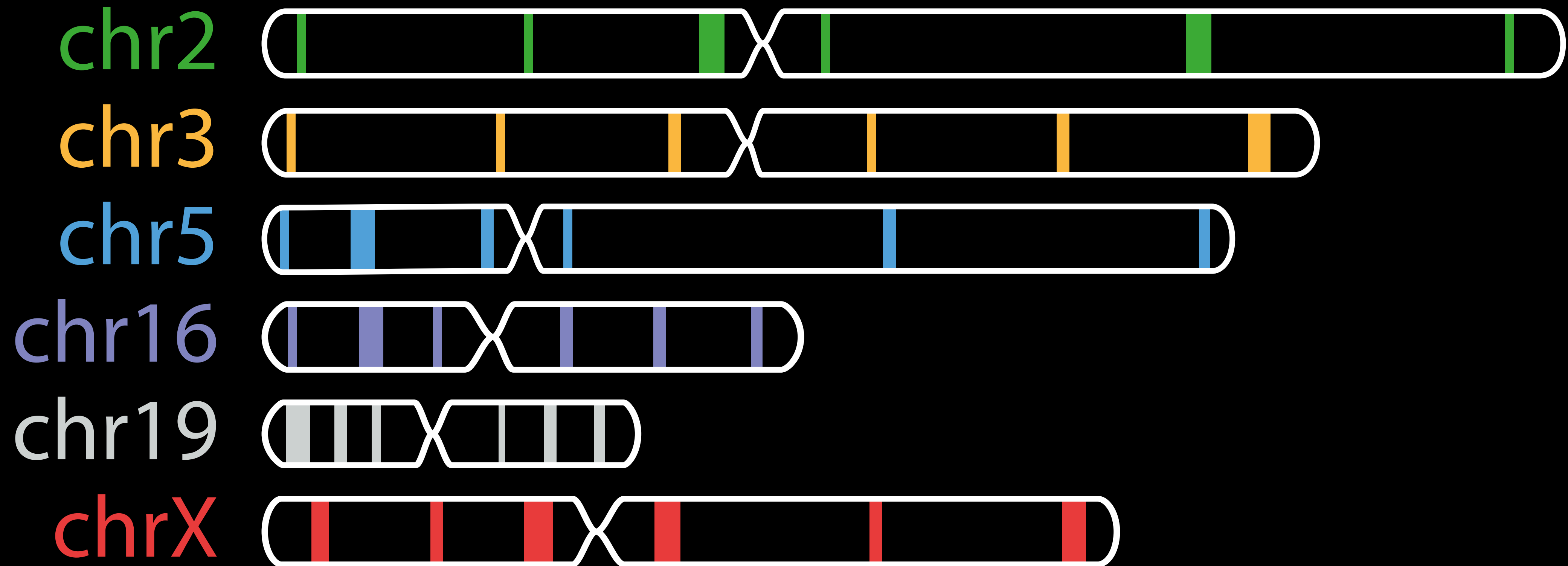
F = # of fluorophores

N = # of seq. rounds

OligoFISSEQ scales exponentially!



Proof-of-principle

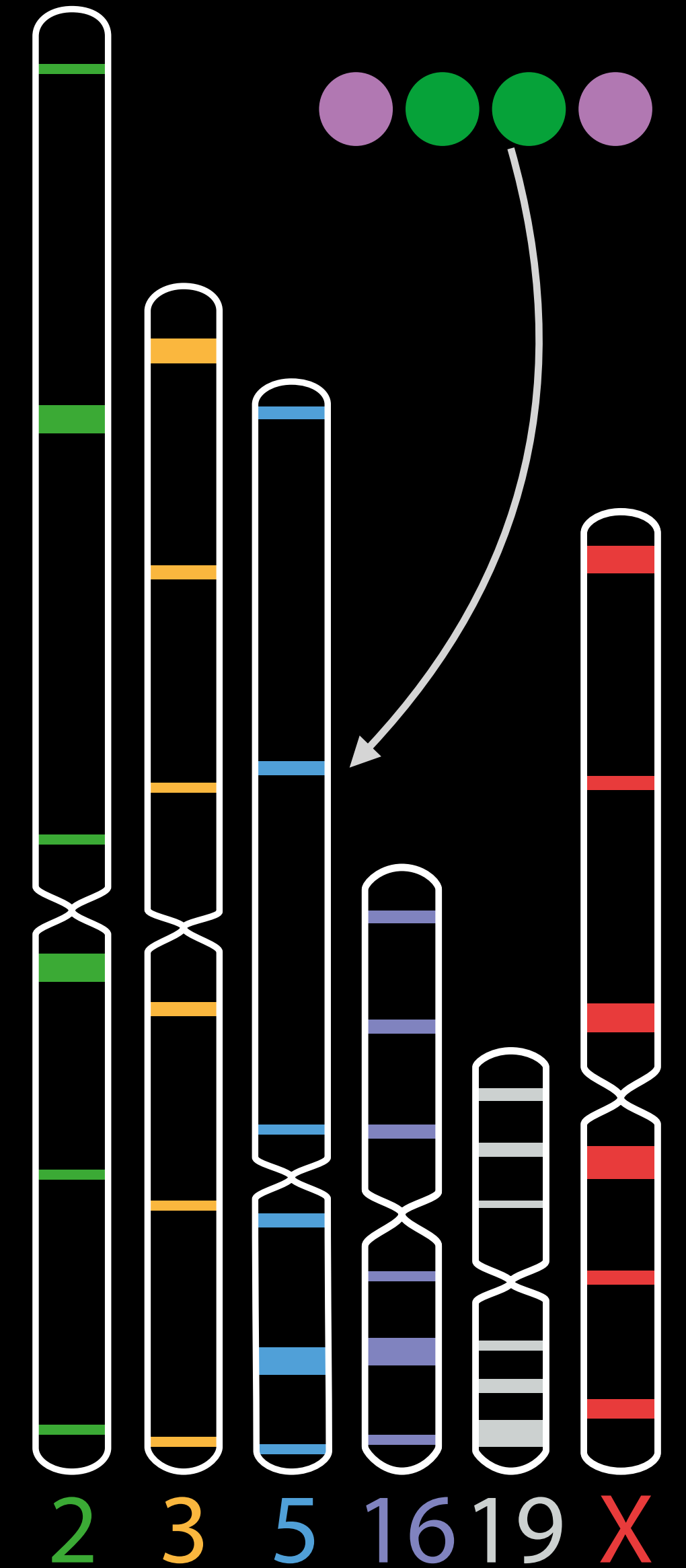
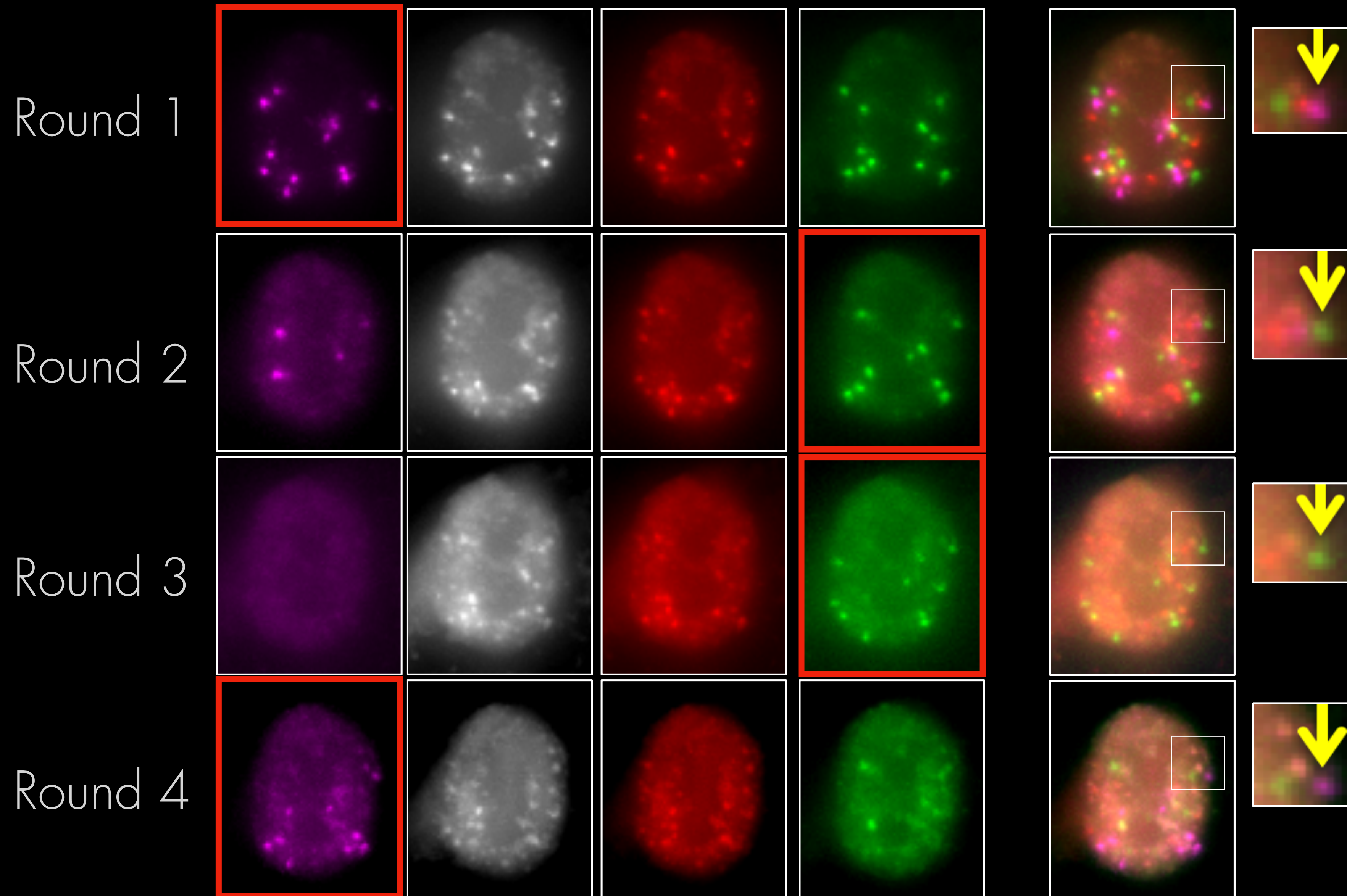


600kb-1Mb/target (876 kb average)

5,000 oligos/target

7-70Mb between targets

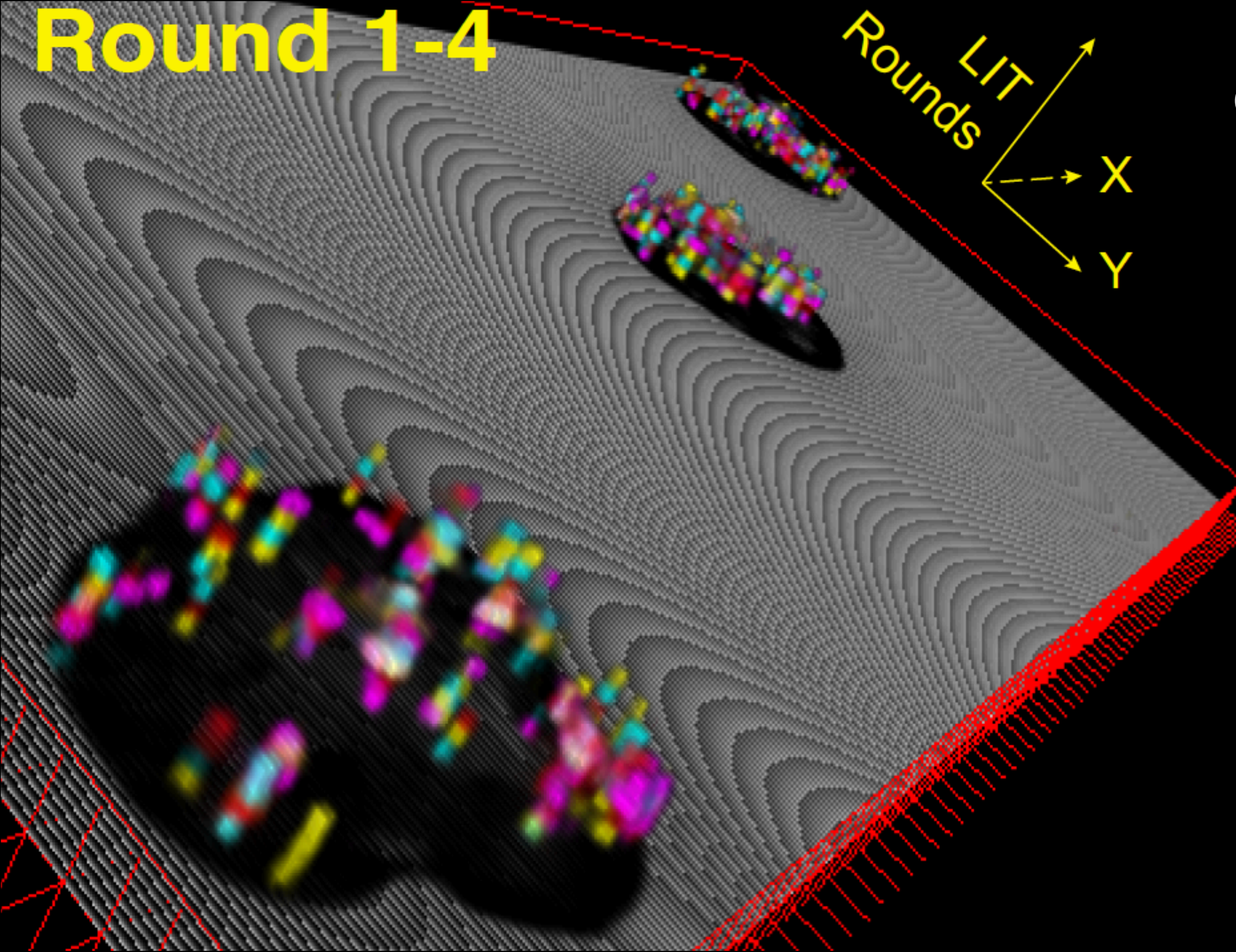
Detecting a given target



Round 1-4

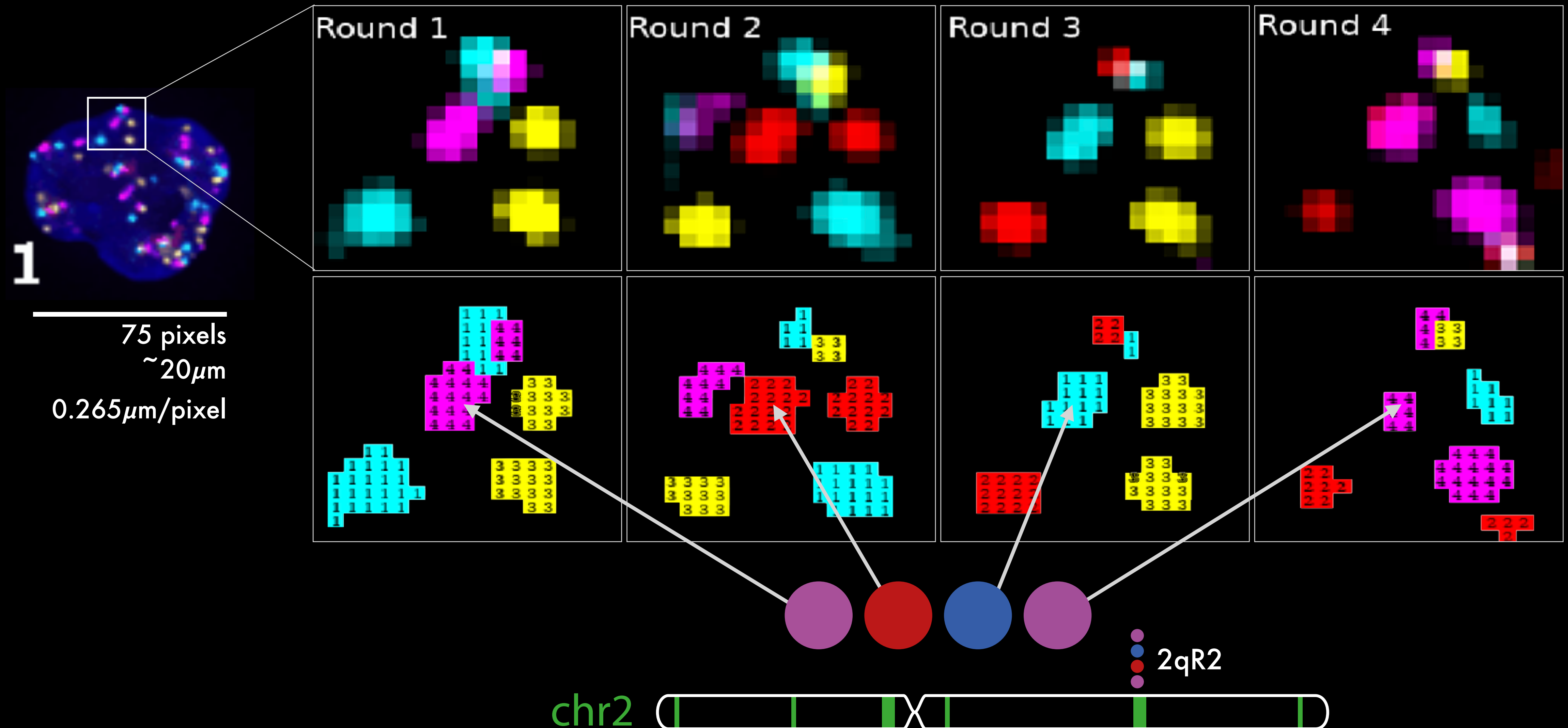
LIT
Rounds
X
Y

OligoFISSEQ
"Manhattan plot"

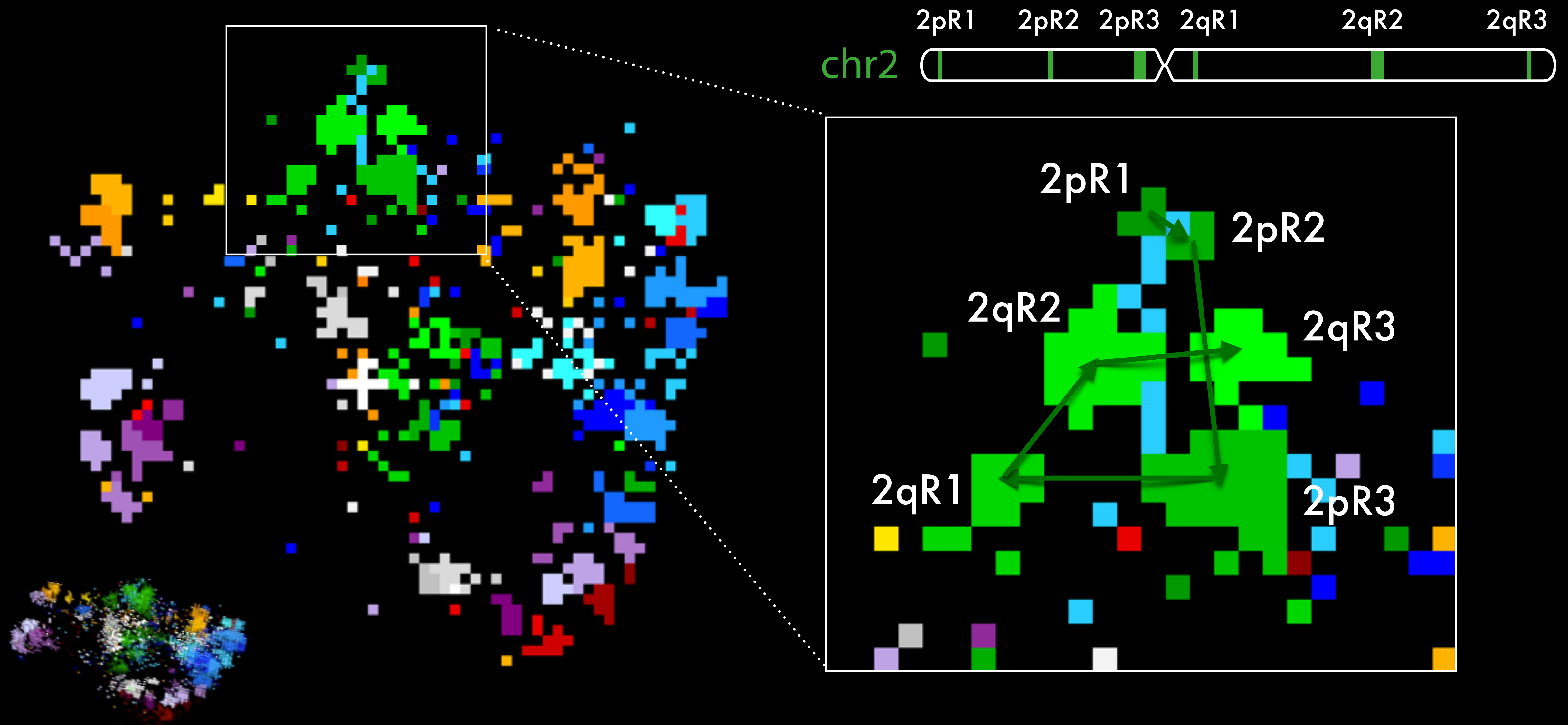


In OligoFISSEQ every pixel matters & make “patches”

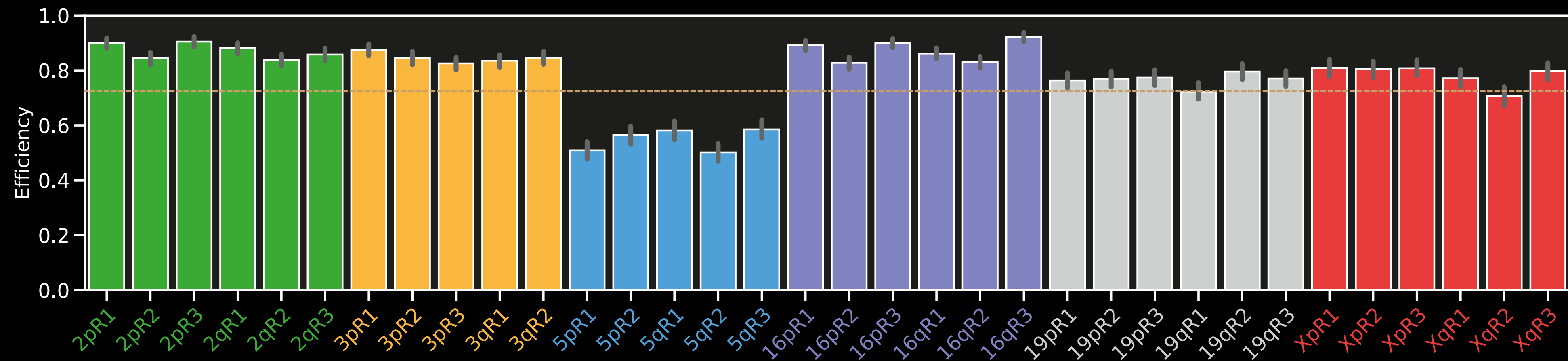
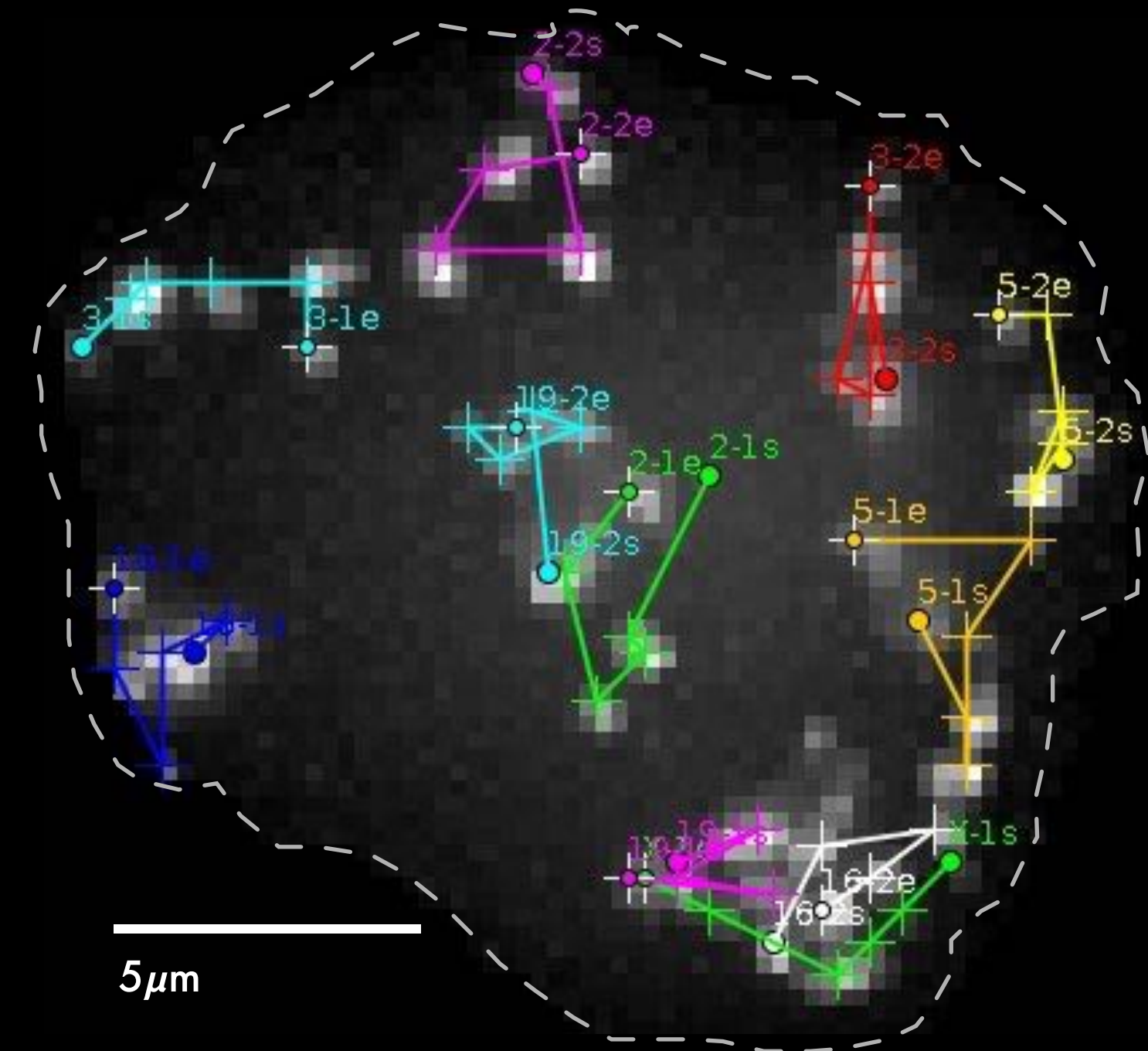
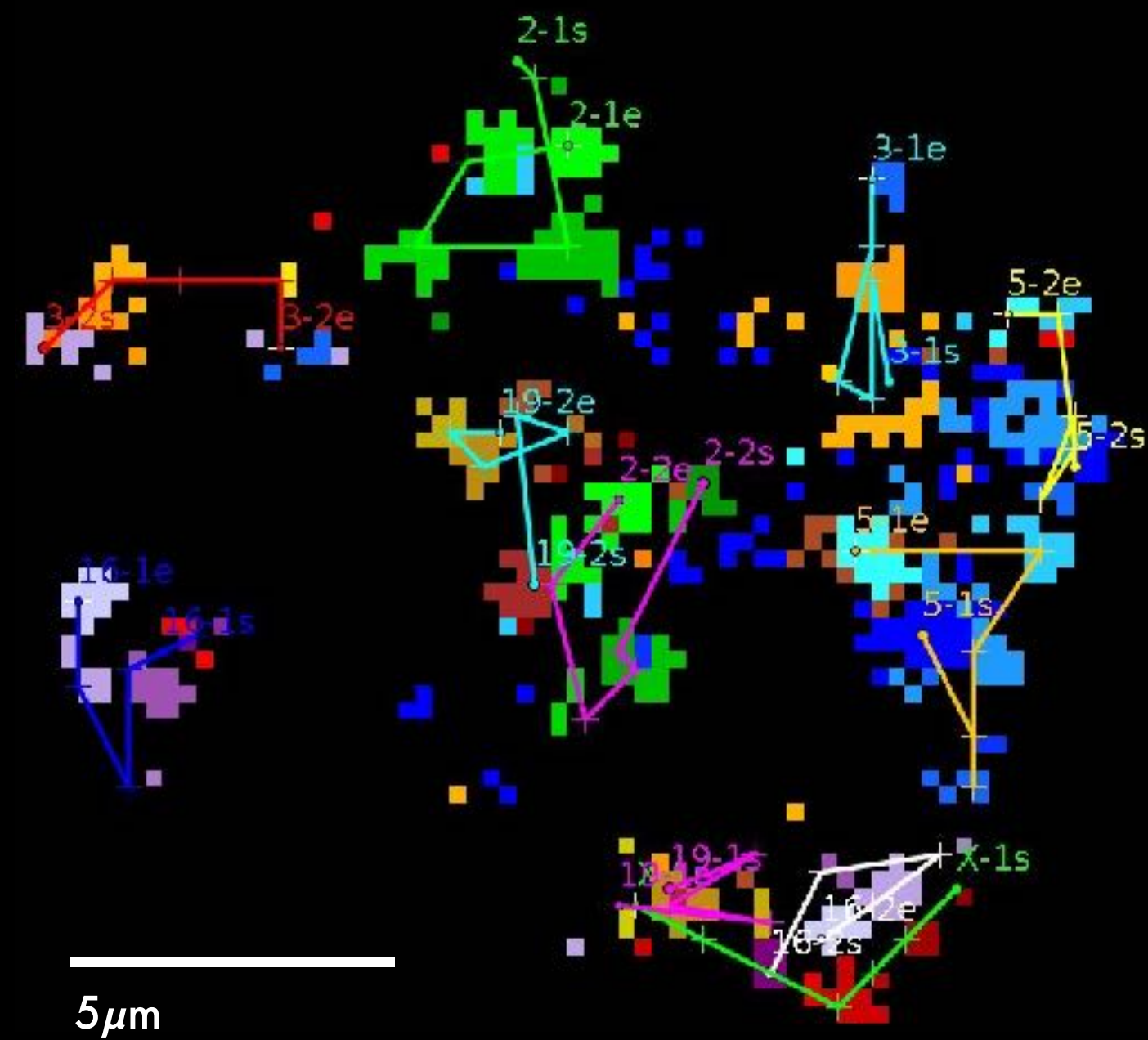
4 rounds / 4 channels



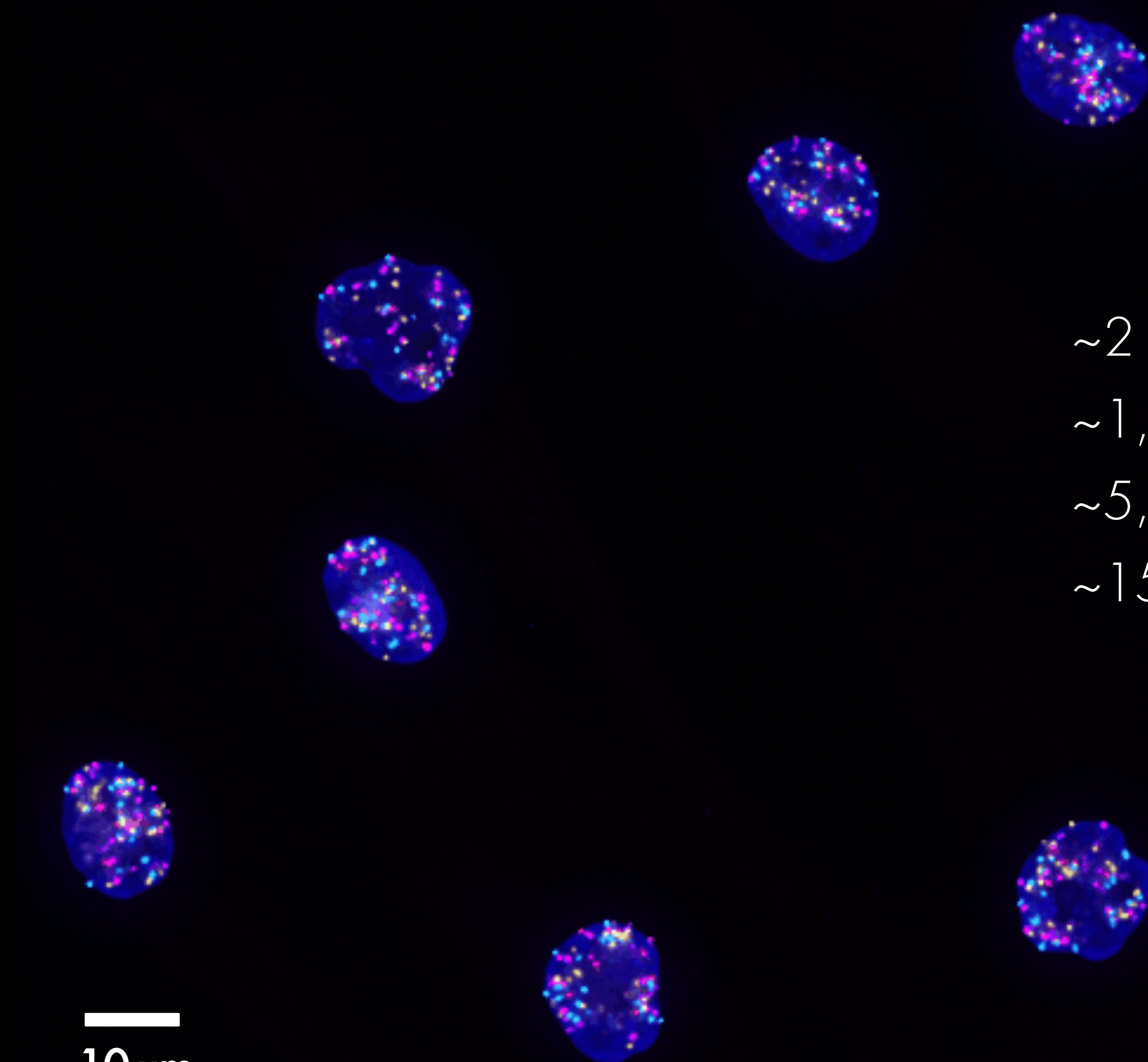
In OligoFISSEQ every pixel matters & make “patches”



OligoFISSEQ barcode efficiency



OligoFISSEQ is high throughput!



~2 days of image acquisition

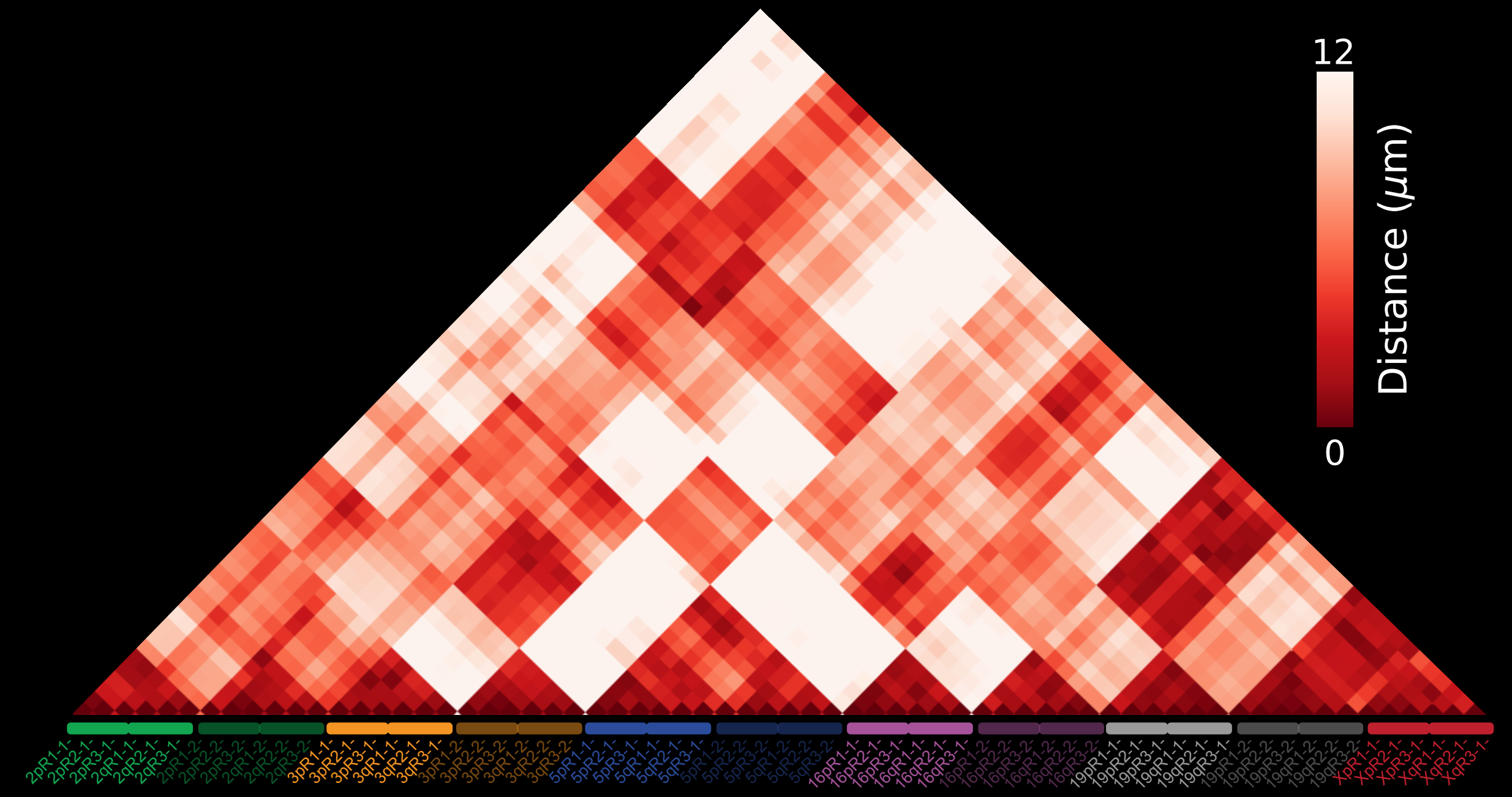
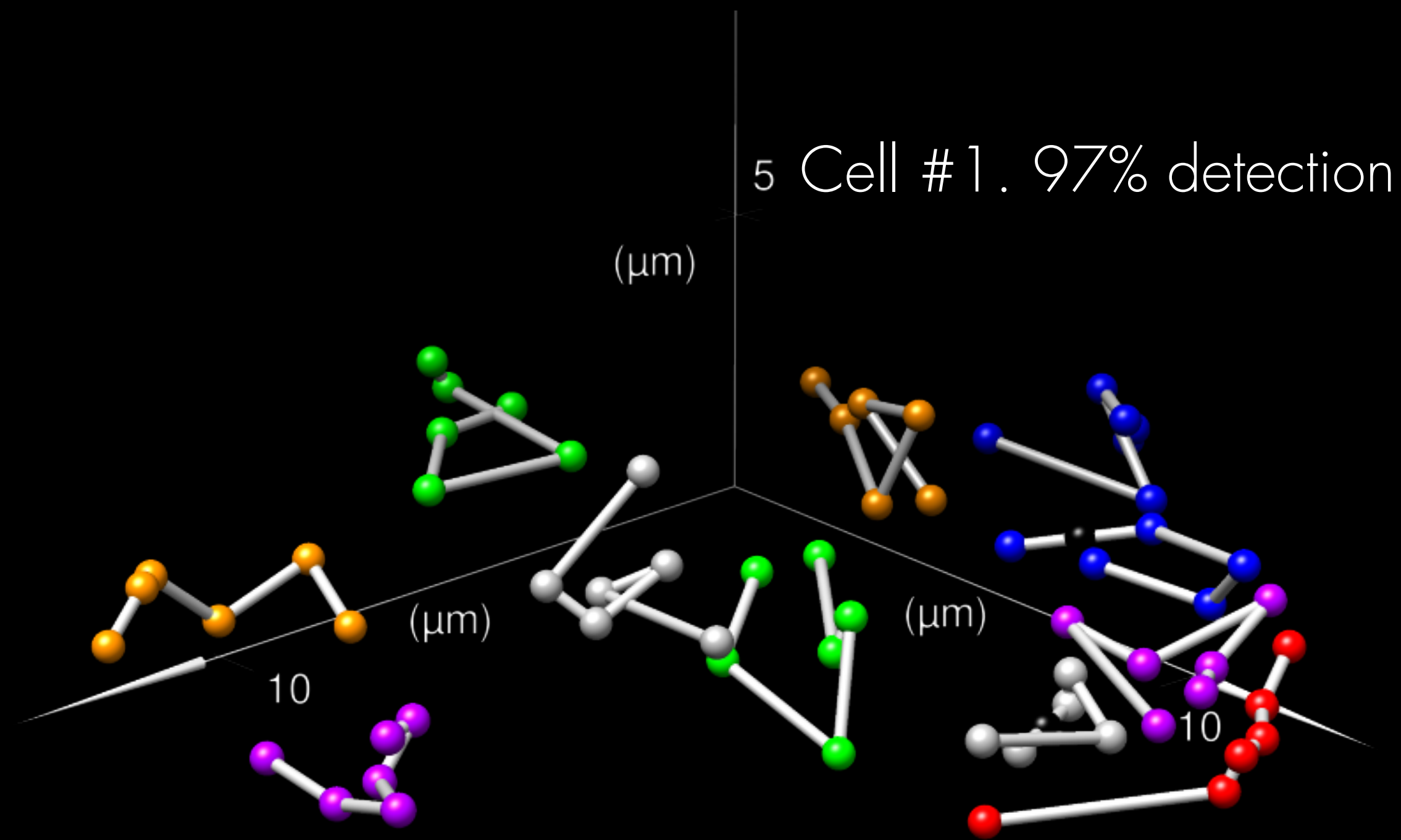
~1,000 cells

~5,000 complete chromosomes

~150 cells with complete chromosomes

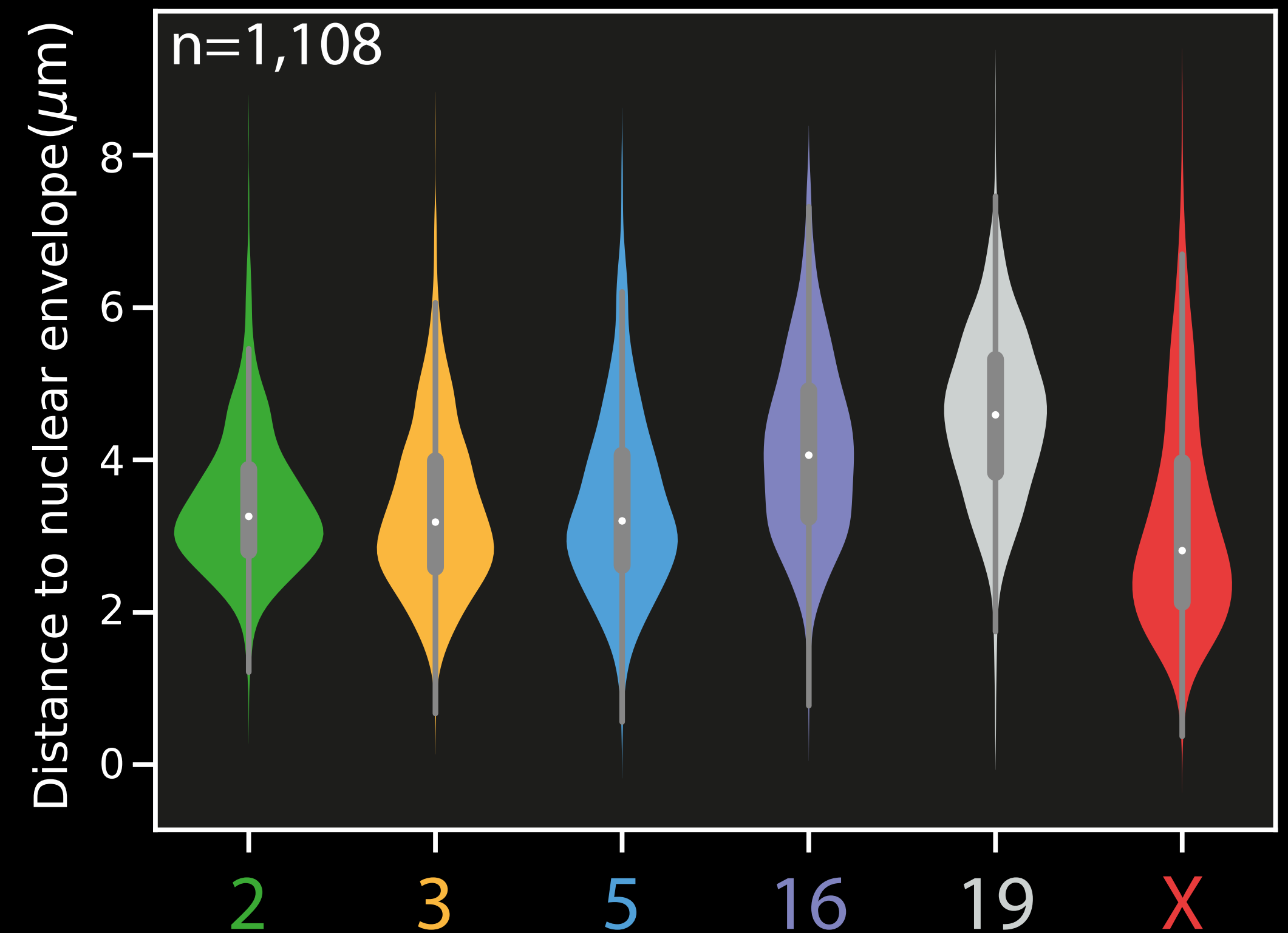
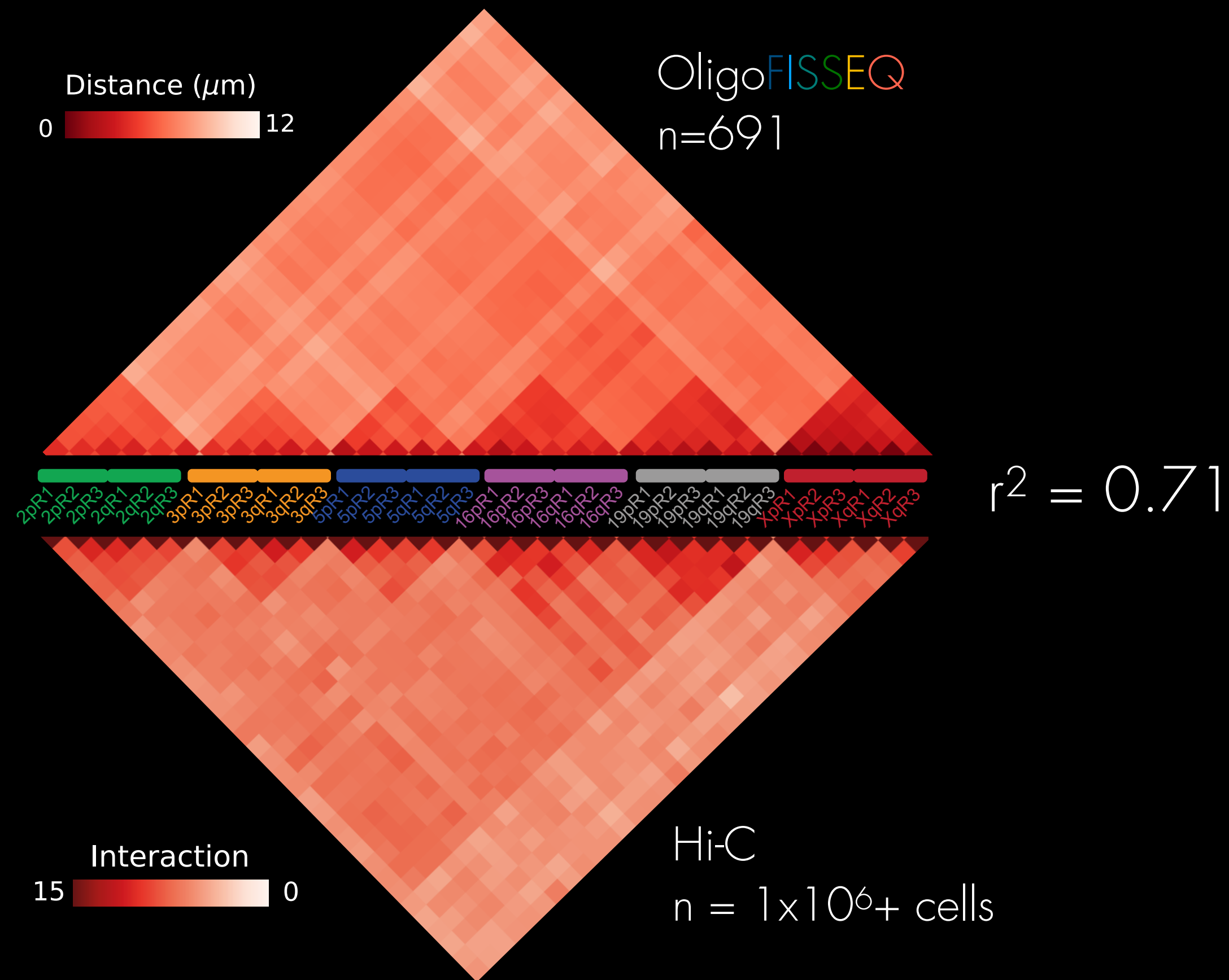

10 μm

Single cell homolog resolved tracing of chromosomes



Do OligoFISSEQ tracing maps show known features?

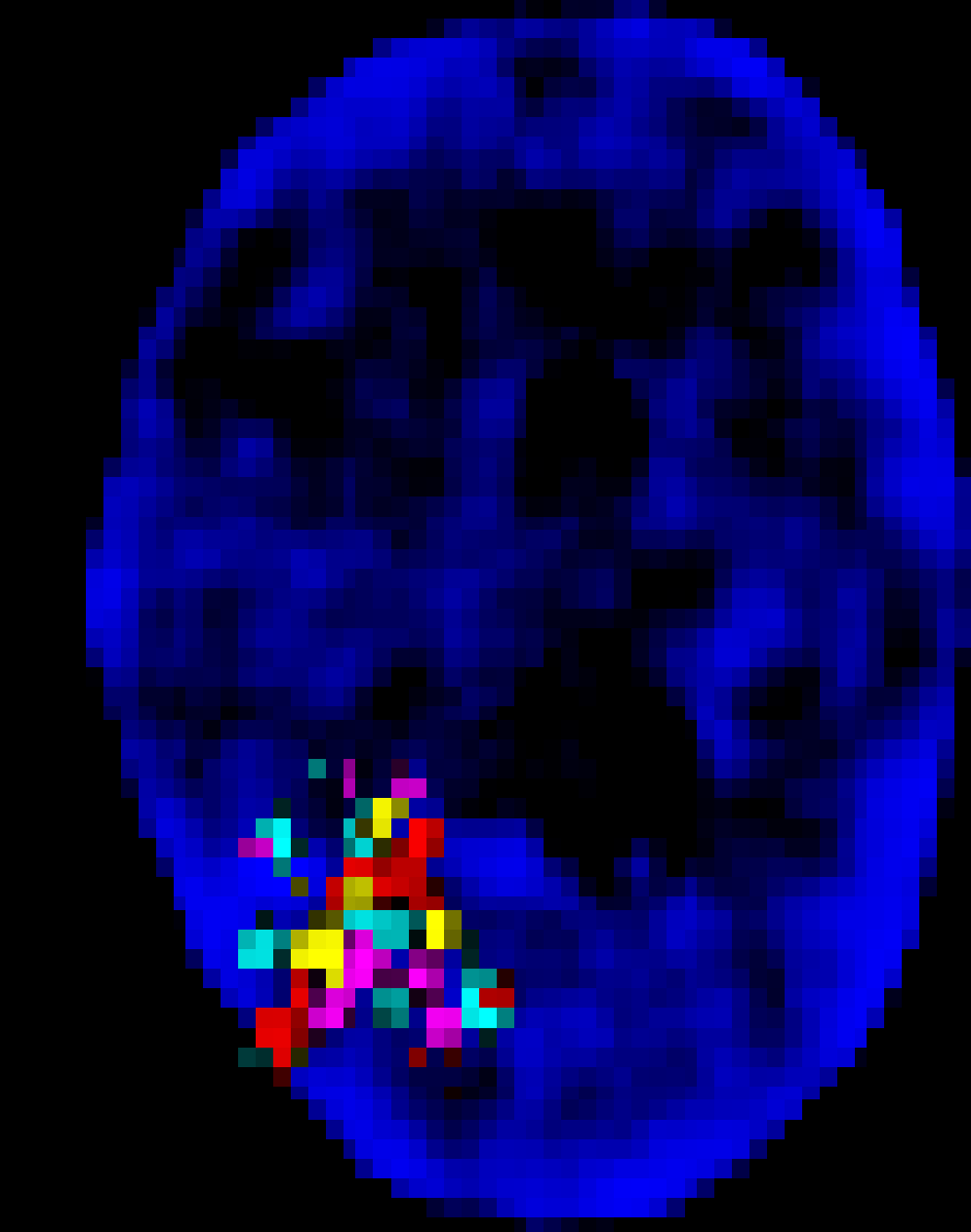
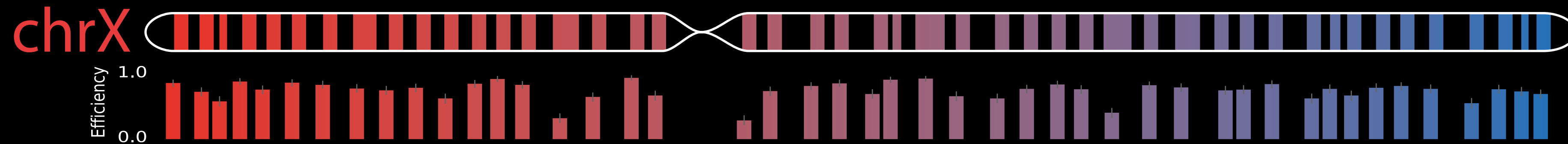
Hi-C contact maps & Radial position of chromosomes



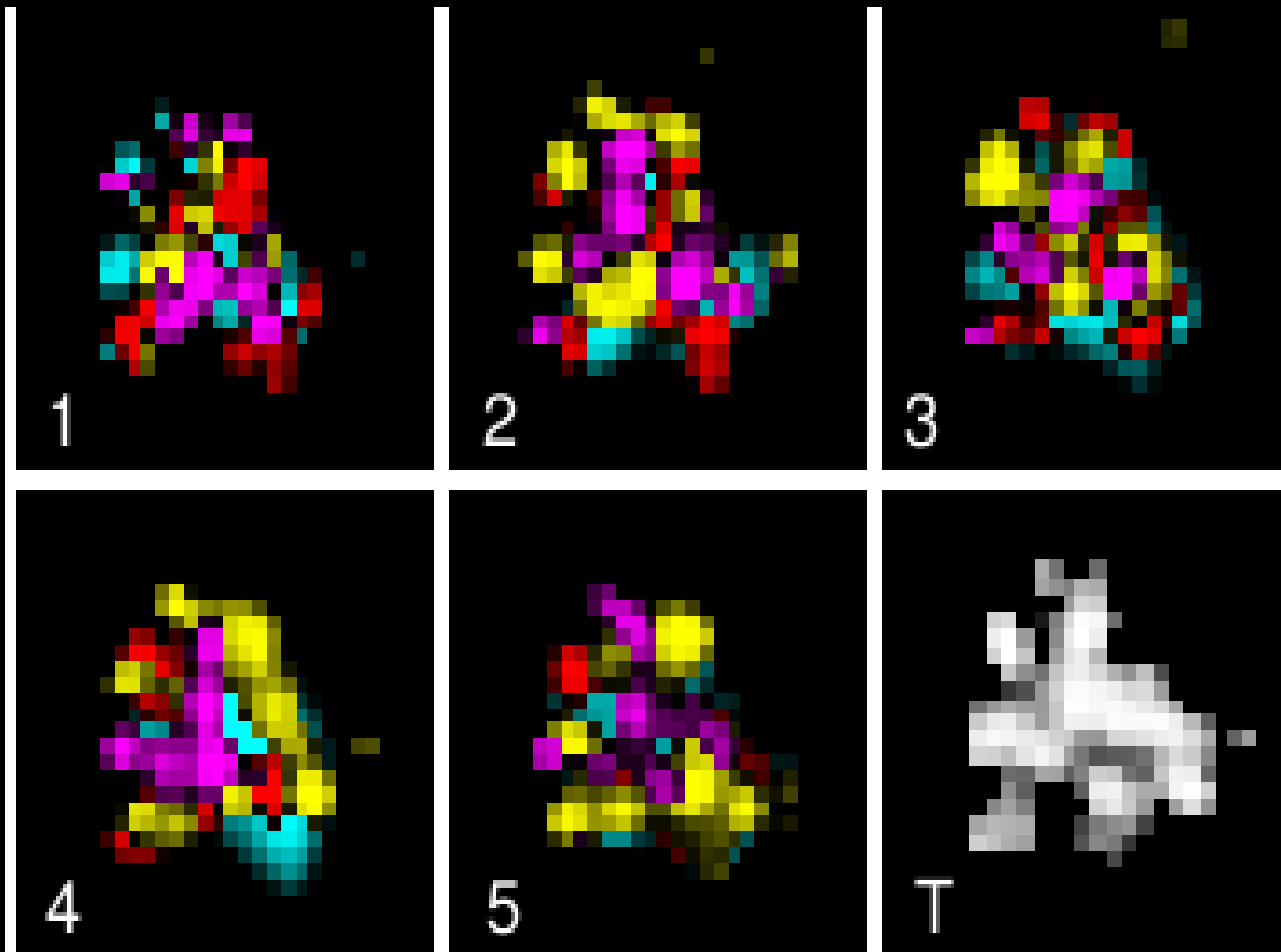
Are the chromosomes randomly located inside the nucleus?
Are there preferred configurations in the cell population?

OligoFISSEQ tracing of (almost) entire chromosomes

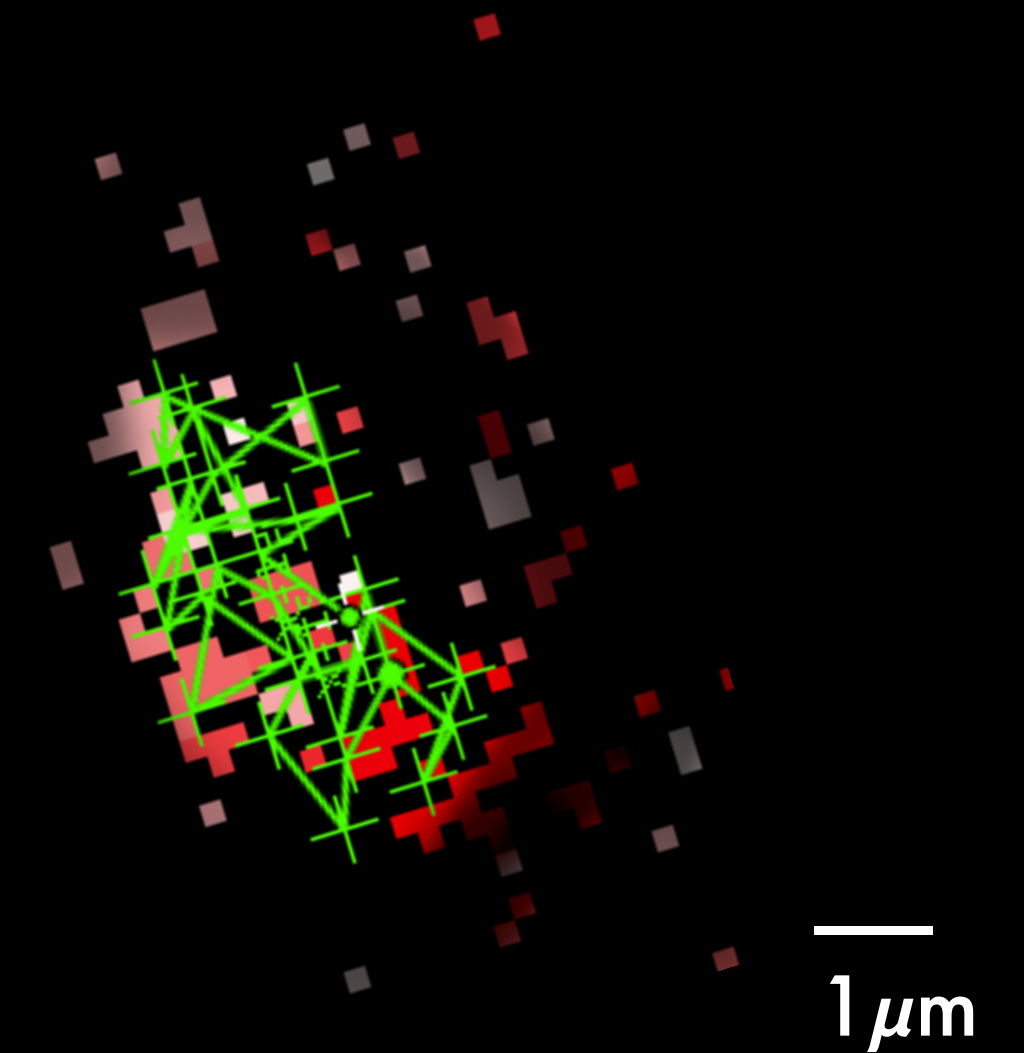
46 Plex in chromosome X



5 μ m

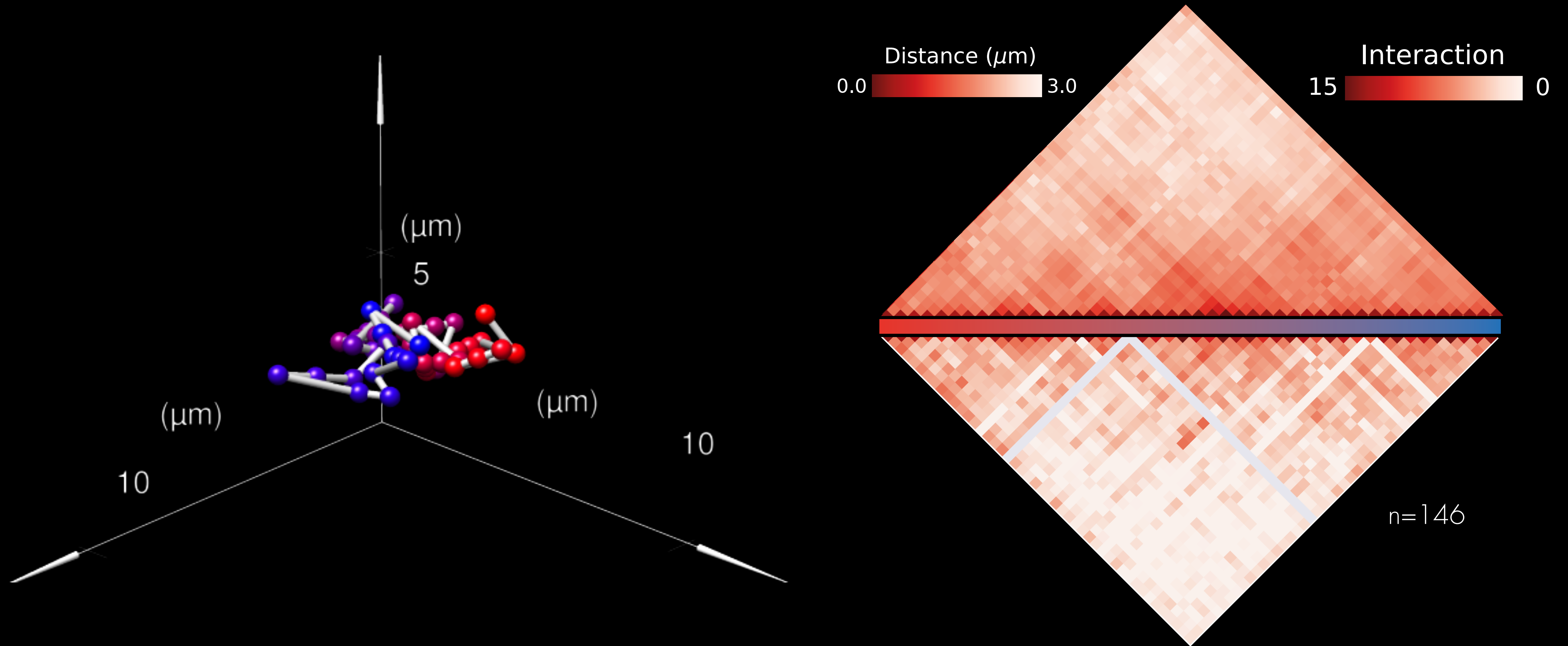


5 rounds
445 kb/probe
2,000 Oligopaints/probe
2 Mb between loci



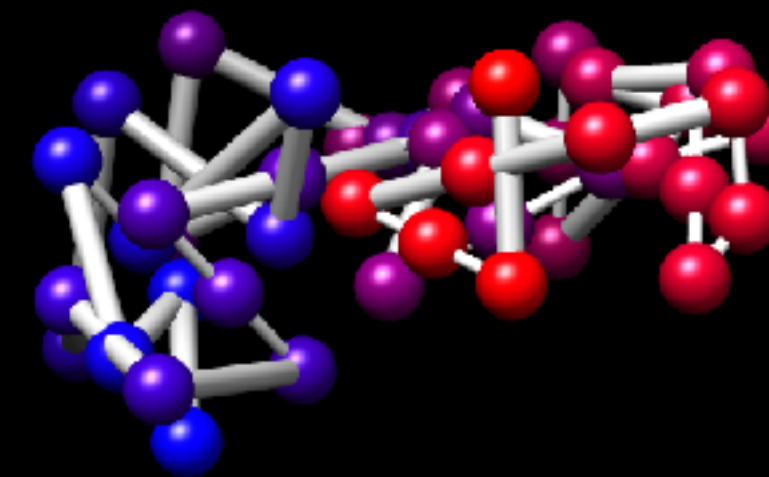
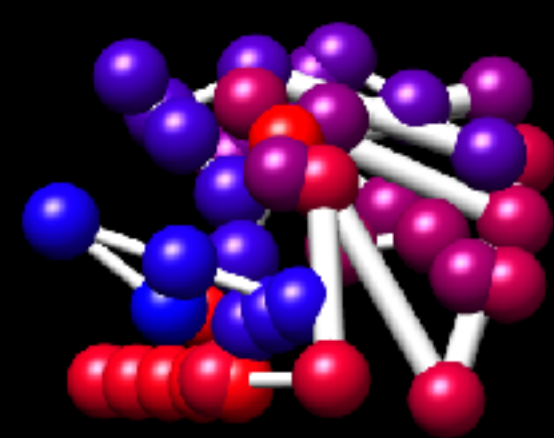
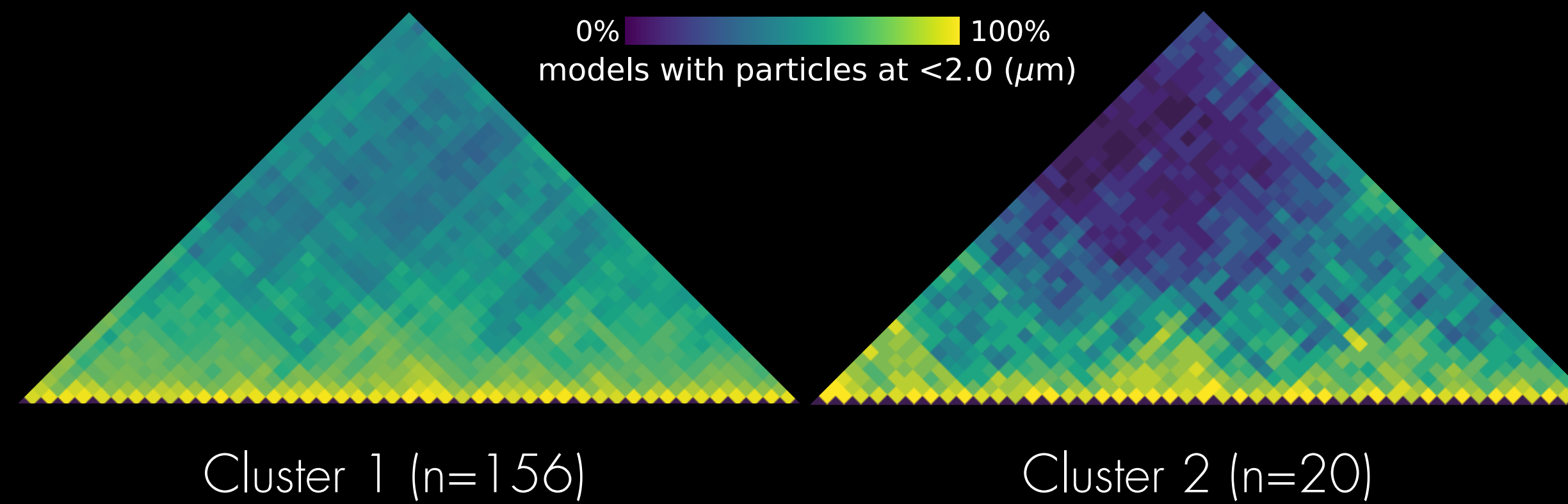
OligoFISSEQ tracing of (almost) entire chromosomes

46 Plex in chromosome X



OligoFISSEQ tracing of (almost) entire chromosomes

46 Plex in chromosome X



OligoFISSEQ beyond chromosome tracing

OligoFISSEQ pipelined with OligoSTORM

chr2 

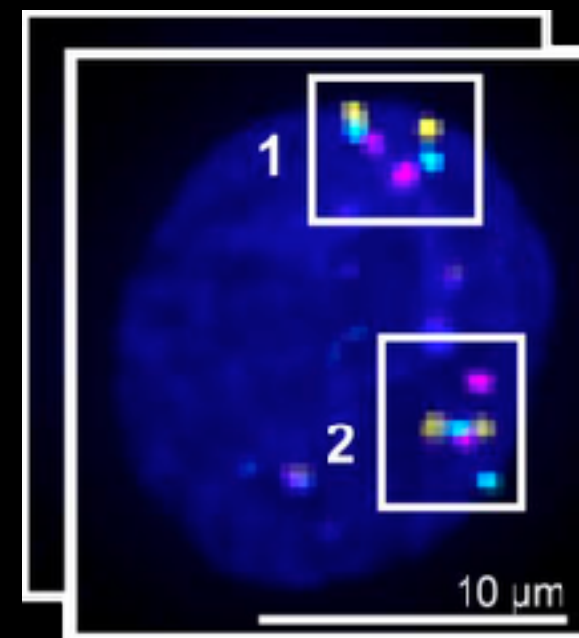
1

OligoSTROM
1 round
(2h/round)



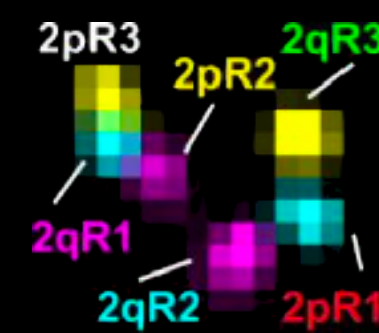
2

OligoFISSEQ
2 round
(3h/round)



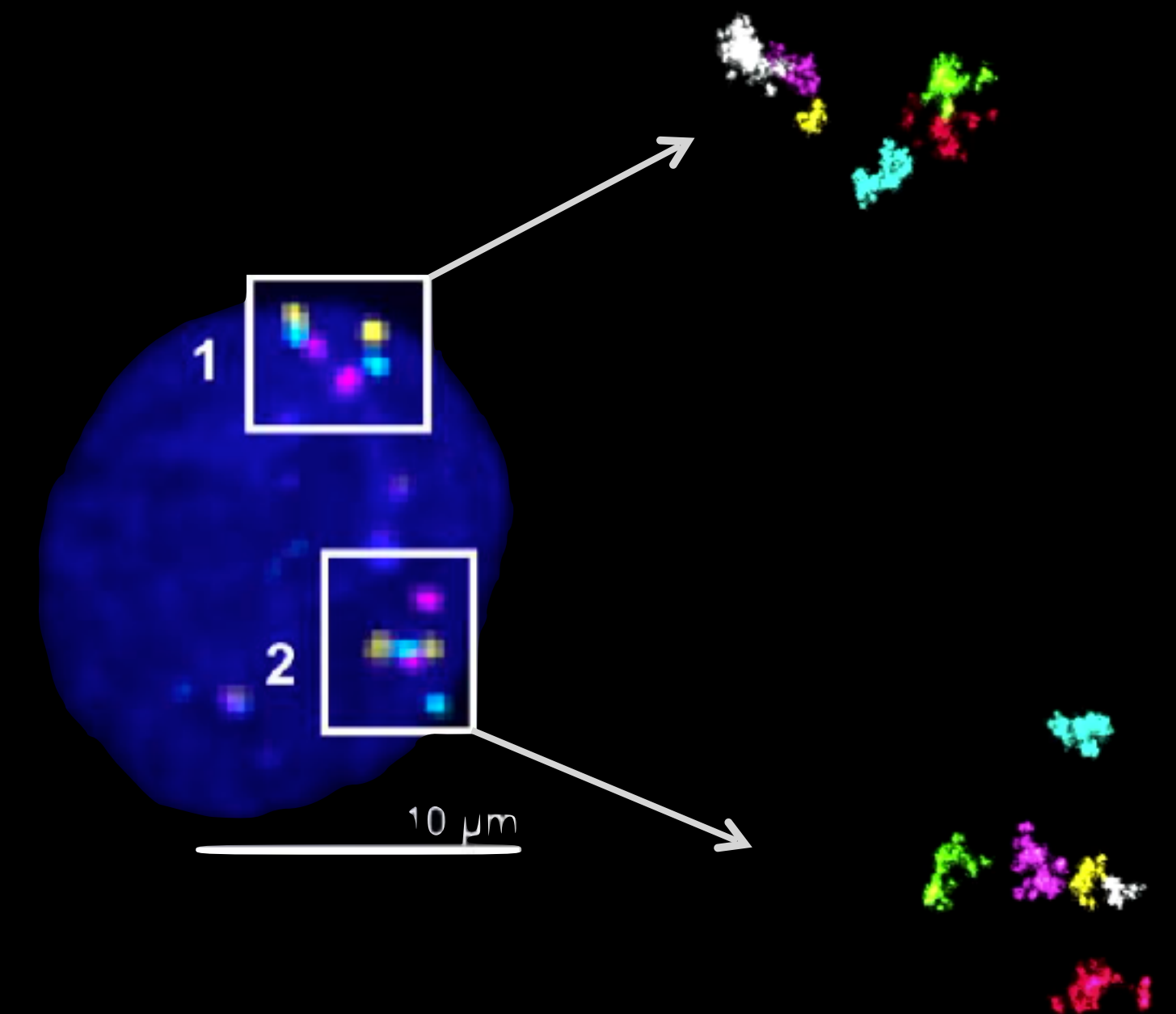
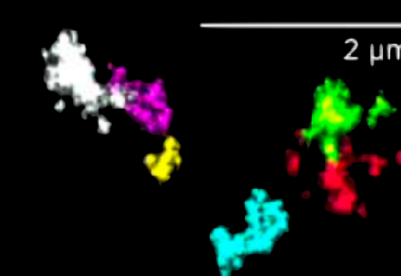
3

Decoding
OligoFISSEQ

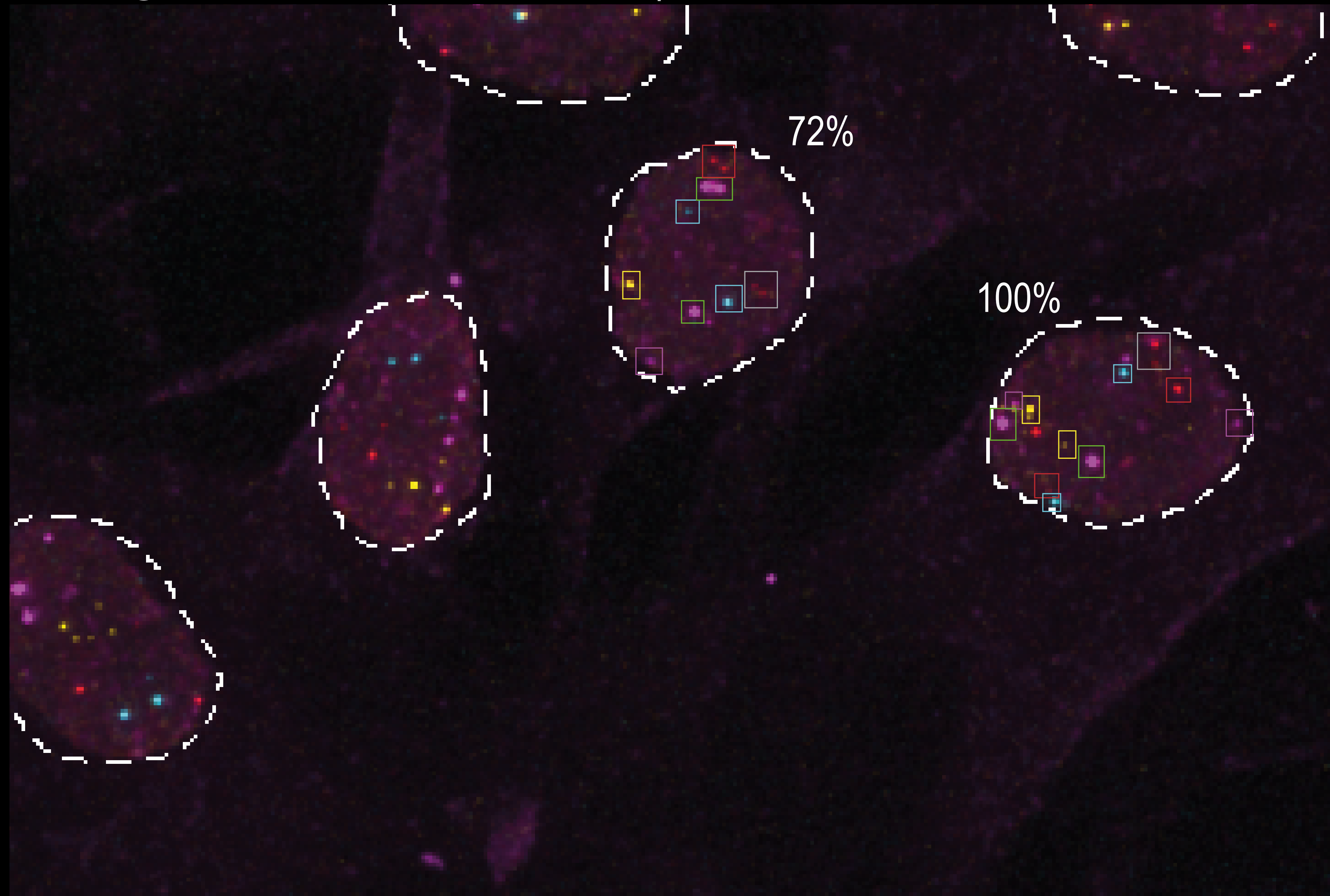
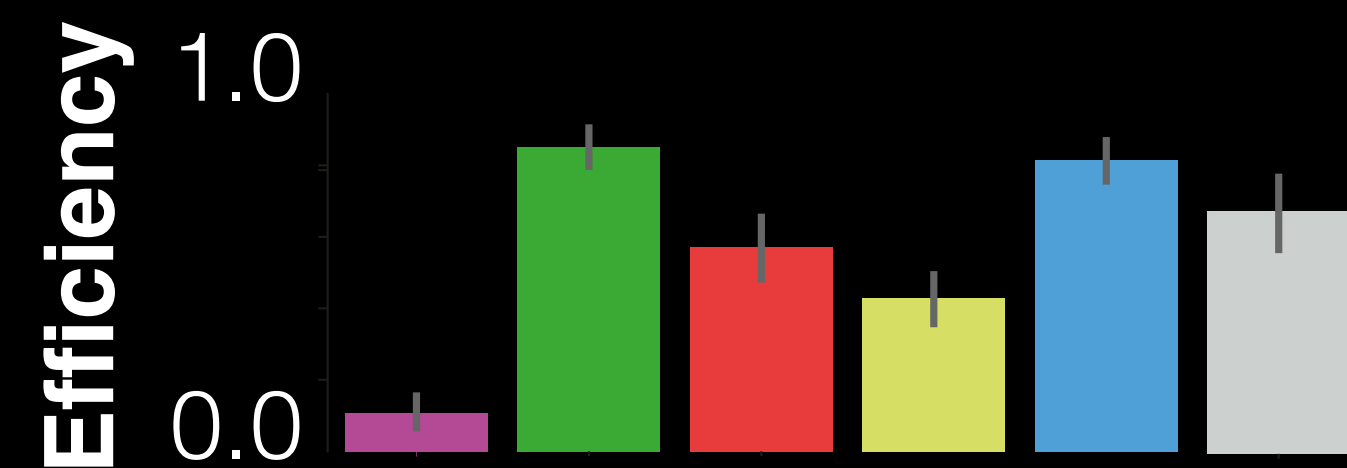
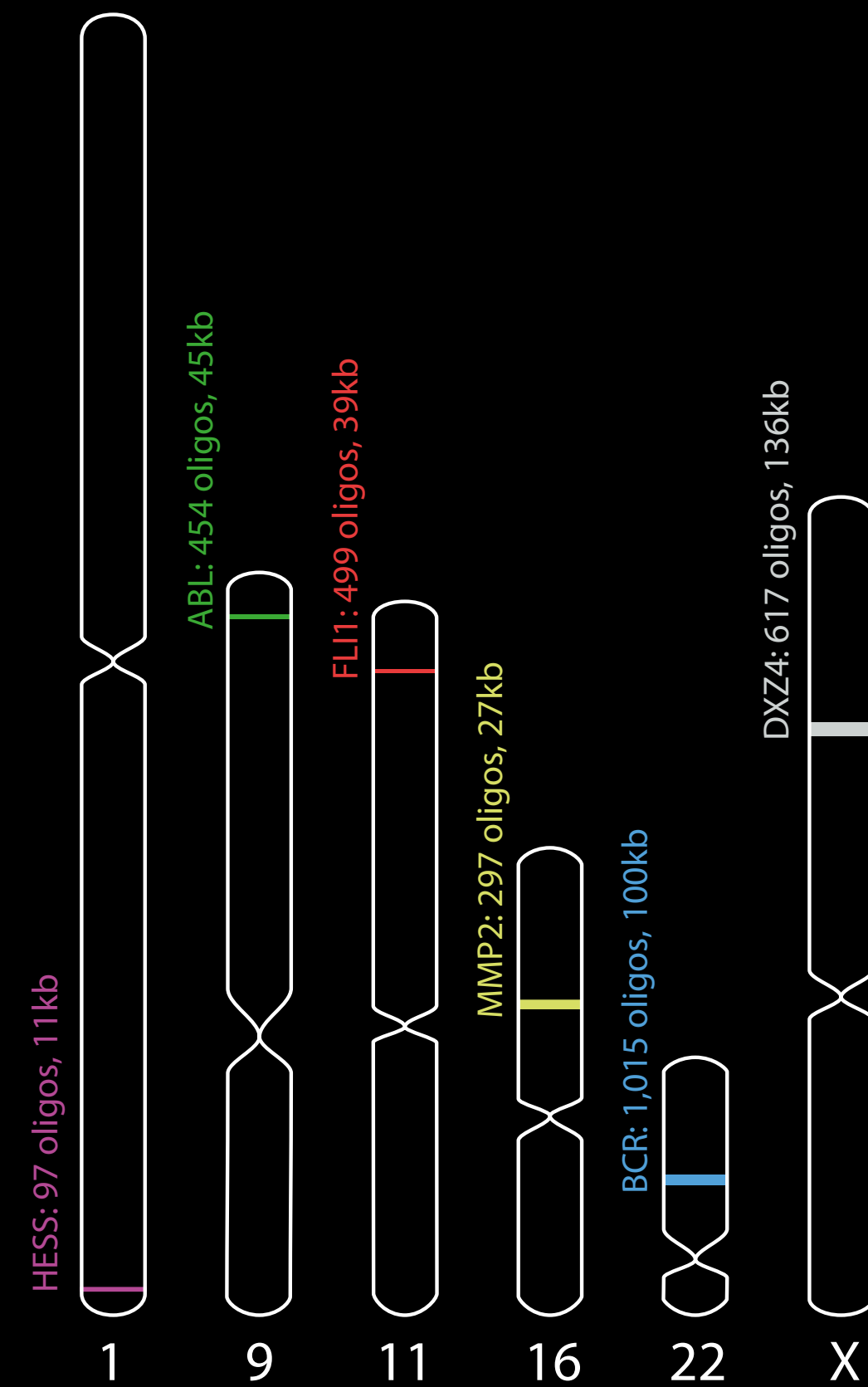


4

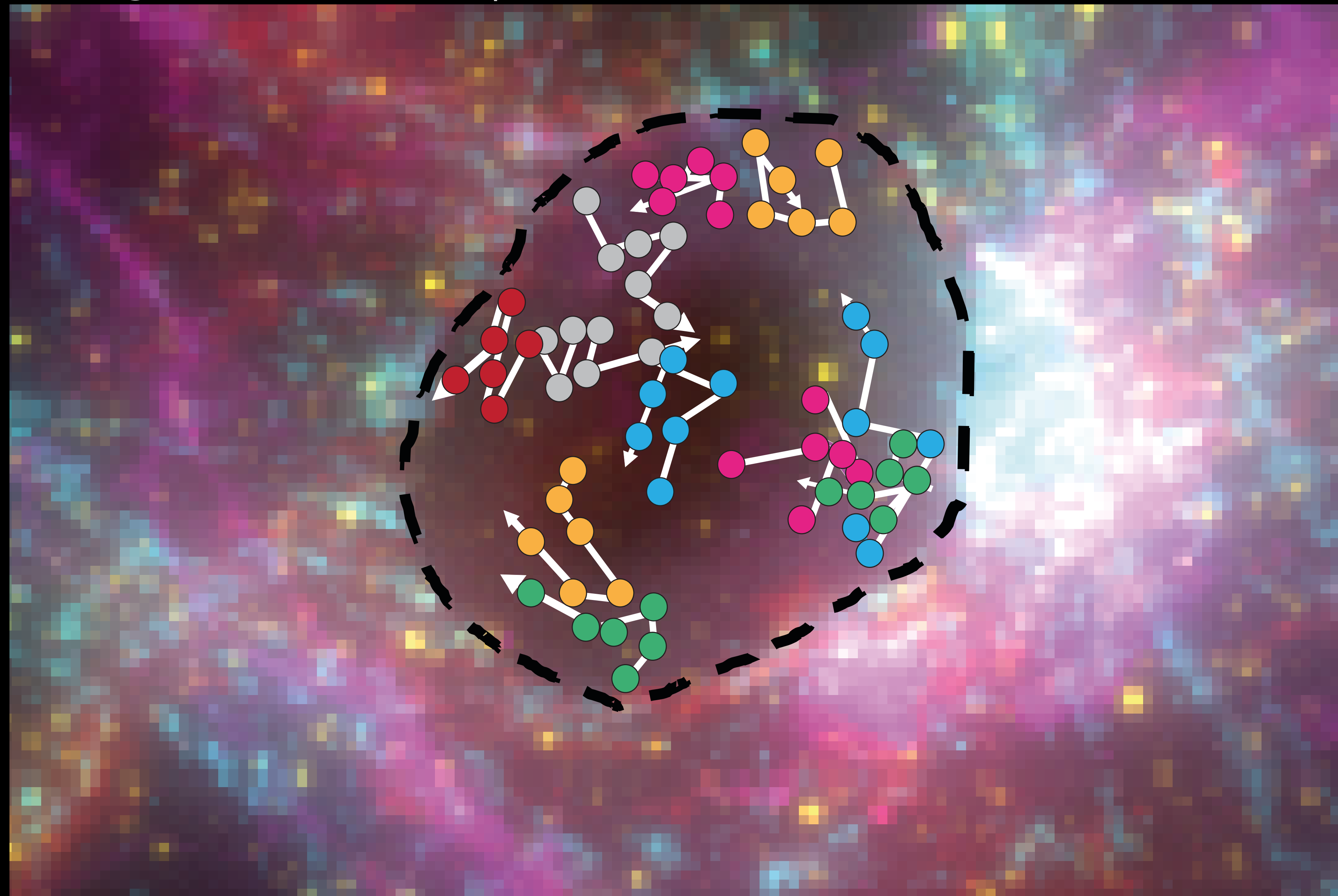
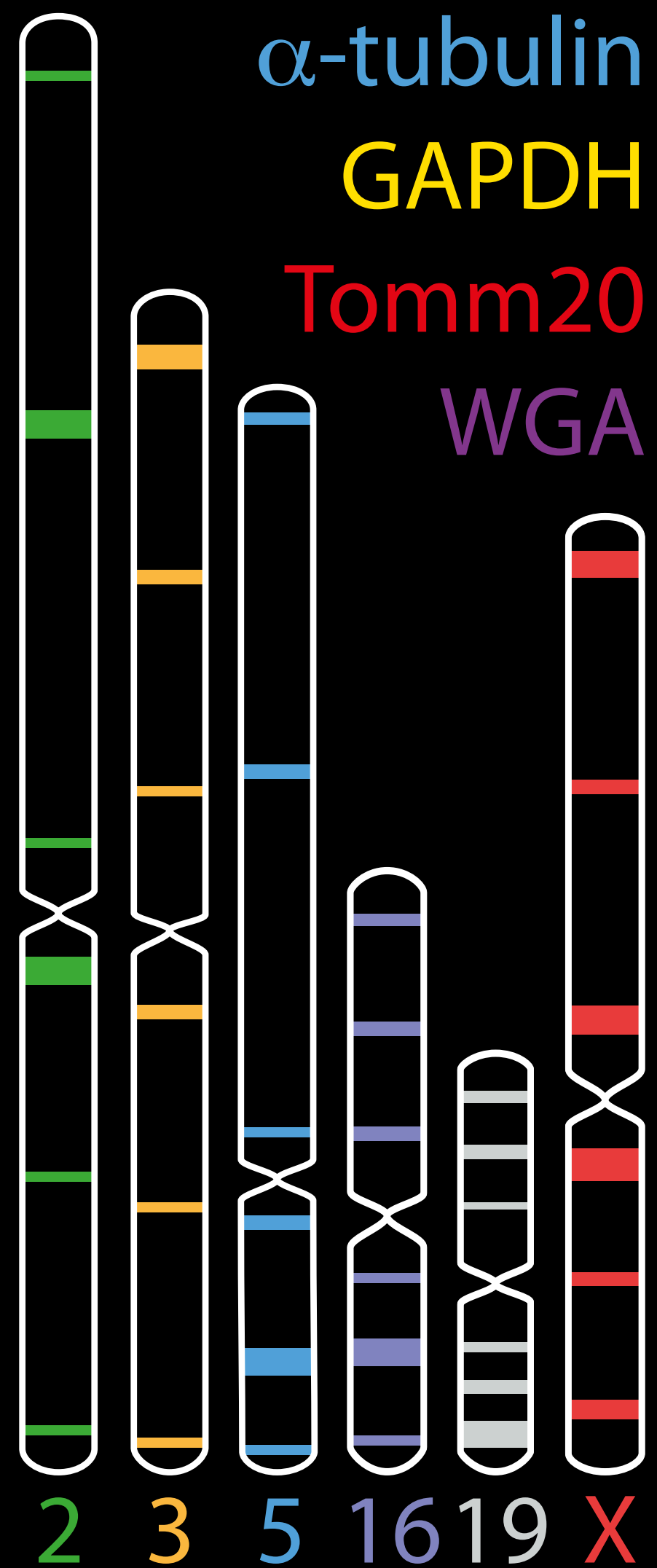
Mapping
OligoSTROM



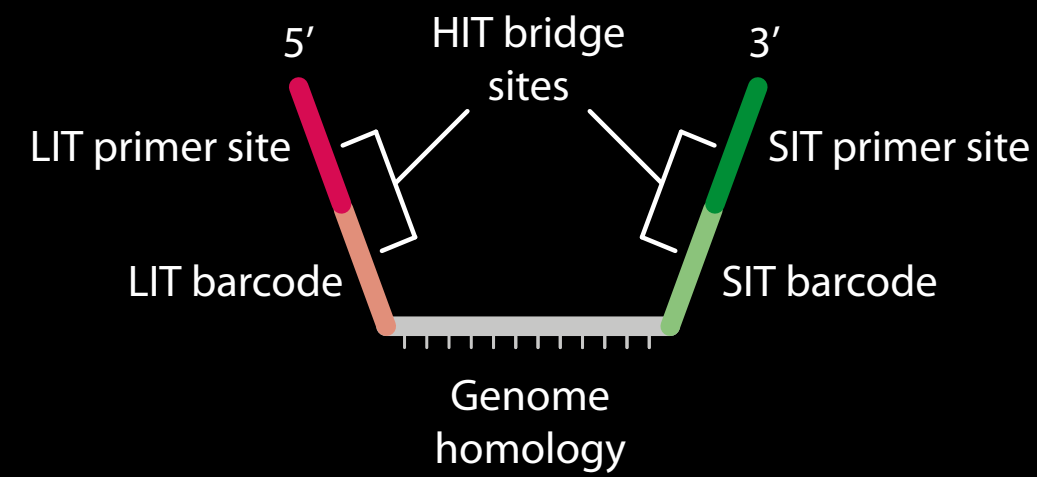
OligoFISSEQ for multiple loci detection



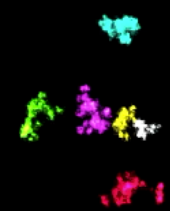
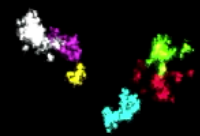
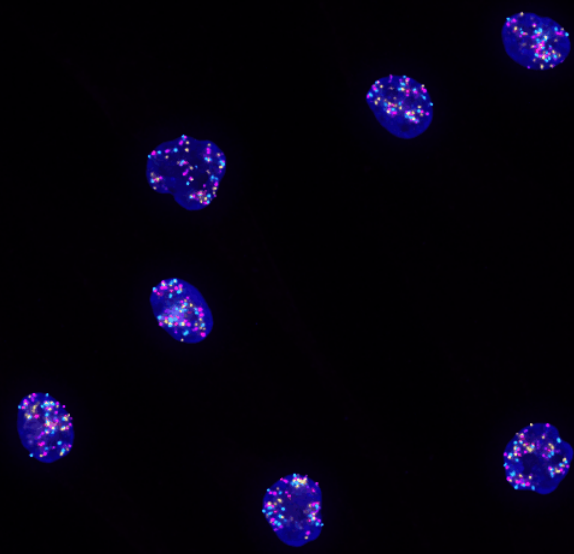
OlgoFISSEQ + protein immunofluorescence



OligoFISSEQ



- Is a set of technologies for in-situ genome mapping
- Is highly versatile: mainstreet and backstreet
- Used with wide-field microscopy permits the analysis of thousands of cells.
- Identifies sub-clusters with specific conformational characteristics
- Can be pipelined with other approaches
 - OligoSTORM
 - Protein immunofluorescence
 - RNA...



<http://marciuslab.org>
<http://3DGenomes.org>

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cnag

CRG
Centre
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Regulation

ICREA

David Castillo

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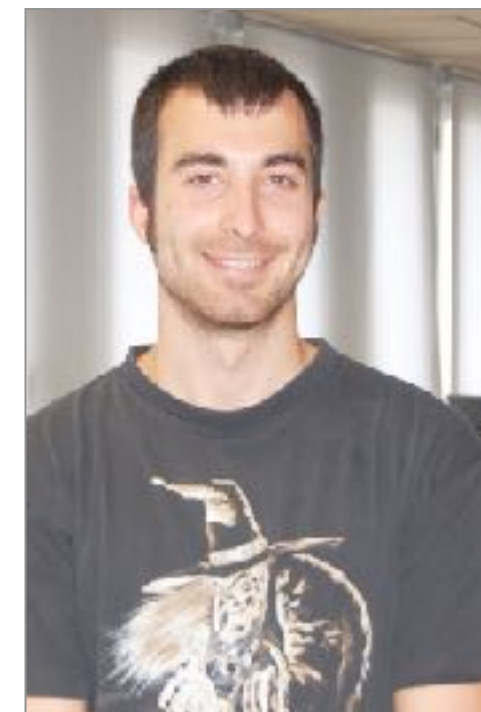
Iana Kim

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Irene Farabella

Mike Goodstadt

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In collaboration with the Wu Lab — Ting Wu, Nir Guy, Huy Nguyen & Shyamtanu Chatteraj

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<https://inc-cost.eu/inc-academy/>

The screenshot shows the INC Academy website. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links: Overview, People, Events, STSM grants, Resources, and Forum. The main header features the 'INC Academy' title and a list of dates: October 22, 2020; November 5, 2020; and November 19, 2020. A note states 'All events virtual'. Below this, a section titled 'INC ACADEMY 22 Oct 2020 | 5 PM CET' lists the agenda: 1) Classical webinars, 2) Tutorial/hands on training, 3) Reports of STSM (Short Term Scientific Mission), and 4) INC Journal Club. A QR code is also present. The main content area is divided into two columns. The left column highlights the event on October 22, featuring a speaker, Marc Martí-Renom, from the Centre for Genomic Regulation, Spain, with the topic 'Structural determination of genomes and genomic domains'. The right column highlights the event on November 5, featuring a speaker, Jonas Paulsen, from the University of Oslo, Norway, with the topic 'Using Chrom3D to generate 3D genome models'. A 'REGISTER HERE' button is visible at the bottom left.

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