# Autodock Vina tutorial

### Master Bioinformática Universidad de Valencia 04-05-2014

Francisco Martínez-Jiménez fmartinez@pcb.ub.es

I

# Hands on...

- We will :
  - Predict the binding site for a given protein structure.
    - Using Metapocket2.
  - Dock a small molecule (inhibitor) into the predicted binding site.
    - Using Autodock Vina.
    - Visualize the ligand POSE. Creating a complex with the inhibitor and the protein.

https://www.dropbox.com/s/96xrk0vy6s0658e/valencia\_docking.tar.gz

# Studying the receptor.

Visualize the protein structure with pymol.

>pymol /path to directory/receptor.pdb

 Show the structure as cartoons. (With secondary structure representation). In Pymol.

show as -> cartoon.

Is there a putative binding pocket?

## Predicting binding sites..



About

You might like our other meta servers: metaDBSite metaPPI 2.0

### Welcome to metaPocket 2.0!



## **Retrieving the top predicted binding** site...

#### 4. Potential ligand binding sites

The potential 1 ligand binding sites in your protein:

HEADER	binding site ID:	1			
RESI	ILE_A^203^	PRO_A^205^	GLY_A^206^	LEU_A^207^	GLY_A^208^
RESI	TYR_A^202^	LEU_A^204^	ASP_A^209^	MET_A^142^	ASN_A^198^
RESI	ALA_A^210^	GLY_A^201^	ALA_A^144^	GLY_A^211^	LYS_A^200^
RESI	ALA_A^81^	PRO_A^141^	ARG_A^80^	THR_A^145^	ARG_A^105^
RESI	ASP_A^140^	ILE_A^143^	VAL_A^113^	MET_A^117^	LEU_A^79^
RESI	PHE_A^215^	ALA_A^146^	THR_A^148^	LYS_A^111^	GLU_A^112^
RESI	GLY_A^110^	SER_A^147^	GLU_A^107^	ASP_A^109^	ILE_A^78^
RESI	ALA_A^103^	PRO_A^114^	VAL_A^108^	MET_A^149^	TYR_A^122^
RESI	SER_A^104^	VAL_A^119^	ASP_A^116^	VAL_A^106^	ASP_A^118^
RESI	GLY_A^102^	ILE_A^101^	ASN_A^199^		

#### Download files of potential binding sites:

A python script to visualize the protein structure and potential binding sites using PyMOL.

(\*\*Note: Please make sure to download all the following files to the same folder before to run this script.)

The potential binding atoms of top 1 binding sites (PDB format).

The potential binding atoms of all the binding sites (PDB format).

The potential binding residues of top 1 binding sites (PDB format).

The potential binding residues of all the binding sites (PDB format).

5

# Visualizing predicted binding site + protein structure



# Getting the binding site Center of Mass

- In pymol there is a plugin that calculates the CoM of an certain region.
   <u>http://www.pymolwiki.org/index.php/Center\_of\_mass</u>
- Nevertheless, the plugin is not installed but the point is :

### X: 28.035454 Y:119.400581 Z:9.578382

# **Exploring the ligand...**

- Visualize the ligand in pymol.
- File -> open -> ligand.mol2
- Show as -> sticks.
- Label -> Atom name.



# Preparing the ligand for docking...

- Open Autodock Tools.
- Ligand -> Input -> Open -> ligand.mol2
- Ligand -> Torsion Tree -> Choose Torsion ( Default ).
- Save the \*.pdbqt file in your working directory.
- **Remember!**, we have to measure the ligand size.
- Display -> Measure -> Distance. (~15 Å).

# Preparing the receptor...

- Grid -> macromolecule -> Open -> receptor.pdb
- Save the \*.pdbqt file in your working directory.
- Visualize as ribbons.
- Grid center: Center of Mass.
- Grid -> Grid Box.

### X: 28.035454 Y:119.400581 Z:9.578382

• Grid size : double of the ligand size. ( ~30 Å).

## Setting the config file for vina...

11

 $\label{eq:constraint} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{receptor} = \mbox{path}to\_receptor.pdbqt\\ \mbox{ligand} = \mbox{path}to\_ligand.pdbqt\\ \mbox{out} = \mbox{path}to\_out\_file.pdbqt\\ \mbox{log} = \mbox{path}to\_log\_file.txt\\ \mbox{center}x = X\\ \mbox{center}y = Y\\ \mbox{center}z = Z \end{array}$ 

num\_models = Num\_models exhaustiveness= 8

> size\_x = 30size\_y = 30size\_z = 30

>vina --help\_advanced

ran@davide-desktop:~/D	ocuments/master_valencia\$ ./	vinahelp_advanced
Most Visited 🔻 🔘 Gettin		
receptor argenueda	rigid part of the receptor	(PDBOT) ticlas Gmail Drive Calendar
flex arg	flexible side chains, if an	y (PDBQT)
ligand arg	ligand (PDBQT)	
Google.		
earch space (required)	·	
center_x arg	X coordinate of the center	
center_z arg	7 coordinate of the center	
size x arg	size in the X dimension (An	astroms)
size y arg	size in the Y dimension (An	gstroms)
size_z arg	size in the Z dimension (An	gstroms) a Business Analytics Curso Oficial 2
utput (optional):	output models (DDBOT) the	default is chosen based on
Destacados	the ligand file name	default is chosen based on
logtarg	optionally, write log file	
Enviados	Markei Anzaga	
dvanced options (see t	he manual): guien de Sigeco va a es	
score_only		score only - search space
► Circulos 🔕		can be omitted
local_only		do local search only
		to avoid clashes
weight gauss1 arg (	=-0.035579)	gauss 1 weight
weight_gauss2 arg (	=-0.005156) aki s	gauss_2 weight
weight_repulsion ar	g (=0.84024500000000002)	repulsion weight
<pre>weight_hydrophobic</pre>	arg (=-0.03506900000000000)	hydrophobic weight
weight_hydrogen arg	(=-0.587439000000000004)	Hydrogen bond weight
weight_rot arg (=0.	05845999999999999998)	N_rot weight
isc (optional):		
cpu arg	the number of CPUs to u	se (the default is to try to
	detect the number of CP	Us or, failing that, use 1)
seede argendar 👘 🕂	explicit random seed	
exhaustiveness arg	(=8) exhaustiveness of the g	lobal search (roughly
num modes ard (-9)	proportional to time):	It na modes to generate
energy range arg (=5)	3) maximum energy differen	ce between the best binding
energy_range arg (	mode and the worst one	displayed (kcal/mol)
onfiguration file (opt	ional):	
config arg	the above options can be pu	t here
nformation (ontional).		
help	display usage summary	
help advanced	display usage summary with	advanced options
version	display program version	
version	display program version	
help advanced	display usage summary with	advanced ontions
	dicelay neade sumary	

# Run Vina!!

### >vina --config=/path\_to\_config\_file/config.txt

<pre>fran@davide-desktop:~/Documents/master_valencia\$ ./vinac</pre>	config=config_2.txt								
****	#######US Chemical Science								
# If you used AutoDock Vina in your work, please cite:	#								
# CRG Francois Ser. (2), Borrador	Redit#os ahi va lamoprog								
# O. Trott, A. J. Olson,	#								
# AutoDock Vina: improving the speed and accuracy of docking	<b>g</b> sin a <b>#</b> nto) Francesce klav								
<pre># with a new scoring function, efficient optimization and #</pre>									
# multithreading, Journal of Computational Chemistry 31 (201	10) a #nto) Francisco Mari								
# 455-461	#								
# Google Calendar 👘 🛞 📕 🖓 🛑 Fr., Gi. (4), Borrador	Real #15 Inma -> mouse? -								
# DOI 10.1002/jcc.21334	#								
# Borrador	(sin a <b>#</b> nto) + Hola Francesta:								
<pre># Please see http://vina.scripps.edu for more information.</pre>	#								
***************************************	####### CNAG/Gomis 1991								
WARNING: The search space volume > 27000 Angstrom^3 (See FAQ Detected 4 CPUs Reading input done. Setting up the scoring function done. Analyzing the binding site done. Using random seed: -1305734982 Performing search 0% 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100% 	<ul> <li>Q) In asunto) en Franceschier</li> <li>(sin asunto) en adelo 12 ± 1</li> <li>Recibitos target validation p</li> <li>(sin asunto) e Eu people Electronication</li> <li>(sin asunto) e Eu people Electronication</li> <li>(sin asunto) e Eu people Electronication</li> </ul>								
0% 10 <u>70 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100</u> %									
Performing search I5									

# Analyze the output...

### >more log\_file.txt

#dIf/y	you used AutoDoc	:k Vina in	your work, please cite:	#		
#dev/:				#		
#0./	Frott, A. J. Ols	on,76,0401	47%n/media/c15113b0-936	9 <b>#</b> 4ele		
# AutoDock Vina: improving the speed and accuracy of docking						
# with	hearnew/scoring/	function,	efficient optimization and	#		
# mul	tithreading, Jou	irnal of Co	omputational Chemistry 31 (2010)	#		
# 455	-401			#		
# # DOT	10 1002/jcc 212	24		#		
# DOI #	10.1002/JCC.21	534		#		
#Plea	ase see http://w	ina scrin	ns edu for more information.	#		
#####		##########		##		
WARNTI	NG: The search a		$me > 27000$ Apastrom^3 (See EAO)			
Detect	ted 4 CPIIs	space votu	lie > 27000 Allyseroll 5 (See PAQ)			
Readi	ng input dor	ne.				
Setti	ng up the scori	ng function	n done.			
Analy	zing the binding	site	done.			
Usina	random seed: -1	305734982	"integer" walue="5"/>			
Perfo	rming search	done.				
Refin	ing results	done.				
	<att 5"="" name="ty&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;mode&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;  affinity   c&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;list from b&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;best mode&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;  (kcal/mol)   r&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;rmsd l.b. &lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;rmsd u.b.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;++&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;+&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;yalu="></att>					
1	-9.4	0.000	0.000			
2	-9.3	1.716	2.266			
3	-9.1	4.545	8.194			
4	-9.1	6.205	8.979			
5	-9.1	3.806	8.467			
6	-9.0	3.756	7.807			
7	-8.9	2.479	4.540			
8	-8.9	2.492	3.125			
9	-8.8	2.300	3.561			
10	-8.7	8.711	11.420			
11	-8.7	1.843	2.343			
12	-8.0	4.321	8.198			
13	-8.0	2.421	3.4/1			
14	-8.0	2.240	3.591			
15	-0.4	2.000	0.004			
10	-0.4	2.379	3.000			
1/	-0.0	2.929	4 951			
Writi	output de	2.722	4.951			
Writi	na outnut de					
18	-7.9	2.722	4.951			
17	-8.0	2.929	4.943			
16			3 888			
			8-2013			

# Visualize the output...

>pymol receptor.pdb out\_docking.pdbqt



## How good are our solutions?

pymol - Open -> Solutions/receptor\_ligand.pdb



# But... What is our complex?

## Let's figure it out !

:)